











SYLLABUS	MAIN VOCABULARY	MAIN STRUCTURES	CLIL AND CIVILISATION
Let's Start!	Revision Unit	Revision Unit	
1 My family	mum, dad, sister, brother, grandma, grandad Numbers 20-100 Jenny's corner: house decorations	Hello, Hi, Good morning, Nice to meet you. This is His/Her name is He/She's How old is he/she? He/She is How old are you? I'm	Clil: Social skills Civilisation: Families
2 My favourite food	water, bread, rice, pasta, pizza, sandwiches, chocolate biscuits, fish fingers, plums, pears, crisps, eggs, meat, sausages, cola  Eddy's corner: special plates	Like (present simple) all forms Lara's/Tim's/His/Her/favourite food is	Clil: Food and nutrition Civilisation: Yummy! Yummy!
3 My favourite clothes	jumper, jeans, socks, shoes, coat, trainers, shirt, skirt, cap, gloves, boots, scarf, T-shirt. A pair of big, small, old, new, long, short Molly's corner: clothes picture dictionary	Have got (present simple) all forms Wear (-ing form)	Clil: Road safety Civilisation: School uniforms
4 School time	paint a picture, have lunch, use a computer, play the piano, play volleyball, read a book in English canteen, gym, computer lab, music room, library, art room  Nick's corner: a funny school bus	Can (present simple) all forms	Clil: Social skills Civilisation: My school
5 Safari park	lions, snakes, elephants, monkeys, giraffes, crocodiles, tigers, hippos, bears, zebras	How many? There is/are all forms Revision of all verb forms	Clil: Environmental studies
Festivities	Scary Halloween! Merry Christma	s! Happy Easter!	I
Grammar zone	gli aggettivi dimostrativi, gli agge	coli indeterminativi, il nome, gli ag ettivi possessivi, il genitivo sasson esente semplice, there is-there are	
Theatrino Time	The Wizard of Oz		





#### Now I can 3

di Mariagrazia Bertarini, Martha Huber e Paolo lotti

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# Let's start!

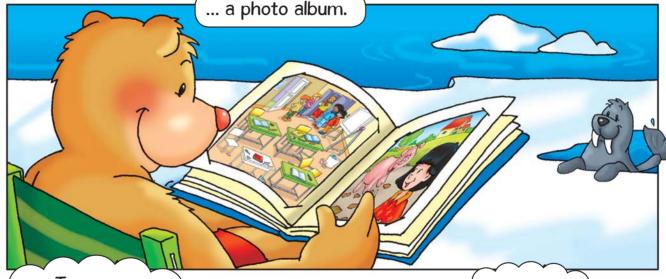


#### 2 Listen, act and read. (3)

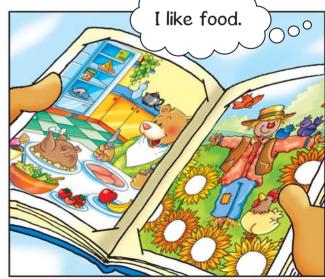












#### Let's start!



### 3 Listen and write the numbers. 4





What	colour	is the	cupboard	?	 									
			window?											
What	colour	are th	e desks?		 									

#### Let's start!

	2010 014111
4 Write the words. Then listen	and check. 5
frog	dance feet fly
eyes sing hand	
cheese nose ears	jump
ice cream yogurt cow	horse clap your hands
	4
Parts of the body	Food
nose	ice cream
Animals	Actions
frog	jump

PLAY

Listen and play The Crossing Game.





### Unit



#### 1 Listen and read. 🚹



My family

Hello, my name is Gou. This is my sister Lyn and these are my parents.





Hi, I'm Jack. This is my family. My sister Pam, my dad, my mum, my grandad and my grandma.





Hello, my name is Kate. This is my brother Louis and this is my mum and my dad.



## 2 Listen, act and read. 4 ---









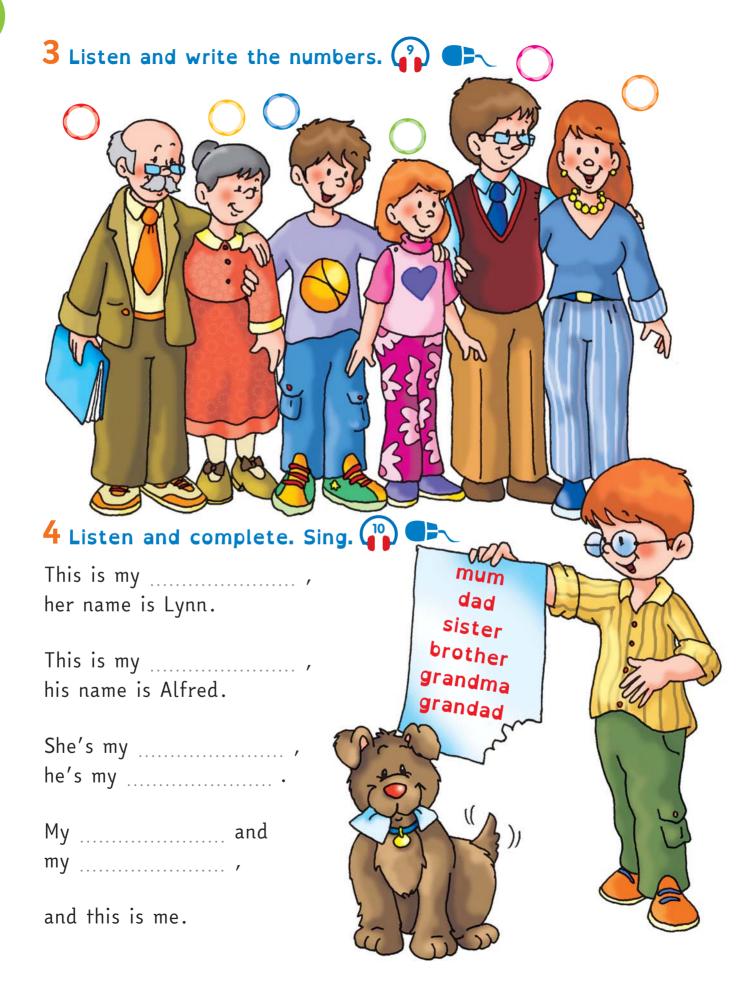




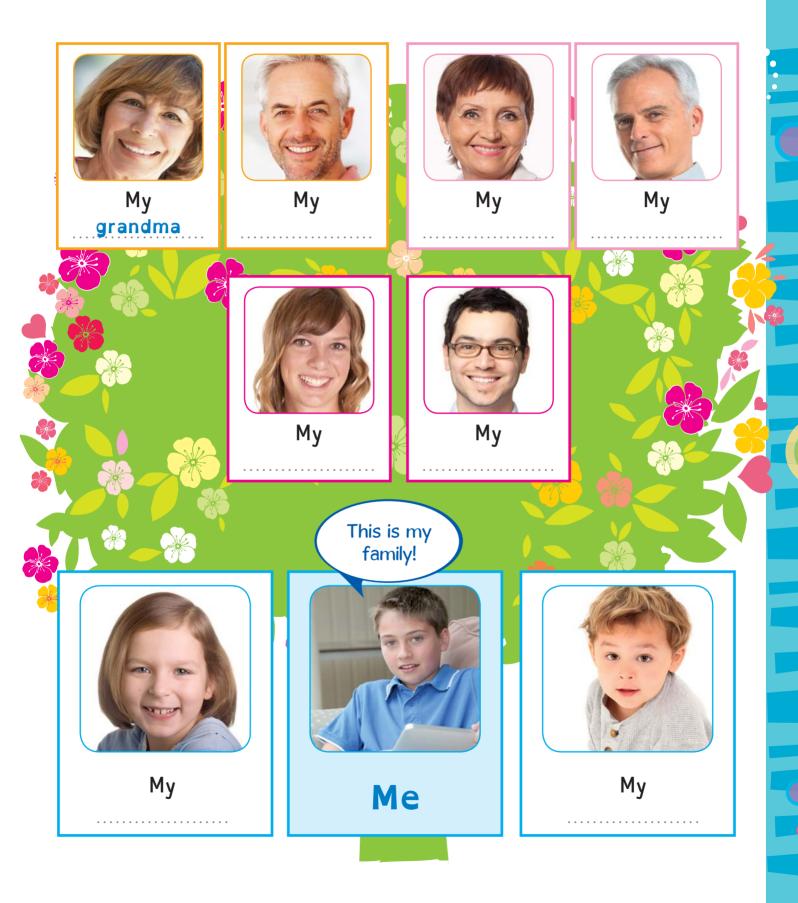








### 5 Complete.

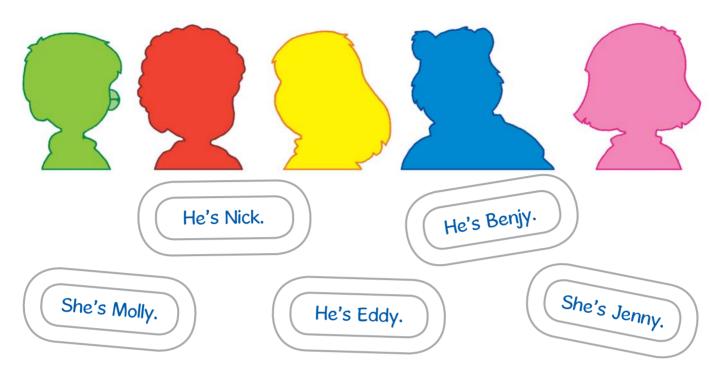


6 Circle seven words. Use the remaining letters to write Benjy's question.





#### 8 Read and match. Colour the frames.



Guess, then listen and check.  $\binom{13}{1}$ 





How old is she? How old is he?



Sophie





Alex



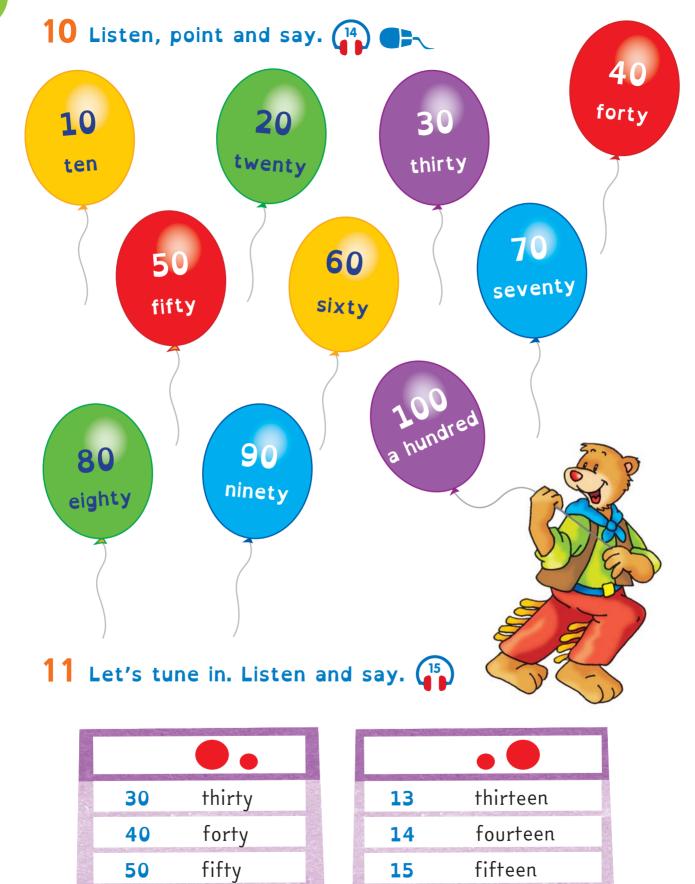
How old is she?



Kate

eleven	
thirteen	
nineteen	

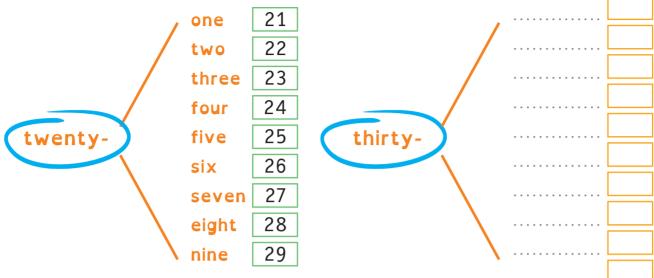




12 Look and complete. Listen and check.







13 Say the numbers in order.



14 Write the numbers in order. Say.

.....

.....

fifty-one fifty-seven fifty-eight fifty-four fifty-five fifty-two fifty-three fifty-nine

#### 15 Complete the sequences. Listen and check. (17)



ten • twenty • • forty • • sixty

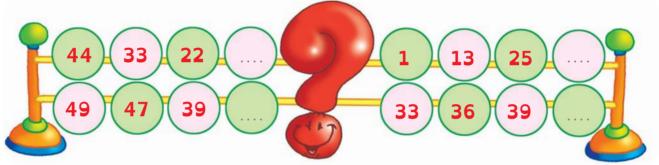
seventy • • one hundred

one hundred • eighty • sixty

> • forty • ..... • ten

#### 16 Find the missing numbers. Listen and check.





#### 17 Complete.

thirty-seven + eighteen = twenty-five + sixty-two = twenty-four + twelve = ..... ninety - forty-five = seventy-three - eleven = ..... one hundred - twenty = ..... one hundred : four = eighty : ten = thirty X three = eleven X four =



## THIS IS ME

18 Listen and read.





This is my mum. Her name's Victoria. She's thirty-nine. I love my mum!

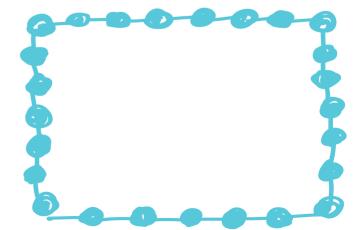


This is my brother. His name's John. He's twelve. My brother is great!

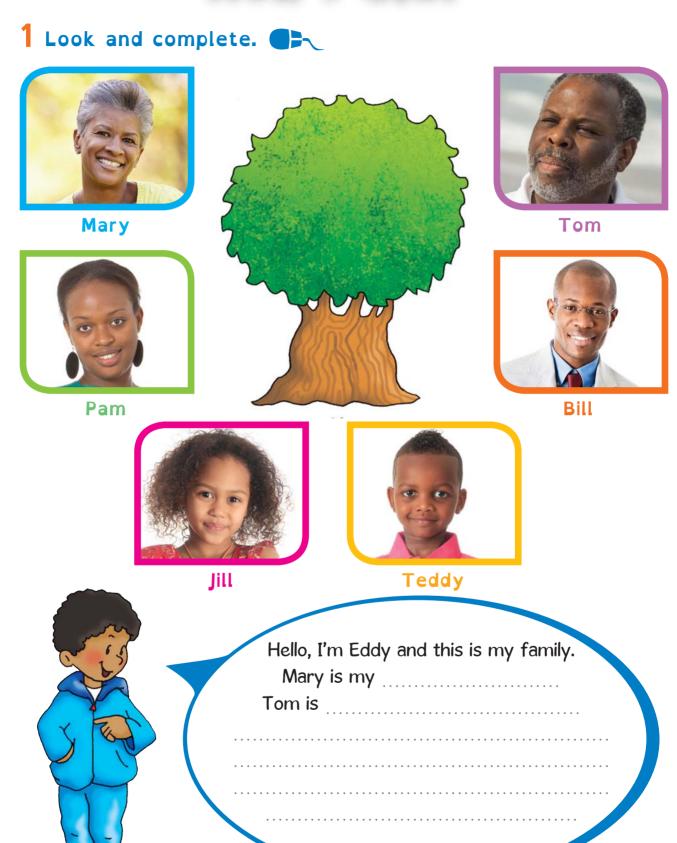
19 Complete and read to your friends.

This is my name's

......<sup>'</sup>S ..... .....!



## NOW I CAN



2 How old are they? Look and complete.







**3** Write the numbers and do the sums.

















4 Read the numbers and colour the correct words.



TWELVE



twenty

thirteen 30 thirty



fourteen 40 forty





Listen, then tick the friendly answer. (20) Go away! Yes, No, you come on! can't! Can I play with you?

2 Listen, then tick the friendly behaviour.



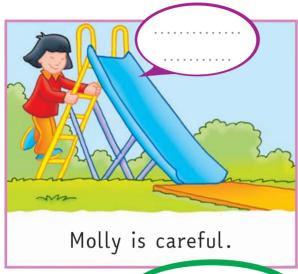


#### 4 Listen and complete. (23)

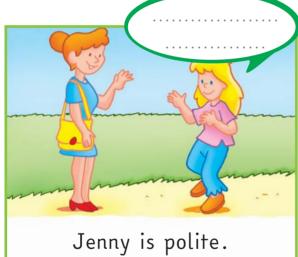


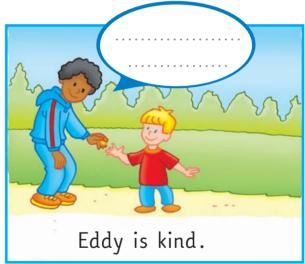
Good morning Mrs Dew. • I like the slide. • Can I help you?

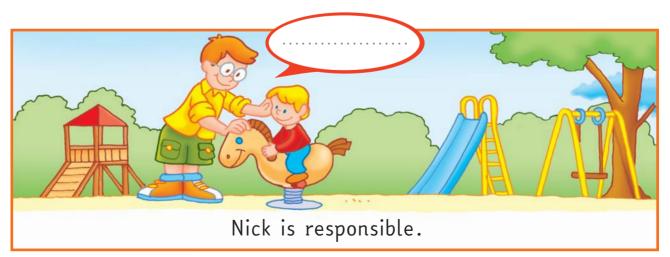
Be careful. • Do you want a sweet?











# Families

Listen and read. (24)



Hi! I'm John. I'm American. I live in a big house in San Diego, California. This is my family: my mum, my dad,



Describe your family and your house.

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This is my house. It's beautiful. I like my house!



Hello! My name's

Jessica. I'm English. I live in
a small flat in Birmingham
with my dad, my mum
and my brother.

This is my flat.
It's small but very nice.
I like it!





#### Listen and play The Family Game. (25)







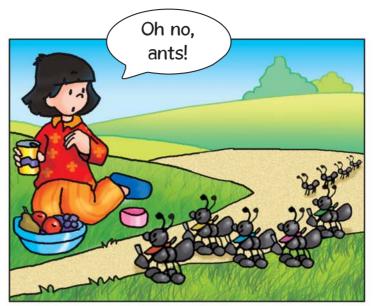
















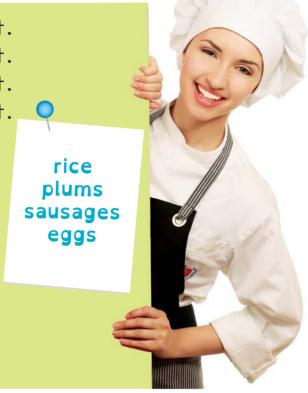




#### 4 Listen and complete. Sing. (29)



Do you like ? No, I don't. Try all this food at least once, rice Hey, give all food a chance. plums sausages Do you like ? Yes, I do. eggs Do you like ? Yes, I do. Do you like ? Yes, I do.



#### 5 Draw or write what you like and what you don't like.



Do you like ? Yes, I do.

Try all this food at least once,

Hey, give all food a chance.



6 Let's tune in. Listen and say. (31)













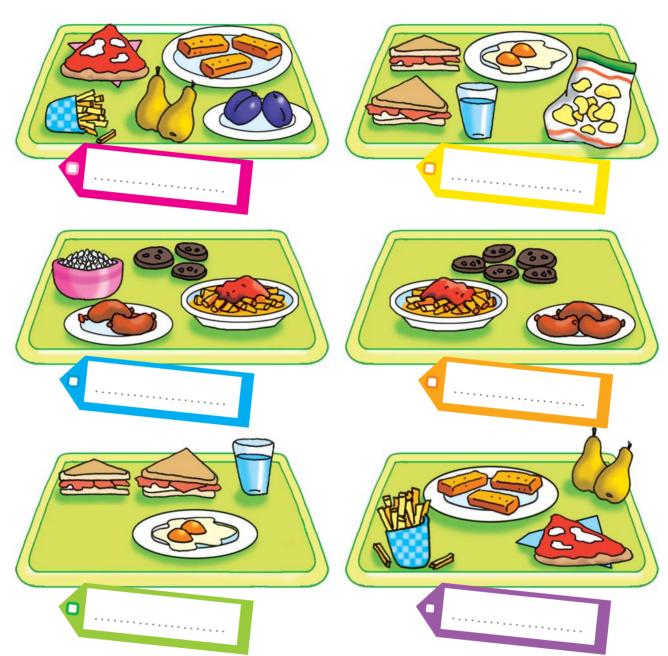




2

#### 10 Listen, read and write the names.





Maria likes sandwiches, eggs, water and crisps.

Kevin likes sandwiches, eggs and water. He doesn't like crisps.

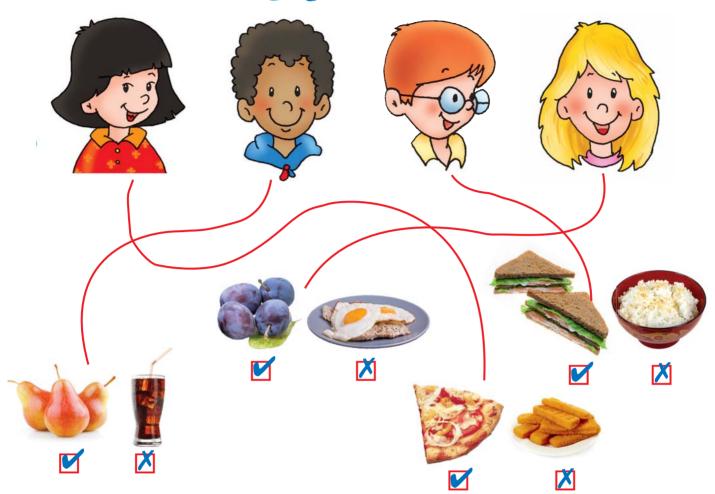
Paul likes pizza, fish fingers, chips, pears and plums.

Lisa likes pizza, fish fingers, chips and pears. She doesn't like plums.

Sandra likes pasta, sausages and chocolate biscuits. She doesn't like rice.

Robert likes rice, sausages, pasta and chocolate biscuits.





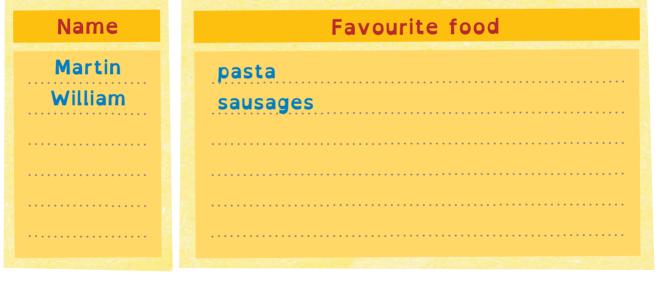
1	Molly likes,	but	she doesn't like
2	Eddy ,	but	he doesn't like
3	Nick ,	but	he doesn't like
4	Jenny ,	but	she doesn't like

#### 12 Answer. Use Yes, he/she does or No, he/she doesn't.

1	Does	Eddy like pears?	
2	Does	Jenny like eggs?	
3	Does	Nick like sandwiches?	
4	Does	Molly like fish fingers?	
5	Does	Nick like rice?	



#### 14 Ask four friends and complete. Then write.



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				 							٠	 	٠		 ٠				•								•					 •	 		•	 •		•	 •		•

## THIS IS ME



#### me

pasta
pizza
sandwiches
chocolate biscuits
fish fingers
plums
pears
crisps
eggs
meat
sausages
rice
bread
water

#### my friend

pasta
pizza
sandwiches
chocolate biscuits
fish fingers
plums
pears
crisps
eggs
meat
sausages
rice
bread
water

I like		
• • • • • • • •		
I don	't like	

My favourite food is

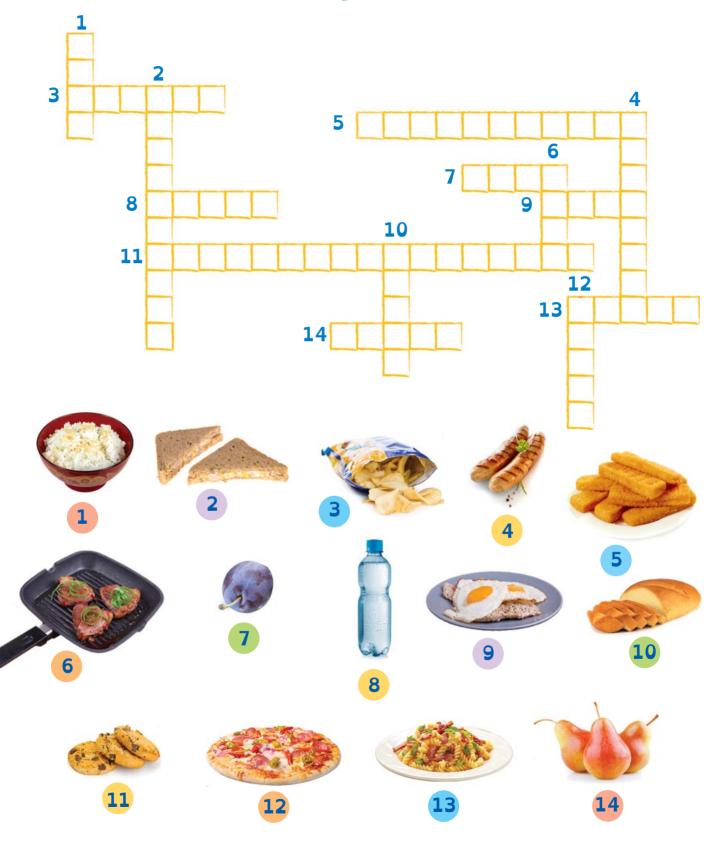
He/She likes

He/She doesn't like

His/Her favourite food is

# NOW I CAN

1 Do the crossword.



						my 1a	VOUFII	e 100g
Look a		e. <b>=</b> = likes		loesn't	i like	<b>★</b> = fa	vourit	e food
	120			2				W
Eddy	*	X	X	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	X	X
Molly	X	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	Х	<b>*</b>	X	<b>V</b>	X
Benjy	V	*	<b>V</b>	X	X	<b>V</b>	X	V
Eddy like He doesr His favor	ι't like							
			loesn't avourite	like	is	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	
Benjy								



#### 1 Listen and complete. (35)





Fruit and vegetables are different colours. Different colours give us different vitamins and minerals.



The group is rich in vitamin A, vitamin C and potassium.



The group is rich in vitamin C.



The qroup is rich in vitamin A, vitamin C, potassium and iron.



qroup is rich in vitamin A and vitamin C.

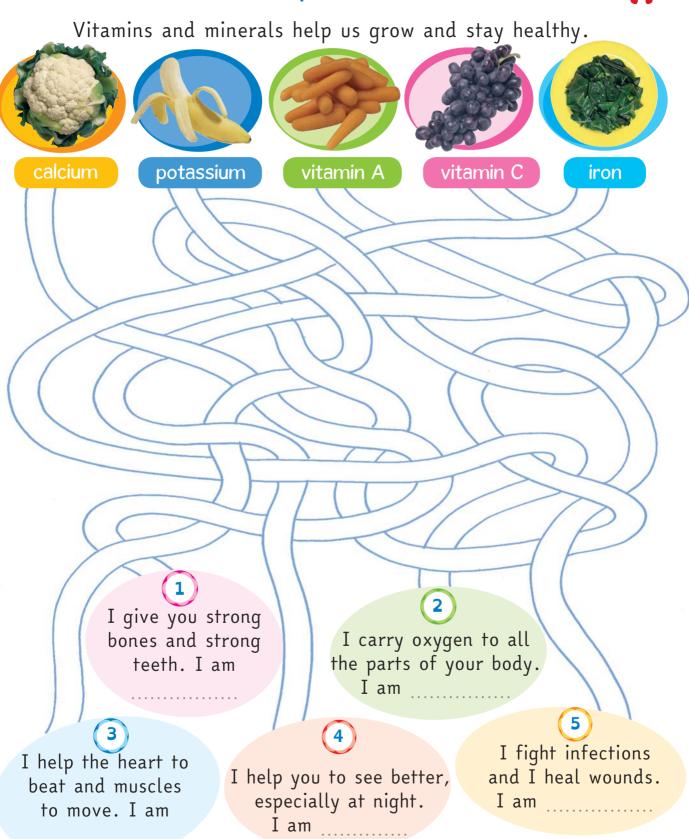


group is rich in vitamin A, vitamin C and calcium.



#### 2 Follow the maze and complete. Then listen and check. (36)





# Yummy! Yummy!





Lunch is a quick meal:

a sandwich with
lettuce and an and
a glass of milk.

Dinner is the most important meal of the day: , potatoes and .



# EDDY'S CORNER



Can you make it?

special plates



a flower plate





Listen and play The Food Game. (38)



# My favourite clothes

1 Listen and read. 😱



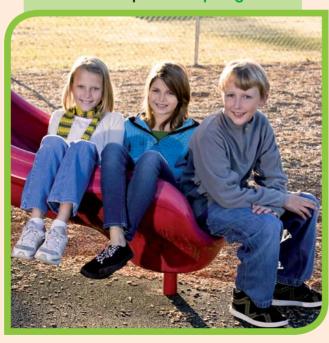
Hats, long scarves and coloured jumpers are very trendy in autumn.





T-shirts, jeans, trainers and a bike! Wow! We love summer!

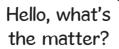
We always wear jeans and a jumper to play in the park in spring!





In winter we wear gloves and ski jackets! Brrr... it's so cold in the snow.

















3



4 Tick true or false. Then listen and check. [5]

The jumper is on the chair.

The jeans are in the wardrobe.

The skirt is under the desk.

The boots are behind the door.









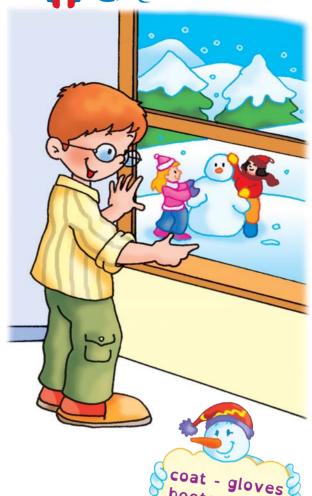


#### 5 Listen and complete. Do the chant. 🏠 (

Mum...
can I go out and play with my friends?
Have you got your ?
No, I haven't.
Have you got your ?
No, I haven't.
Have you got your ?
Have you got your ?
Have you got your ?
No, I haven't. No, I haven't.

Remember... get ready before you go out and play. OK, Mum.





Have you got your Yes, I have.	?
Have you got yourYes, I have.	?
Have you got your	
Yes, I have. Yes, I have.	
Yes, you're ready.	

Now you can go out and play.

#### 6 Look at the pictures and complete. Listen and check. (3)





I've got
a yellow
a pink
a red
a pair of orange
a pair of green
and a pair of grey

I've got
a yellow
a pair of blue
a red
a green
a pair of orange
and a pair of black and
white



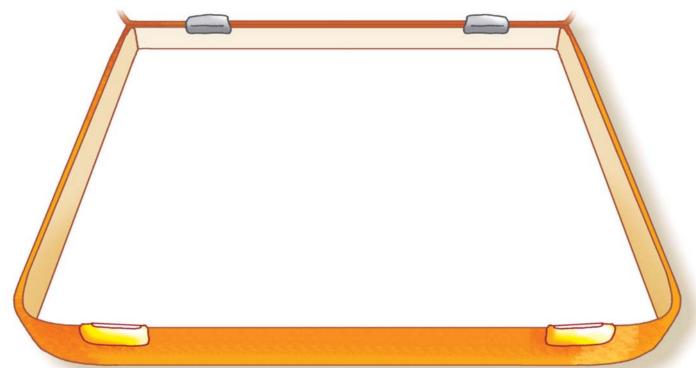
#### 7 Draw four clothes and say.

\
$\sim$
/
- 1
<u> </u>
6

I've got	
	•
	•







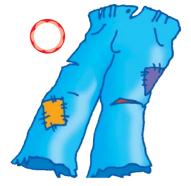
#### 9 Complete.

She/He has got	/	,
<i>r</i>	<i>,</i>	•
She/He hasn't got	or	•

#### 10 Listen and write the numbers.

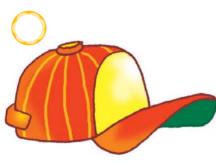
















#### 11 Listen and complete. Do the chant.



I've got a skirt, a ..... skirt. I like my skirt. Oh, yeah.

I've got a pair of jeans, jeans.

I like my jeans. Oh, yeah.

I've got a jumper, a \_\_\_\_\_jumper.

I like my jumper. Oh, yeah.

I've got a cap, a ..... cap.

I like my cap. Oh, yeah.

Long, short, old, new,

big, small. I like my clothes.

I like them all.



#### 12 Draw what are you wearing today and complete.

	I'm wearing
13 Answer. Use Yes, I am	or No, I'm not.
1 Are you wearing jeans?	
2 Are you wearing a skirt?	
3 Are you wearing boots?	
4 Are you wearing shoes?	
5 Are you wearing trainers?	
6 Are you wearing socks?	
7 Are you wearing a shirt?	
8 Are you wearing a jumper?	
The you wearing a jumper:	







He's wearing a big jumper. He's wearing new jeans.

She's wearing a short skirt. She's wearing a small hat.

He's wearing small trainers.

TF

She's wearing old shoes.

TF

#### 15 Answer. Use Yes, he/she is or No, he/she isn't.

Is she wearing a big hat?

Is he wearing old jeans?

Is she wearing old shoes?

Is he wearing a small jumper?

•		•	•	•			•	•		•	•			•	•				•		•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•	•			•		
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	٠	•	•	•		•	•	•		•	٠	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	

Is she wearing a short skirt?

Is he wearing big trainers?

	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•					٠				•	•			٠	٠	•	٠	



### NOW I CAN

1 Look at the pictures and find the differences.



TI		•	
The	skirt	IS	short.



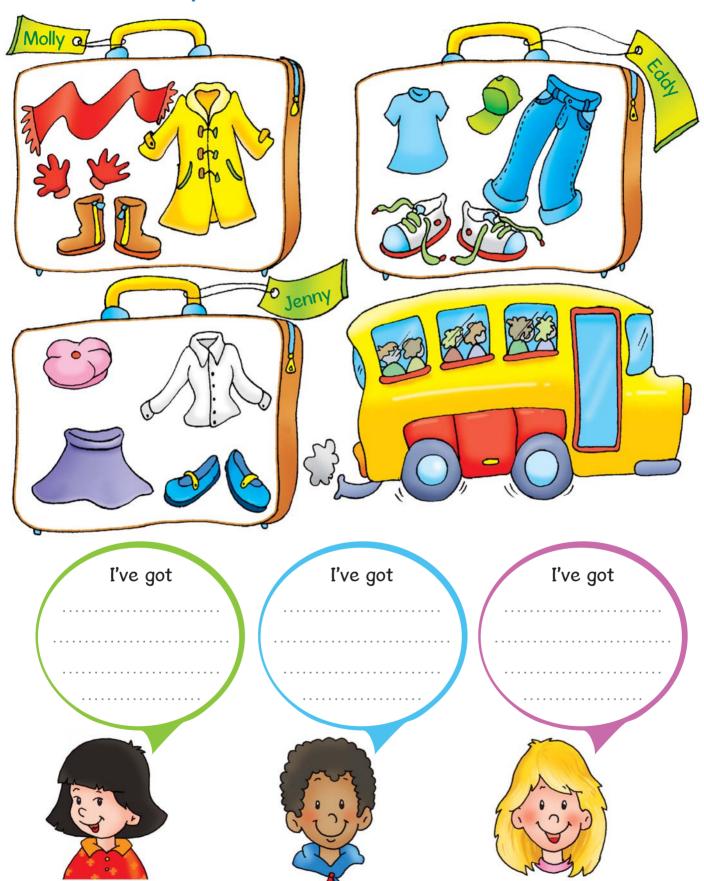
The skirt is long.

2	Colour	Eddy	and	write.



	•	•		9		•	١		_			•	٤	,		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		•		•				٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠			٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠			
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#### 3 Look and complete.





1 Look and write the names of the colours.







2 Listen, read and colour. (13)



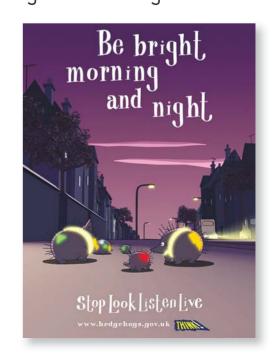
Nick is wearing a white T-shirt, a black cap and brown trousers.

He's got a dark green bag.

Molly is wearing blue jeans, a yellow T-shirt and an orange hat. She's got a red bag.

3 Complete. Who can go out safely, Nick or Molly?

			•	٠		٠	٠			•	•				•										i :	S		١	٨	/	e		a	1		İ	n	(	g
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			•									(	-	а	ll	n	L		C	J	C	)		C	)	J	t	-		S	6	a	f	- (	e		١	y	•



#### 4 Listen and complete. (14)



T	his is the Iollipop lad	y in front of	
my sch	ool. She's wearing a		сар
	and a	coat.	
She's go	t a,		



#### 5 Write.

This is the
is wearing
has got

Cross safely	
where you see these people	е
"2,61	
Olas I. Halas Isa	
Stop Look Listen Live	

# School uniforms









#### Listen and play The Who's Who Game.



Paula is wearing a purple dress and black boots.



What is your friend wearing today? Draw and write.

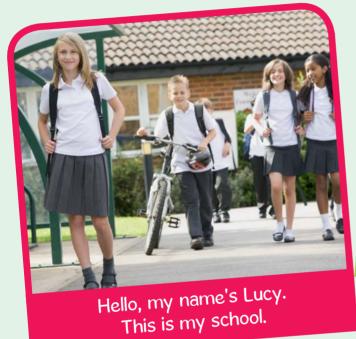
He/She's wearing

# School time

Unit

1 Listen and read. 🜇





My favourite room at school is the art room. I like drawing trees and flowers, but I can't draw animals.



I like the computer lab very much. I can use a computer to write and to listen to music.



#### 2 Listen, act and read. (18)







#### 3 Listen and say.





paint a picture



have lunch



use a computer



play the piano



play volleyball



read a book in English

#### 4 Listen and colour the frames. (20)





canteen



gym



computer lab



music room



library



art room

#### 5 Listen and complete. Sing the song. $\binom{21}{2}$





#### paint • play • play • use

Can you ..... a picture? No, I can't. It's too difficult.

Can you \_\_\_\_\_ a computer? No, I can't. It's too difficult.

Can you ..... the piano? No, I can't. It's too difficult.

Can you ..... volleyball? No, I can't. It's too difficult.

Nothing is too difficult for you, if you say "please, help me".















Can you ..... a picture? Yes, I can, if you help me.

Can you ..... a computer? Yes, I can, if you help me.

Can you ..... the piano? Yes, I can, if you help me.

Can you .....volleyball? Yes, I can, if you help me.

Nothing is too difficult for you if you say "please, help me".

#### 6 Listen and colour the correct answer. (23)





I can't paint a picture. I can

I can't play the piano. I can



(I can't) (play volleyball.) I can )

I can (I can't) (play the piano.)



I can't play volleyball. I can

I can't make a sandwich. I can



read a book. I can't I can

I can't make a sandwich. I can

7 Draw and complete.



but I can

#### 8 Listen and write the numbers. 24



#### 9 Ask your friends.

Na	ame	es	

# Can you: paint a picture? use a computer? play the piano? make a sandwich? play tennis? play hockey? play basketball? play football?

Yes, I can/No, I can't

#### 10 Read and answer.

Who	can	paint a picture?		 	 	 	• • •	 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	use a computer?		 	 	 	• • •	 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	play the piano?		 	 	 		 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	make a sandwich?	• • • • • • • •	 	 	 		 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	play tennis?		 	 	 		 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	play hockey?		 	 	 		 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	play basketball?		 	 	 	• • •	 	• • • •	 	 	 	 
Who	can	play football?											

#### 11 Look, read and complete.



This is **Kevin**. His favourite room at school is the because he can read a book in English there.



This is Melanie. Her favourite room at school she can play the piano there.

12 Listen and check. (25)



This is Philip. His favourite room at school is the ..... because he can use a computer to write, draw and play music there.



This is Paul. His favourite room at school .... because is the he can have lunch there.

## 13 Listen and tick the correct answer.











## 14 Write about William, Linda, Paula and Martin.

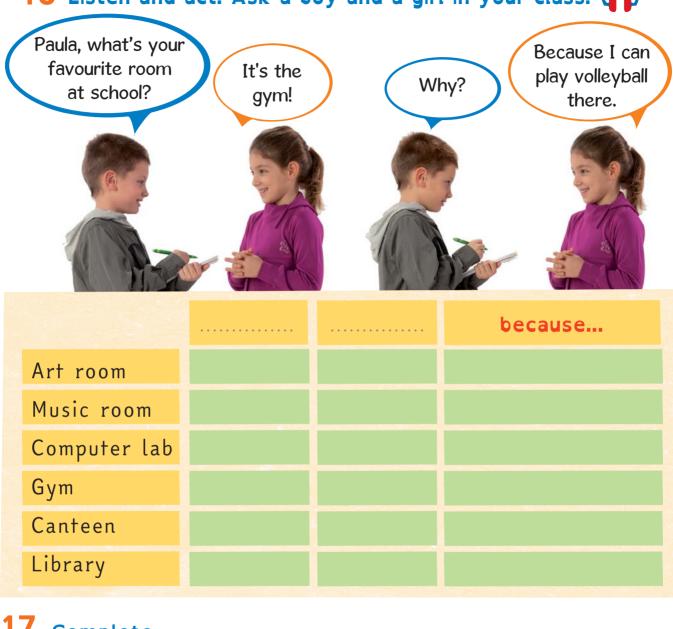
William Linda **Paula Martin** 

He can play basketball, but he can't play tennis.

## 15 Answer. Use Yes, he/she can or No, he/she can't.

- Can Linda play hockey? 3 Can William play tennis?
- Can Martin play football? 4 Can Paula play football?

## 16 Listen and act. Ask a boy and a girl in your class. (27)



### 17 Complete.

Paula's Tavou	ire room at school is
because she	an
	's favourite room at school is
because	can
	's favourite room at school is
because	can

## THIS IS ME

18 Tick.



#### In my school there is...

	Yes	No
a gym		
a library		
a canteen		
a computer lab		
a music room		
an art room		

19 Complete and read to the class. Use can or can't.

In the gym,

I play volleyball.

I play basketball.

I have lunch.

I play football.

I paint a picture.

I read a book in English.

I use a computer.

I play the piano.

I make a sandwich.



## NOW I CAN

## 1 Look and complete.





Eddy can
and
He can't
or



lick
ind
le
or



Molly	
and	
She	
or	



Jenr	ιy		 												 				
and				 										 					
She		 									•								
or .																			

## 2 Match. Then complete.





have lunch

paint a picture





read a book

play the guitar





play volleyball

use a computer



In	the	you	can use a computer.
In	the	you	can
In	the	you	



1 Look, read and act.



## 2 Listen to the class rules and write the numbers. (28)





- 1 We work together.
- 2 We play together.
- 3 We raise our hands to speak.
- 4 We are kind and respect each other.
- 5 We take care of our school things.
- We share.
- 7 We keep our rooms clean and tidy.
- 8 We listen when our teacher or a classmate is speaking.

















# My school

Listen and complete. (29)







and this is the ....., my favourite room.



Hello everybody!

This is the sports field. I play softball with my ...... Softball is very popular with girls in







Listen and play The Twins Game. (30) Can you play No, Can you play Yes, the piano? I can't. the piano? I can. Hurray! (I can

1 Listen and read. (3)



A baby hippo is very big! A one-year-old hippo weighs about 250 kilos!





Lions are very big cats. They are beautiful, strong and sometimes lazy.

Tigers like playing, but they can be very, very dangerous!



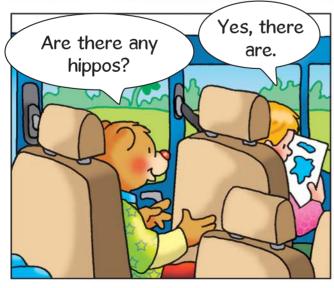
## 2 Listen, act and read. (32)











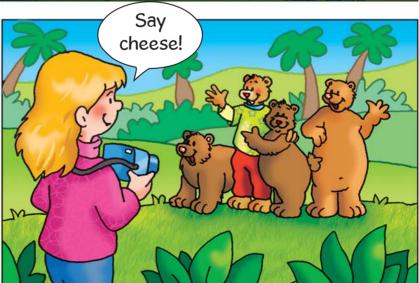


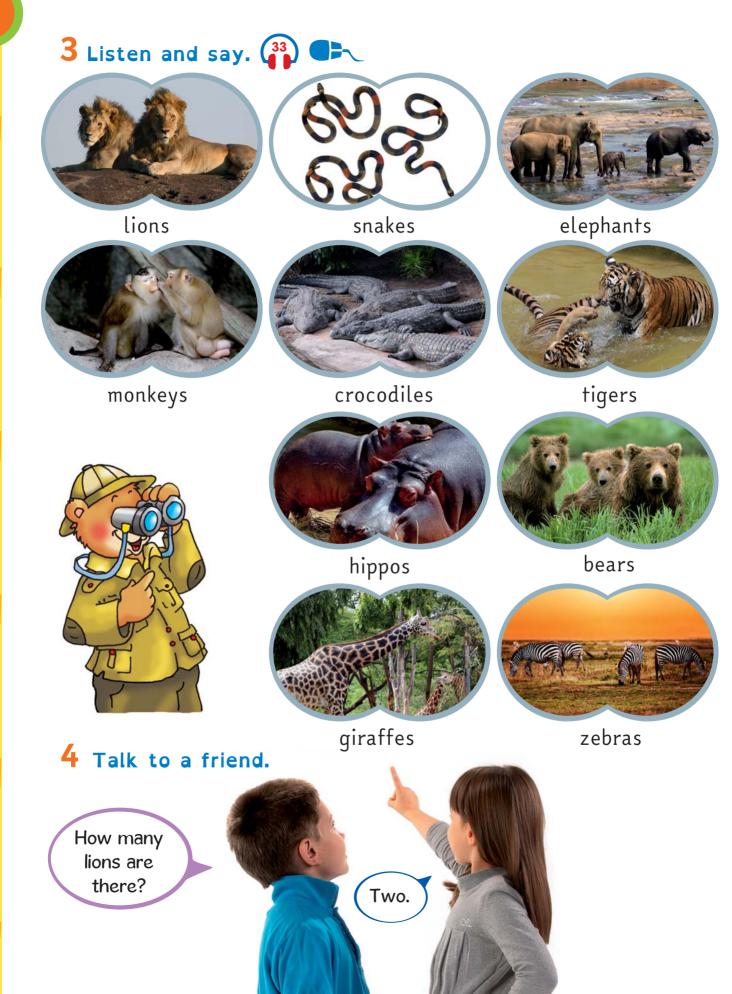












#### f 5 Listen and complete. Sing the song. igcap 4



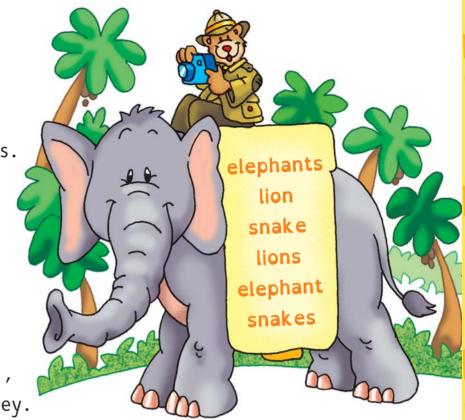
This is the safari rap, safari park rap.

There are ....., there are ....., and monkeys.

Giraffes and crocodiles, hippos and tigers.

This is the safari rap, safari park rap.

I can see a I can see a ....., an , a monkey.



I can see the hippos, but I can't see the bears.

Bears, bears. Are there any bears?

Yes, look! There are lots of bears.

Nice to meet you. Say cheese!

### 6 Let's tune in. Listen and say. (36)









7 Look at the picture and answer.
Use Yes, there are or No, there aren't.



4re	there	seven girattes?	 	 		 								
٩re	there	five lions?												
٩re	there	four elephants?												
٩re	there	three hippos?												
٩re	there	two monkeys?												
٩re	there	three tigers?												
٩re	there	two crossdiles?												
٩re	there	eight snakes?												

## THIS IS ME

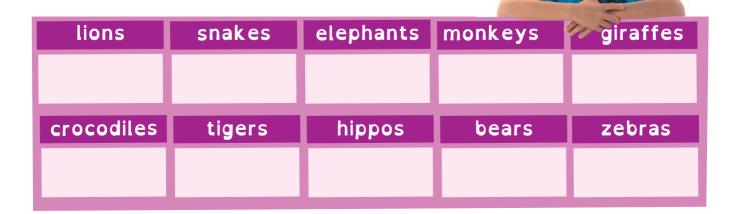
8 Complete and read to the class.

Animals I like

Animals I don't	like

9 Ask your friends.

Do you like ...?



## NOW I CAN

#### 1 Tick true or false.



The monkey is under the tree.

The crocodile is on the bush.

There are two hippos.

The lion is under the rock.

There are five snakes.

The hippos are in the water.

The elephant is behind the tree.

The giraffes are behind the bushes.

## T F

N A

T E

TE

TF

TE

TF

## 2 Can you see six animals? Write the names.

Ears:

Face:

Hair:

Neck:

Body:

Legs:



### 3 What are they? Read, answer and write.

I like water.
I can swim
but I'm not a fish.
I'm grey.
What am I?

I can run.
I'm the king
of the jungle.
I roar.
What am I?

I can walk.
I can drink with my
"nose". I'm very
big and grey.
What am I?

I like bananas.
 I can jump.
I've got hands
 and feet.
What am I?

I'm long
and green.
I haven't
got any legs.
What am I?

I can swim
and walk.

I've got a big tail.

I'm green.

What am I?

I'm very tall.
I've got a very
long neck
and long legs.
What am I?

I can run.
I've got legs and
a tail. I'm orange
and black.
What am I?



## Environmental studies

Many animals are in danger of extinction.















Be clever! RECYCLE to save animals, nature and people!

## Listen and look. (37)





















## 2 Look at the symbols. Complete and say.











| Ι | can | find | number | 1 | on | <br> |  |
|---|-----|------|--------|---|----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Ι | can | find | number | 2 | on | <br> |  |
| Ι | can |      |        |   |    | <br> |  |

## 3 Listen and read. 38



Hi, my name is Peter.

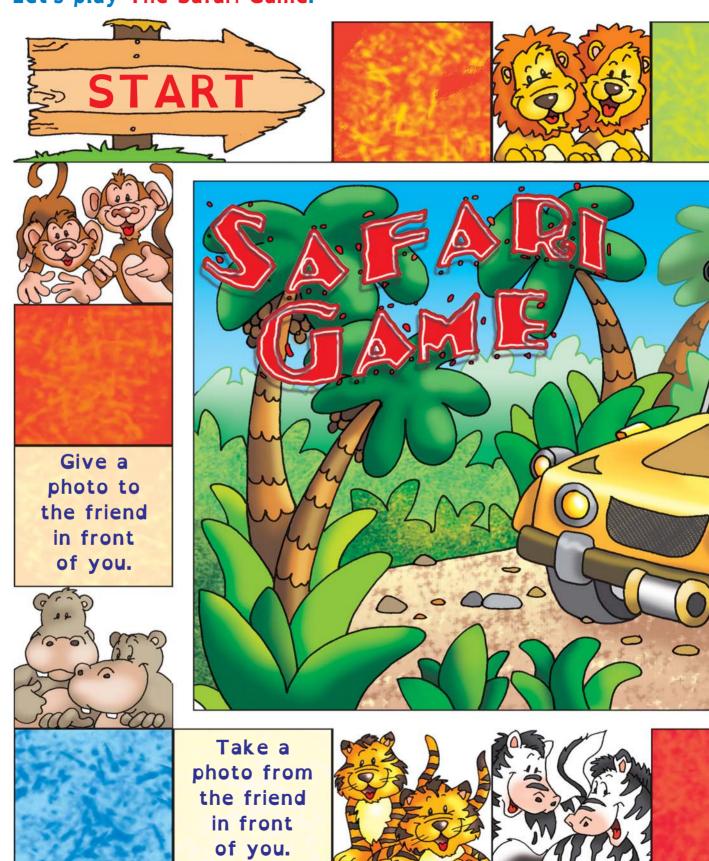
I collect paper and old newspapers and put them in the paper bank. In my town paper banks are blue. Glass banks are green and plastic banks are white.

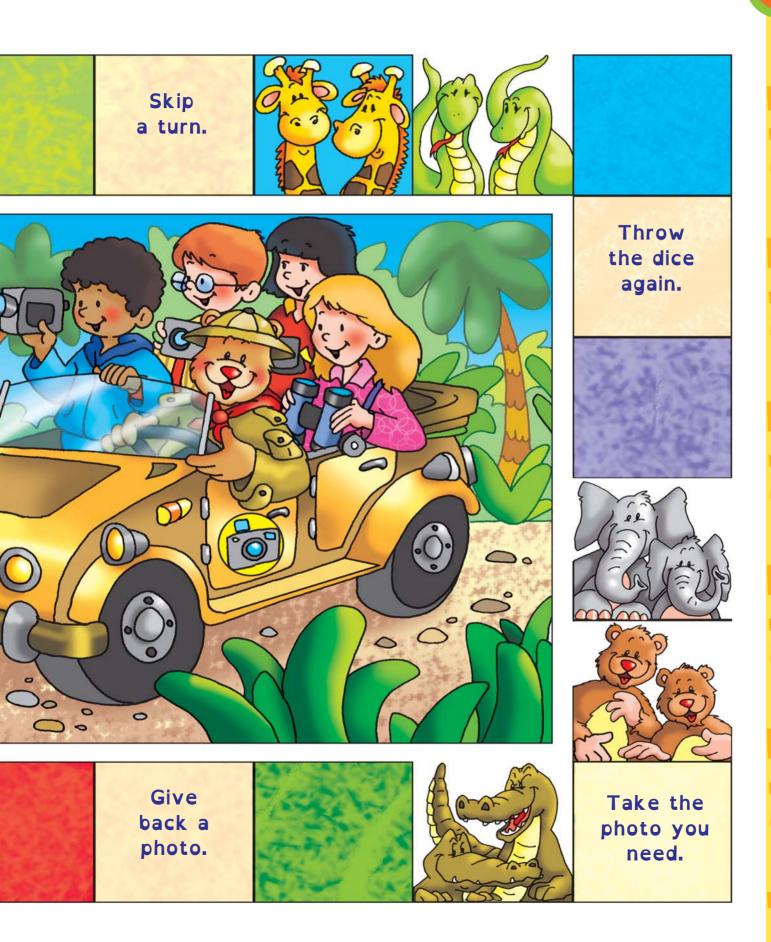


4 Draw a paper bank and a glass bank. Then colour.



#### 1 Let's play The Safari Game.





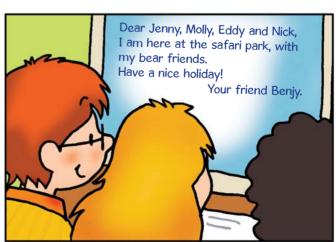




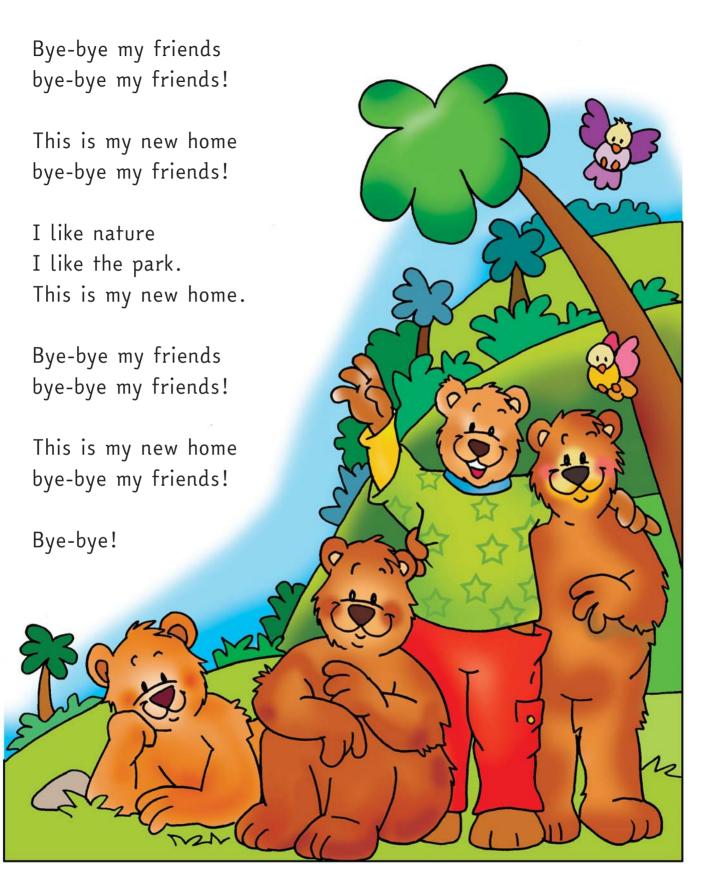








## 2 Listen and sing the Bye-bye song. $\stackrel{40}{\bullet}$







## 1 Listen and say the Skeleton chant.



The skeletons are out tonight, they march about the street. 
Up and down and all around With bony bodies, bony heads they march on Halloween.

and bony hands and feet.

#### 2 Let's make a skeleton card.









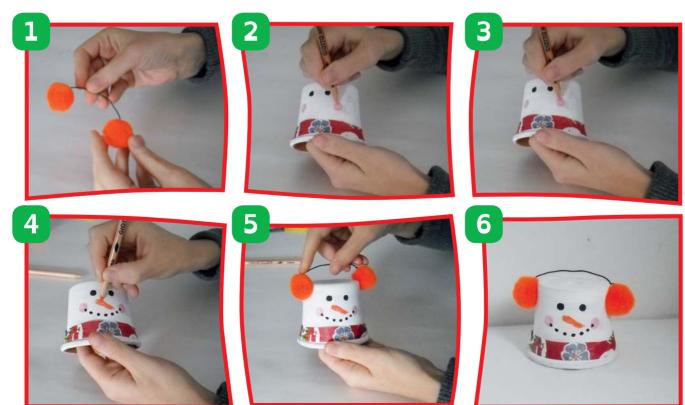


The snow is white and the fog is grey but we want snow On Christmas day.

Today is Christmas Let's rejoice Let's sing together with one voice.

Santa is coming with his reindeer Bringing with him Christmas cheer.

#### 2 Let's make Christmas decorations.





## 1 Listen and say the Easter egg hunt. 45



It's an egg hunt, an Easter egg hunt. It's an egg hunt, an Easter egg hunt.

Look in the kitchen on the chair.

Look in the living room behind the door.

Look in your bedroom under the bed.

Look in the garden on the tree.

It's an egg hunt, an Easter egg hunt. It's an egg hunt, an Easter egg hunt.

#### 2 Let's make Easter decorations.



## **Grammar Zone**



## gli articoli determinativi

#### Regola generale

Gli articoli determinativi italiani (il, lo, la, i, gli, le) si traducono con the. La pronuncia (dhe) cambia in (dhi) davanti ai nomi che iniziano per vocale.

the sandwich il panino
the tree l'albero
the ice cream il gelato
the apple la mela

## gli articoli indeterminativi

#### Regola generale

Gli articoli indeterminativi italiani (un, uno, una), si traducono con a davanti a un nome che inizia per consonante; con an davanti a un nome che inizia per vocale.

a skateboard
a hot dog
un hot dog
an apple
una mela

an orange juice un succo d'arancia

#### Altre regole

Davanti alle parole che indicano un mestiere o una professione si usa l'articolo indeterminativo.

My mum is a dentist.

My dad is a mechanic.

I'm a student.

My best friend

is a football player.

Mia mamma è una dentista.

Mio papà è un meccanico.

Io sono uno studente.

Il mio migliore amico
è un giocatore di calcio.



#### il nome

#### Regola generale

Il plurale di un nome si ottiene aggiungendo una s al singolare.

automobili automobile car cars videogioco videogiochi videogame videogames telephone telefono telephones telefoni rabbit coniglio rabbits conigli

#### Attenzione!

Molti nomi non rispettano la regola generale.

Quando un nome termina con ch, sh, x, s, ss forma il plurale aggiungendo es.

partita partite match matches brush spazzola spazzole brushes scatola scatole box boxes bus autobus autobus buses vestito vestiti dress dresses

Anche quando un nome termina con la lettera o, spesso forma il plurale aggiungendo es.

tomato pomodoro tomatoes pomodori potato patata potatoes patate

Quando un nome termina con y preceduta da consonante, forma il plurale togliendo la y e aggiungendo ies.

baby bambino habies bambini fly flies mosche mosca lady signora ladies signore stories racconti story racconto

Quando un nome termina con f o fe forma il plurale cambiando f o fe in ves.

thief ladro thieves ladri knife coltello knives coltelli



## gli aggettivi qualificativi

#### Regola generale

Gli aggettivi precedono sempre il nome a cui si riferiscono e mantengono la stessa forma al maschile, al femminile, al singolare e al plurale.

a young boy un ragazzo giovane a young girl una ragazza giovane a big house una casa grande two big houses due case grandi

Per rinforzare il concetto espresso dall'aggettivo (superlativo assoluto) si usa: very + aggettivo.

It's very cold.

I'm very happy.

He's very angry.

The state of the s

The cake is very good. La torta è buonissima.

## gli aggettivi dimostrativi

#### Regola generale

Gli aggettivi dimostrativi hanno una forma diversa per il singolare e per il plurale. Essi sono:

this questo, questa that quello, quella

these questi, queste those quelli, quelle, quei, quegli

This pizza is very good. Questa pizza è buonissima.

That car is blue. Quella macchina è blu. These CDs are new. Questi CD sono nuovi.

Those trees are very old. Queqli alberi sono antichissimi.



## gli aggettivi possessivi

#### Regola generale

Gli aggettivi possessivi non vogliono mai l'articolo e sono invariabili, cioè mantengono la stessa forma al maschile, al femminile, al singolare e al plurale.

#### Essi sono:

```
my il mio, la mia, le mie, i miei
your il tuo, la tua, le tue, i tuoi
his il suo, la sua, i suoi, le sue (di lui)
her il suo, la sua, i suoi, le sue (di lei)
its il suo, la sua, i suoi, le sue (di animali o cose)
our il nostro, la nostra, i nostri, le nostre
your il vostro, la vostra, i vostri, le vostre
their il loro, la loro, i loro, le loro
```

## il genitivo sassone

#### Regola generale

Si usa il genitivo sassone per indicare il possesso di un oggetto o le relazioni di parentela tra le persone.

```
La frase si costruisce nel seguente modo:

possessore singolare + 's + cosa posseduta / persona
Tom's collection. Eddy's father.

possessore plurale + ' + cosa posseduta / persona
The players' uniforms.

due possessori + 's + cosa posseduta / persona
Elisa and Martina's tent.
```



## i pronomi personali soggetto

#### Regola generale

In inglese i pronomi personali soggetto devono sempre essere espressi.

io Τ noi we voi VOU tu you eqli, lui persona di sesso maschile he they essi, esse she ella, lei persona di sesso femminile persone, animali animale o cosa o cose esso, essa

Il pronome personale I si scrive sempre con la lettera maiuscola.

Lisa and I are friends. Io e Lisa siamo amici.
No, I don't like chicken. No, non mi piace il pollo.

## il verbo essere (to be)

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I am I'm	I am not I'm not	Am I?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
You are You're	You are not You aren't	Are you?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
He/She/It is He's/She's/It's	He/She/It is not He/She/It isn't	Is he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it is.	No, he/she/it isn't.
We are We're	We are not We aren't	Are we?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
You are You're	You are not You aren't	Are you?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
They are They're	They are not They aren't	Are they?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.

La forma estesa (I am) si usa soprattutto nella lingua scritta formale.

La forma contratta (I'm) si usa nella lingua sia scritta sia parlata.

Nella forma negativa not segue il verbo essere.

Nella forma interrogativa il soggetto precede il verbo.

Le risposte brevi si formano con Yes oppure No seguito dal soggetto e dal verbo essere affermativo o negativo.



## there is / there are

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
There is	There isn't	Is there?	Yes, there is.	No, there isn't
There are	There aren't	Are there?	Yes, there are.	No, there aren't

There is significa c'è (There is a library).

There are significa ci sono (There are two restaurants).

Nella forma negativa not segue il verbo essere (There is not = There isn't a toy shop).

Nella forma interrogativa il verbo essere precede there (Is there a clothes shop?).

Le risposte brevi si formano con Yes oppure No seguito da there e dal verbo essere affermativo o negativo.

## il verbo avere (to have)

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I have got I've got	I have not got I haven't got	Have I got?	Yes, I have.	No, I haven't.
You have got You've got	You have not got You haven't got	Have you got?	Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.
He/She/It has got He's/She's/It's got	He/She/It has not got He/She/It hasn't got	Has he/she/it got?	Yes, he/she/it has.	No, he/she/it hasn't.
We have got We've got	We have not got We haven't got	Have we got?	Yes, we have.	No, we haven't.
You have got You've got	You have not got You haven't got	Have you got?	Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.
They have got They've got	They have not got They haven't got	Have they got?	Yes, they have.	No, they haven't.

La forma estesa (I have got) si usa soprattutto nella lingua scritta formale. La forma contratta (I've got) si usa nella lingua sia scritta sia parlata. Nella forma negativa, la negazione not va tra il verbo have e got.

Nella forma interrogativa il soggetto va tra il verbo have e got.



#### can

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I can	I can't	Can I?	Yes, I can.	No, I can't.
You can	You can't	Can you?	Yes, you can.	No, you can't.
He/She/It can	He/She/It can't	Can he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it can.	No, he/she/it can't.
We can	We can't	Can we?	Yes, we can.	No, we can't.
You can	You can't	Can you?	Yes, you can.	No, you can't.
They can	They can't	Can they?	Yes, they can.	No, they can't.

Si usa can per esprimere ciò che si sa e non si sa fare.

Can non aggiunge la -s alla 3ª persona: è uguale per tutte le persone.

Can è sequito dalla forma base del verbo senza to.

La forma negativa è can't.

Nella forma interrogativa can precede sempre il soggetto.

Le risposte brevi si formano con Yes oppure No seguito dal pronome personale e da can / can't.

## il presente semplice (present simple)

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I like	I don't like	Do I like?	Yes, I do.	No, I don't.
You like	You don't like	Do you like?	Yes, you do.	No, you don't.
He/She/It likes	He/She/It doesn't like	Does he/she/it like?	Yes, he/she/it does.	No, he/she/it doesn't.
We like	We don't like	Do we like?	Yes, we do.	No, we don't.
You like	You don't like	Do you like?	Yes, you do.	No, you don't.
They like	They don't like	Do they like?	Yes, they do.	No, they don't.

Si usa per azioni abituali.

Nella forma affermativa si aggiunge -s al verbo alla 3ª persona singolare.

Nella forma interrogativa si usa do prima del soggetto, does alla 3ª persona singolare.

Nella forma negativa si usano do not (forma estesa) e don't (forma contratta), does not (forma estesa) e doesn't (forma contratta) alla 3ª persona singolare.



## The Wizard of Oz



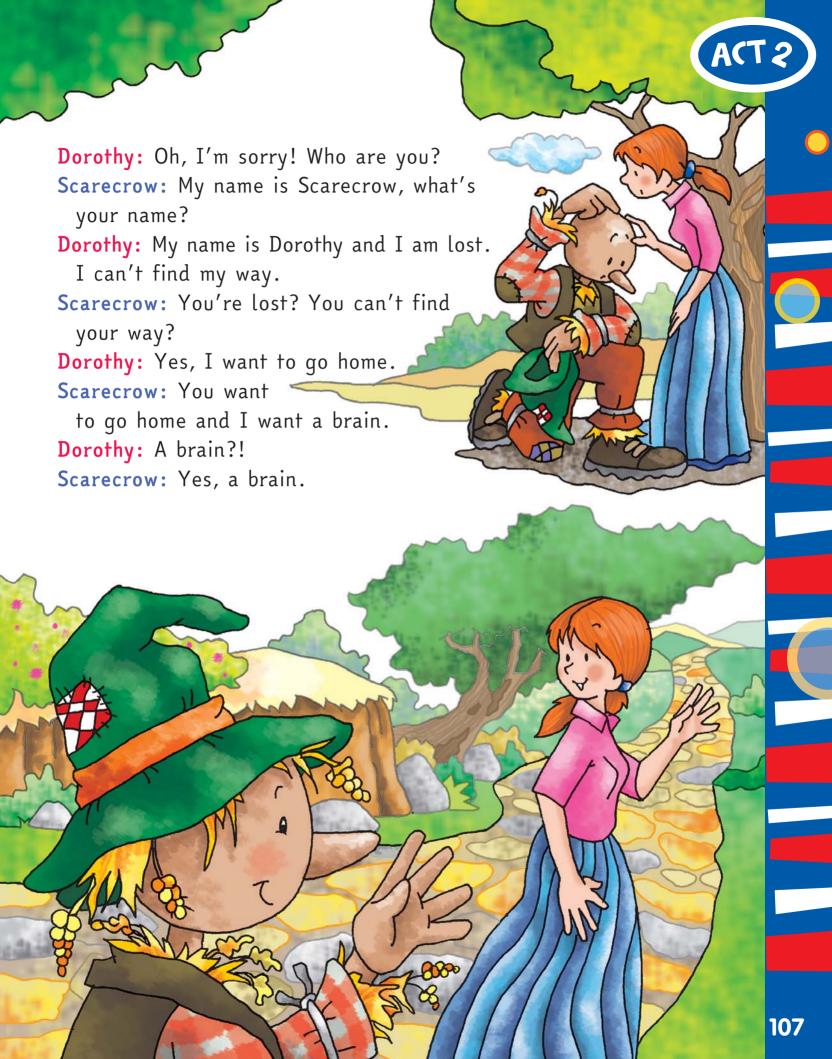


**SONG: HELLO, MY NAME IS DOROTHY** 

Hello, my name is Dorothy, Hello, hello, hello. Hello, my name is Dorothy, It's nice to meet you all. Hello, my name is Dorothy, I am a little girl. Hello, my name is Dorothy, I want to go back home.



Let's go down the yellow brick road. Let's go down the yellow brick road. Follow, follow, follow... Let's go down the yellow brick road. Let's go down the yellow brick road.





#### **SONG: FOLLOW FOLLOW**

Dorothy: Oh, I'm sorry! Who are you?

Tin man: My name is Tin Man, what's your name?

Dorothy: My name is Dorothy and I am lost.

Tin man: You are lost and I am sad.

I am very sad.

Dorothy: Why are you sad, Tin Man?

Tin man: I am made of tin and I can't move.

Dorothy: You can't move? You can't walk?

Tin man: I can't walk. I can't get up.

I want some oil.

Dorothy: You want some oil?

Tin man: I want some oil, so I can move

my head, my arms, my legs and my body.

Dorothy: I can help you, Tin Man.

Here is some oil for your arms, your legs

and your neck.

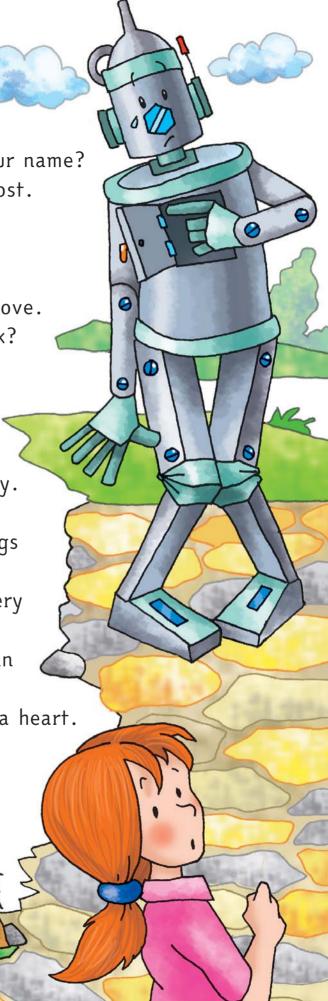
Tin man: Thank you, Dorothy. You are very

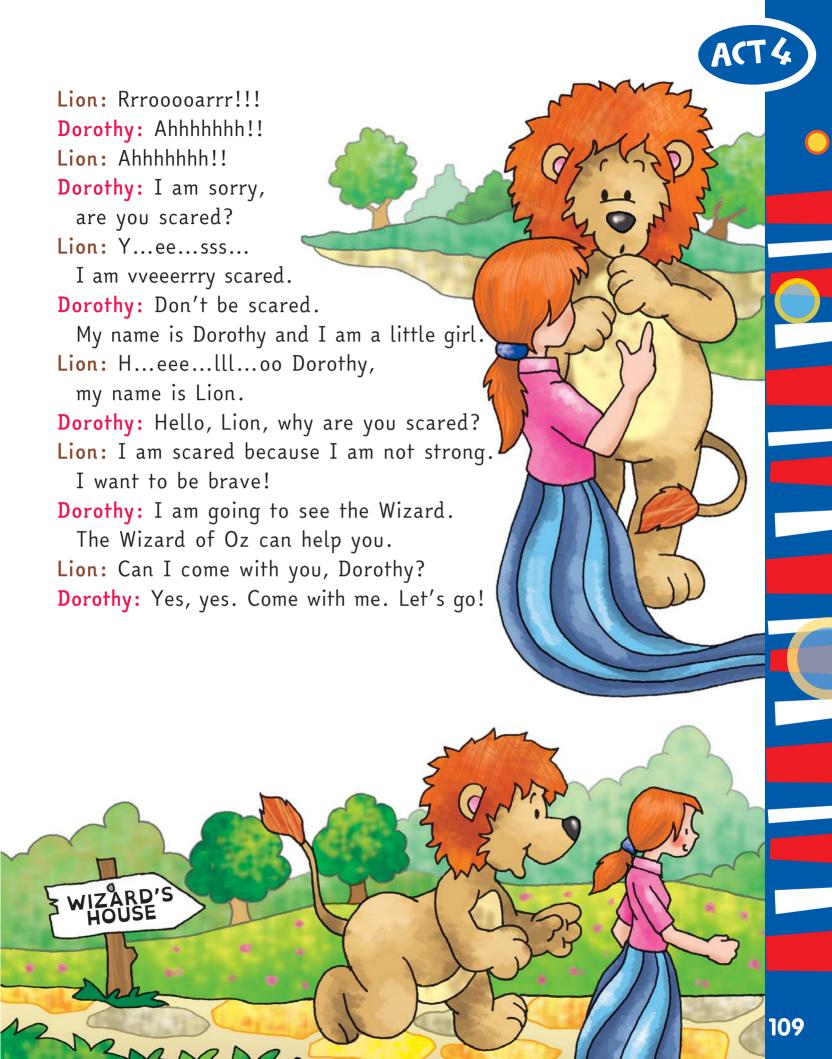
kind.

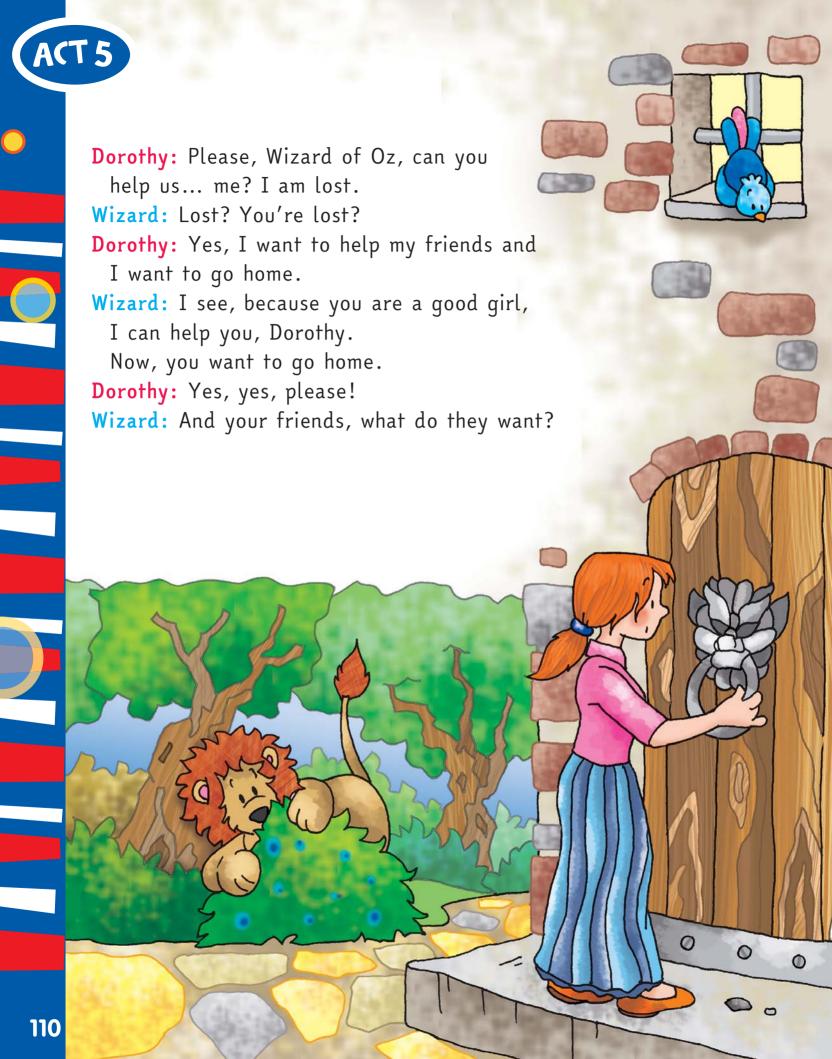
Dorothy: Tin Man, Tin Man... now you can

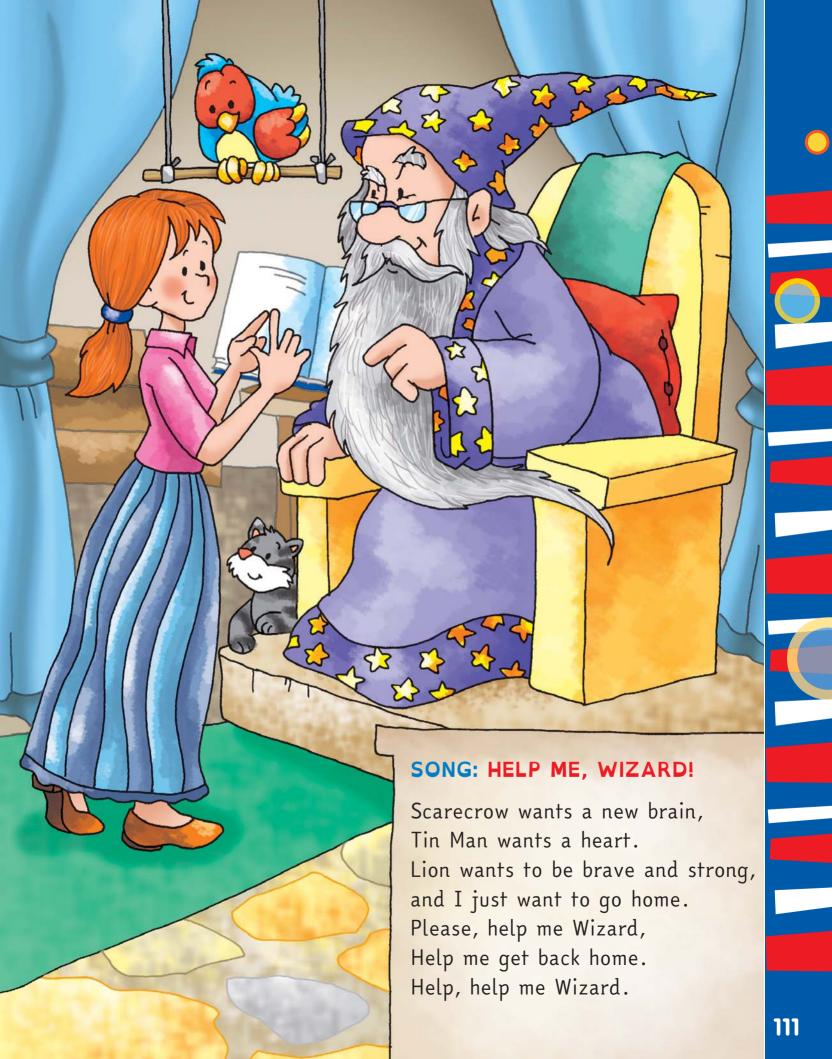
move, so... why are you sad?

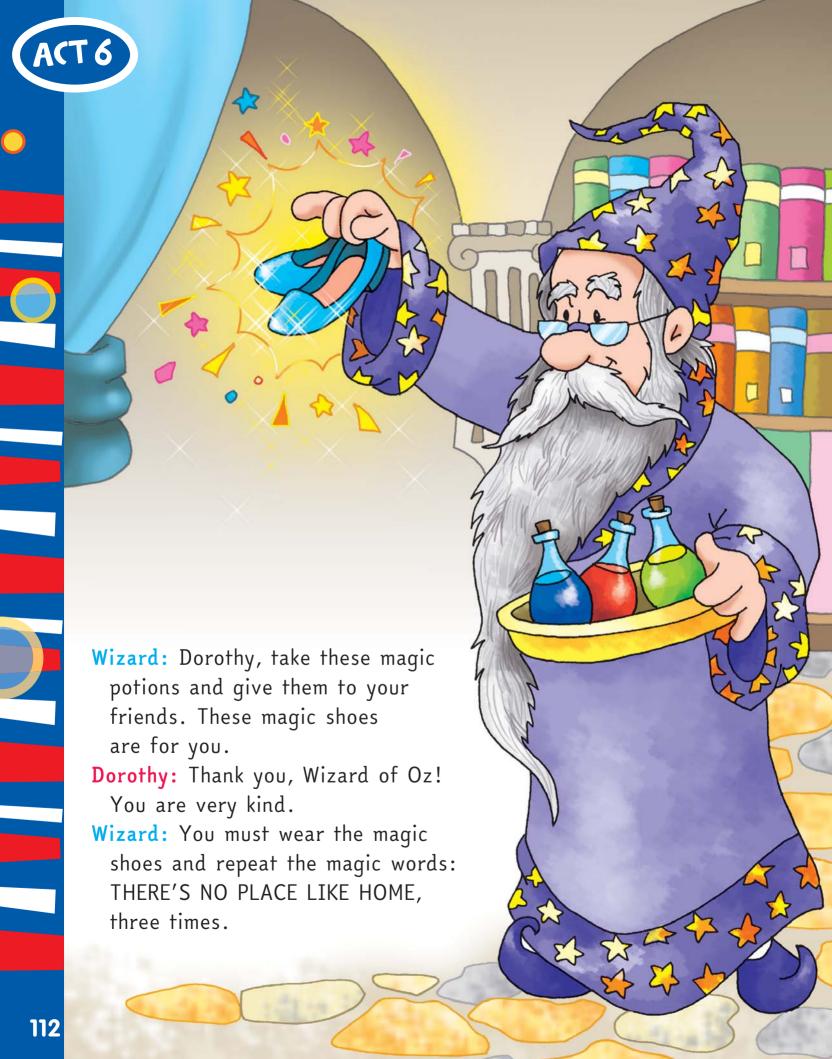
Tin man: I am sad because I don't have a heart.













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Dorothy: Lion, now you can be strong and brave! You must drink this magic potion.

Lion: Oh yes, I want to be strong and brave.

Wow! I feel great! I feel so strong. I feel so brave...

Goodbye Dorothy, goodbye!

Dorothy: Goodbye Lion, goodbye!

Tin man: Hello, Dorothy! Dorothy: Hello, Tin Man! Tin man: I am sooooo sad.

Dorothy: Don't be sad Tin Man. Now you can have a heart and be happy!

You must drink this magic potion.

Tin man: Wow! I have a heart.

I feel great now! I am so happy.









#### Let's start!

camera: macchina fotografica
Can you ski?: Sai sciare?

come back: ritorna

I like surfing: mi piace fare surf

I like taking photos: mi piace fare foto

I'm coming!: Sto arrivando!
photo album: album fotografico

place: posto, luogo

sea: mare
snow: neve
tired: stanca

We like skiing: ci piace sciare

#### Unit 1 • My family

An ice cream, please: un gelato, per favore

behaviour: comportamento

brother: fratello

Can I help you?: Posso aiutarti?

Can I play with you?: Posso giocare con voi?

Can you make it?: Sai farlo?

careful: attento
flat: appartamento
friendly: amichevole

Give me a lollipop: dammi un lecca lecca

Go away!: Vai via!

Good morning Mrs Bell: buongiorno signora Bell

grandad: nonno
grandma: nonna

He's my dad: lui è il mio papà

helpful: altruista

Her name is Victoria: il suo nome è Vittoria His name is Alfred: il suo nome è Alfred How old are you?: Quanti anni hai? How old is he?: Lui quanti anni ha? How old is she?: Lei quanti anni ha?

kind: cortese, educato

Nice to meet you: piacere di conoscerti

polite: gentile

responsible: responsabile

She's my sister: (lei) è mia sorella

sister: sorella

These are my parents: questi sono i miei genitori

This is my family: questa è la mia famiqlia

This is my friend Benjy: questo è il mio amico Benjy

Who's she?: Lei chi è? Who's this?: Questo chi è?

#### Unit 2 • My favourite food

a quick meal: un pranzo veloce

ants: formiche

apple pie: torta di mele
bacon: pancetta (cibo)

baked beans: fagioli al forno

breakfast: colazione
cereal: cereali

cheese and tomato pizza: pizza al pomodoro e

formaggio

cheese sandwich: panino al formaggio
chocolate biscuits: biscotti al cioccolato

dinner: cena

Do you like pizza?: Ti piace la pizza?

eqqs: uova

fish fingers: bastoncini di pesce fruit pies: torte alla frutta
Go on, Benjy: forza, Benjy
Here we are!: Eccoci!

Here you are!: Ecco!

I don't like fruit: non mi p

I don't like fruit: non mi piace la frutta Let's have a picnic: facciamo un pic nic

lettuce: insalata, lattuqa

lunch: pranzo

magic powder: polvere magica

meal: pasto

minerals: minerali
mushrooms: funqhi

nice day for a picnic: bella giornata per un pic nic

roast chicken: pollo arrosto
savoury food: cibo salato



sweet food: cibo dolce

the most important meal: il pasto principale

toast: fetta di pane tostato

Try it!: Provala! vitamins: vitamine

You're wonderful!: Sei fantastico!

#### Unit 3 • My favourite clothes

always: sempre
before: prima

you're ready: sei pronto

Can I go out and play?: Posso andare fuori a

qiocare?

coloured jumpers: maglioni colorati

dark green: verde scuro
get ready: preparati

hats: cappelli

He looks sad: sembra triste

I'm wearing a skirt: indosso una gonna

It's snowing: nevica

Let's make a snowman!: Facciamo un pupazzo di

neve

long scarves: sciarpe lunghe

picture dictionary: dizionario illustrato

safely: in sicurezza

school uniform: uniforme scolastica
trendy: alla moda, di tendenza

Wait a moment: aspetta un momento

What's the matter?: Che cosa c'è che non va?

#### Unit 4 • School time

art room: aula di disegno

building: edificio
canteen: mensa

carefully: attentamente

classmate: compagno di classe
clean and tidy: pulita e in ordine

come and visit my school: vieni a visitare la mia

scuola

computer lab: aula di informatica

different: diverso
difficult: difficile
draw: disequare

favourite room: aula preferita

qym: palestra

have lunch: pranzare

I can help you: posso aiutarti

I can't make a sandwich: non so preparare un

panino

I like drawing: mi piace disegnare it's too difficult: è troppo difficile

library: biblioteca

magic dog: cane magico
music room: aula di musica
paint: dipingere, colorare

play the piano: suonare il piano
play volleyball: giocare a pallavolo

read a book in English: leggere un libro in inglese

respect each other: rispettarsi

share: condividere

Show me your picture: mostrami il tuo disegno

softball: baseball femminile
sports field: campo sportivo
take care: prendersi cura

together: insieme

use a computer: usare il computer
we raise our hands: alziamo la mano

#### Unit 5 • Safari park

Are there any hippos: Ci sono ippopotami?

baby hippo: cucciolo di ippopotamo

bears: orsi

big tail: grande coda
bushes: cespuqli

cans: barattoli di alluminio, lattine

cardboard: cartone
crocodiles: coccodrilli
danger: pericolo

dangerous: pericoloso



elephants: elefanti
extinction: estinzione

giraffes: giraffe

glass bottles: bottiglie di vetro

How many lions are there?: Quanti leoni ci sono?

I haven't got any legs: non ho le zampe

jars: barattoli di vetro

lazy: pigri

map: mappa, cartina
monkeys: scimmie

old newspaper: giornali vecchi

paper banks: contenitori della carta

*paper:* carta

plastic bottles: bottiglie di plastica
recycling symbols: simboli del riciclo

safari park: parco safari

Show me the map: mostrami la mappa

snakes: serpenti
strong: forti

the king of the jungle: il re della giungla
There are lots of bears: ci sono molti orsi

tigers: tigri
weighs: pesa

Yes, there are: sì, ci sono.

zebras: zebre

#### Bye-bye Benjy

I like nature: mi piace la natura
I'm so worried: sono così preoccupata

Is Benjy here?: Benjy è qui? Let's read it!: Leggiamola!

This is my new home: questa è la mia nuova casa

#### **Festivities**

Scary Halloween: Halloween da paura

Skeletons are out: gli scheletri sono fuori

bony bodies: corpi ossuti
skeletons: scheletri
they march: marciano
tonight: questa notte

#### Merry Christmas: Buon Natale

Christmas cheer: allegria di Natale

fog: nebbia

let's rejoice: rallegriamoci

Santa is coming: Babbo Natale sta arrivando

snow: neve

#### Happy Easter: Buona Pasqua

Easter egg hunt: caccia all'uovo di Pasqua

# DIPLOMA

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

HAS COMPLETED

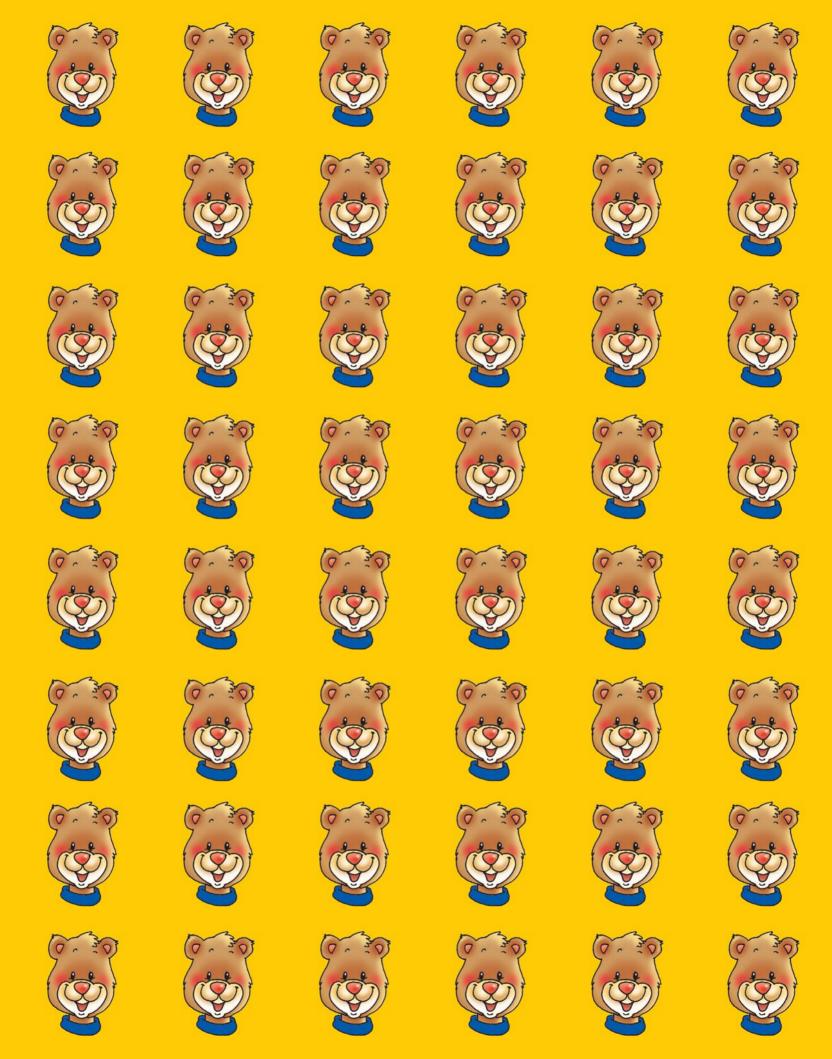
NOW I CAN 3

**TEACHER** 

DATE













1 Inserisci i pronomi personali. Poi riscrivi le frasi al posto giusto.

	HE
Susan is nine. is nine.	HE
Kevin is eleven.  is eleven.	
My sister is fifteen.  is fifteen.	
My bike is red.	SHE
My father is fortyis forty.	
My cat is happy.  is happy.	
My brother is at school.	IT
My dog is angry. is angry.	
My mother is super. is super.	

2 Riscrivi i numeri in ordine crescente.

thirty-six

.....

forty-five seventy-six

.....

thirty-four

.....

ninety-nine twenty

.....

sixty-three forty-three

.....

eighty-three

twelve

.....

fifty-four

eleven

3 Cerchia il numero giusto.

12

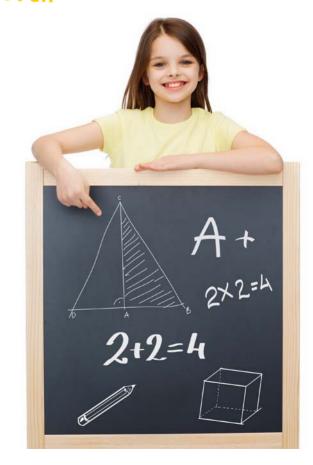
**50** 

twenty two twelve fifty five fifteen

13

40

three thirteen thirty fourteen forty four



# 4 Scegli il pronome personale corretto.

1 She / He is a girl.

- 4 It / I is my doq.
- 2 I / It am in my bedroom. 5 You / He is my brother.
- 3 He / You are thirteen. 6 She / I am happy.

### 5 Completa. Scegli il pronome personale corretto.

you • he • Ι she it she

- 1 My name is Kevin. am eleven.
- 2 Her name is Susan. is happy.
- 3 Sue, how old are ?
- 4 Look, Mr Peter Green. is my teacher.
- 5 This is my school bag. is super.
- 6 Is your sister?

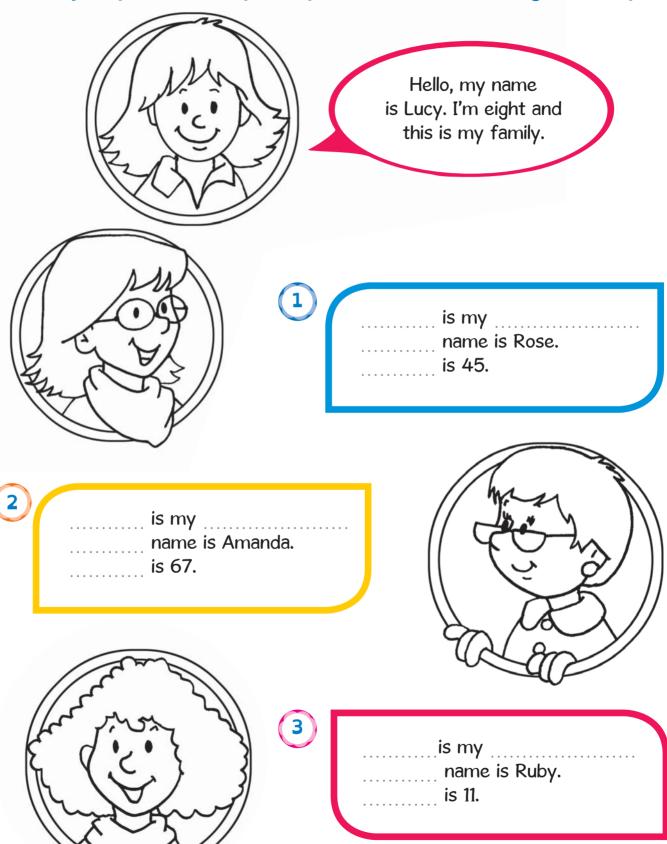
#### 6 Completa le risposte brevi.

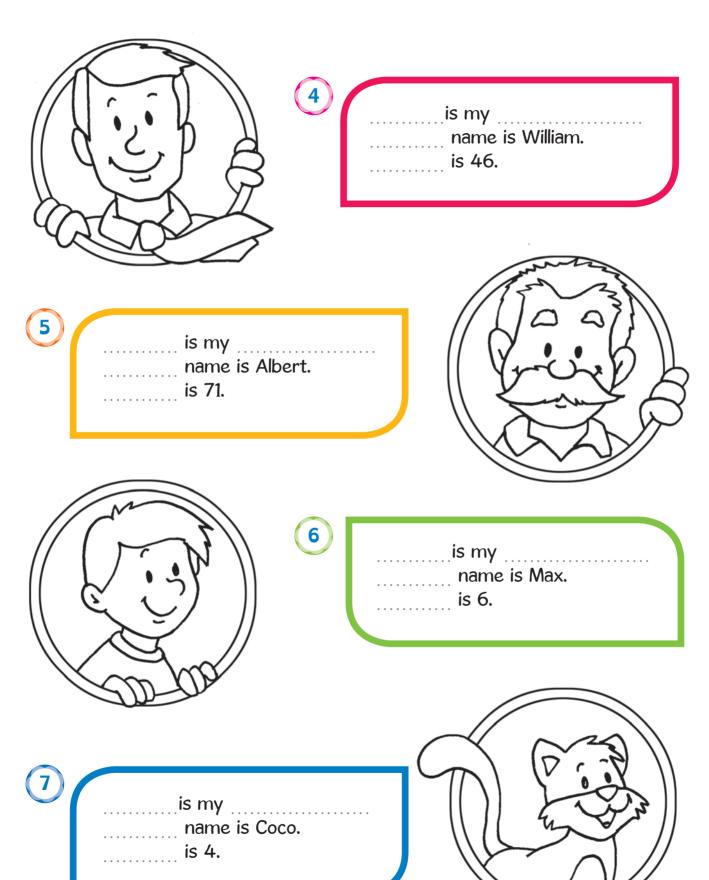
- 1 Are you sad?
- 2 Is it your book?
- 3 Is Pam your sister?
- 4 Is Toby your rabbit?
- 5 Is Mr Green your teacher?
- 6 Is Mr Green your grandfather?
- 7 Are you happy?
- 8 Is your mum Italian?

- No, .....
- Yes,
- Yes,
- No, .....
- No, .....
- Yes,
- Yes,
- Yes,

# 1

7 Lucy si presenta e poi ti presenta la sua famiglia. Completa.





# (1

# 8 Cerchia di verde gli elementi che appartengono a Sue e di arancione quelli che appartengono a Tom.



His bike is blue.

Her cat is red.

His dog is black.

Her school bag is pink.

His school baq is purple.

Her bike is red.

Her dog is brown.

His cat is grey.

## 9 Completa con l'aggettivo possessivo corretto.

my • your • his • her • its

- 1 You have got a bike. bike is red.
- 2 She has got long hair. hair is long.
- 3 This dog has got blue eyes. eyes are blue.
- 4 I have a black cat. cat is black.
- 5 Mr Pink has a small car. car is small.

# My favourite food



1 Leggi che cosa piace o non piace a Susan e Josh. Poi completa con vero o falso.



- 1 She likes bread.
- 2 She likes plums.
- 3 She doesn't like bananas.
- 4 He likes eggs.
- 5 He doesn't like tomatoes.
- 6 He likes meat.
- 7 He doesn't like crisps.

- TF

- TE
- TE
- T F

#### My favourite food

#### 2 Cerchia il verbo corretto.

- 1 I like / likes sandwiches.
- 2 She doesn't like / don't like crisps.
- 3 Do / Does you like eggs?
- 4 My brother likes / like meat.
- 5 I don't / doesn't like plums.
- 6 Her grandmother like / likes fish.



### 3 Rispondi alle domande. Usa le risposte brevi.

1 Do you like tomatoes?	Yes,

- 2 Does Madison like cheese? No,
- 3 Does your mother like eggs? Yes, .....
- 4 Does Adam like fish? Yes,
- 5 Do you like meat? No,
- 6 Does your dog like bread? Yes,

#### 4 Inserisci la forma verbale corretta.

- 1 Jennifer milkshake.
- 2 you like sushi?
- 3 My grandfather like fruit salad.
- 4 his brother like peas?
- 5 Does Max tomatoes?
- 6 I like oranges.

# 5 Indovina di chi si parla e completa.

Rambo is two years old. It doesn't like tomatoes or chips.

It likes meat, fish and birds.

My name's

Gus is three years old. It doesn't like apples or pears.

It likes milk and fish.



My name's

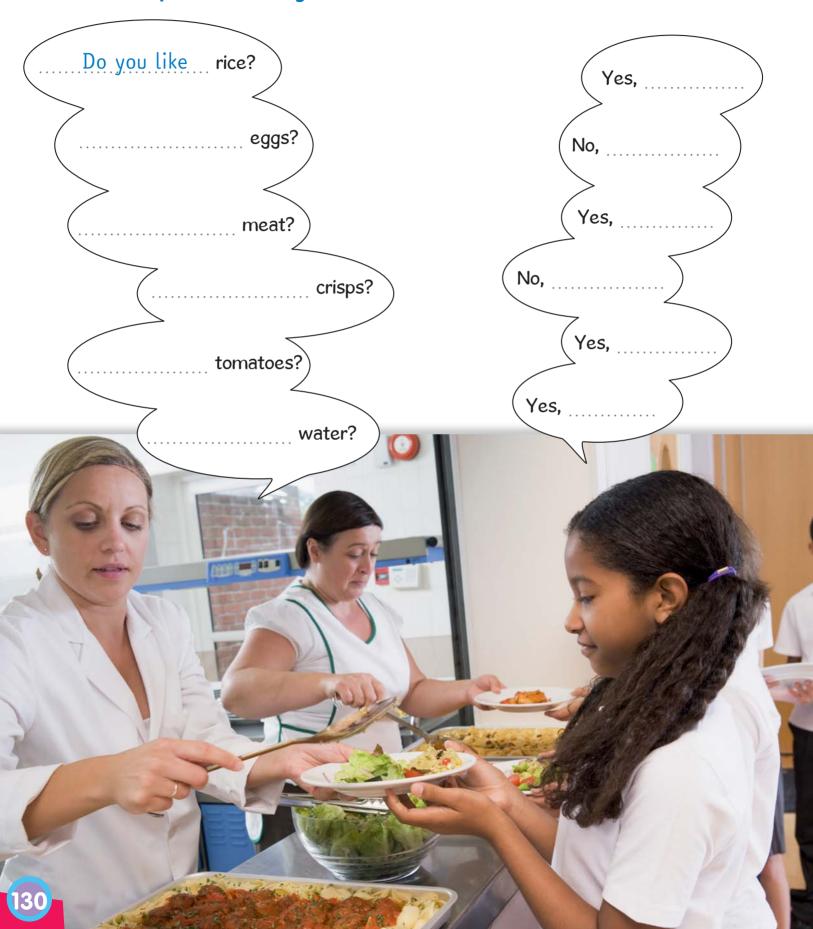
Duffy is six years old. It likes salad, apples and pears.

It doesn't like sausages, meat or fish.



## My favourite food

# 6 Completa il dialogo.



# 7 Leggi, poi racconta di Elly.

My name's Elly.

I like savoury food.

I like sausages with eggs and bread or fish fingers.

I don't like sweet food.

I don't like milk with chocolate biscuits or cake.

But my dog likes biscuits very much!

Her name's	
She	
She	•
	. •
She	• •
She	•••
But	• • •

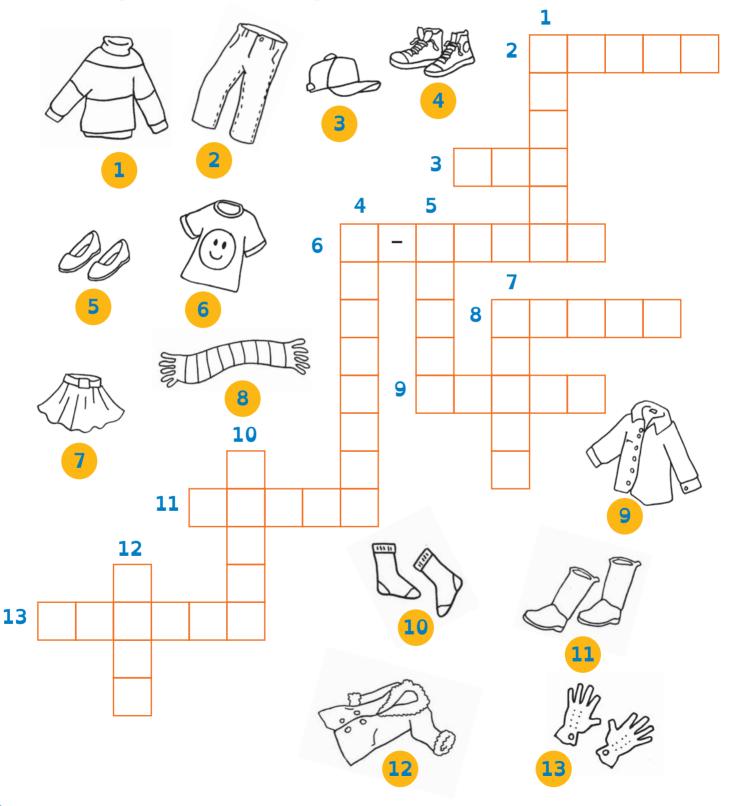




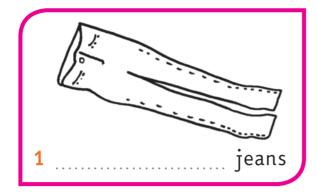


# My favourite clothes

1 Completa l'incrocio di parole.

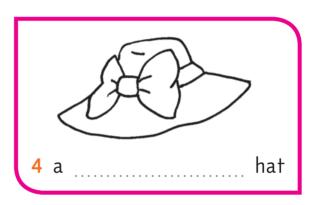


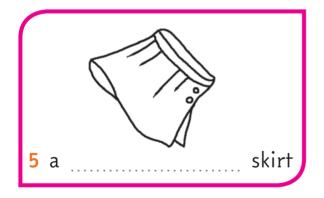
# 2 Inserisci l'aggettivo corretto, poi collega gli opposti.

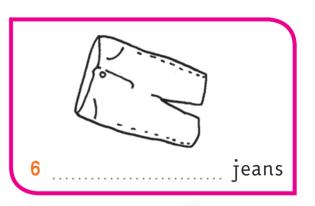


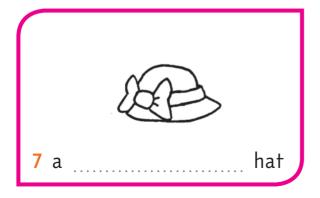


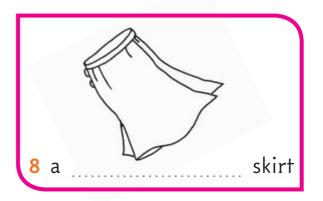












# My favourite clothes

5 Inserisci il verbo corretto.			
am • isn't • are	• is • am not • aren't		
1 I wearing old shoes.	4 John wearing a skirt.		
2 you wearing new socks?	5 You wearing a big cap.		
3 I wearing a small coat?	6 Max wearing an old jumper		
4 Completa le risposte brevi	•		
1 Are you happy?	Yes,		
2 Are you wearing a new cap?	Yes,		
3 Does she like fish?	Yes,		
4 Is she wearing a long skirt?	No,		
5 Is he angry?	No,		
6 Have you got a jumper?	Yes,		
7 Does he like meat?	No,		
8 Has he got a dog?	No,		
5 Rendi interrogative le segu	ienti frasi.		
1 He is a student.			
2 My jumper is dirty.			
3 You like pizza.			
4 He has got a new book.			
5 You are wearing my cap.			
6 He likes music.			
7 You have got a red jacket.			
8 You are my friend.			

# 6 Completa il dialogo.



#### My favourite clothes

### 7 Leggi e colora.

Hello, my name is Robert.

I'm wearing a red jacket
and a green jumper.

Under the jumper I'm wearing
a long yellow shirt.

I'm wearing green jeans.

My trainers are blue
and they are fantastic!

I have also got a blue cap,
but I'm not wearing it.



#### 8 Segna con un tick (🗸) le frasi corrette.

- 1 Robert is wearing...
- □ a red racket.
- □ a green jacket.
- ☐ a green jumper.
- 2 Robert is wearing...
- ☐ a long yellow skirt.
- ☐ a long yellow shirt.
- a short yellow shirt.

- 3 Robert...
- □ likes his blue trainers.
- ☐ doesn't like his blue trainers.
- ☐ likes his yellow trainers.
- 4 Robert...
- ☐ is wearing his blue cap.
- ☐ is wearing a red cap.
- ☐ is not wearing his blue cap.

# School time

1 Completa.

1 Paint a	5 Read a
-----------	----------







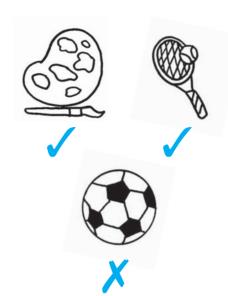
## 2 Rispondi.

What can you do in the canteen? In the canteen I can
What can you do in the gym?
What can you do in the art room?
What can you do in the computer lab?
What can you do in the music room?

# 3 Leggi e collega.



I can play football and tennis, but I can't play basketball.



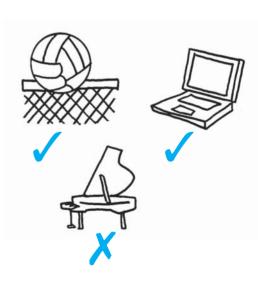


I can play volleyball and use the computer, but I can't play the piano.





I can paint a picture and play tennis, but I can't play football.



4	Com	pleta	le	risı	poste.
		pieca			000101

2 3 4 5	Can Max play the guitar? Can you play volleyball? Can your sister dance? Can Lory make a sandwich? Can we play football?	Yes, Yes, No, Yes, No,
6	Can they play videogames?	No,
5	Rendi negative le seguenti fra	nsi.
2 3 4 5	We can play tennis.  Susan can play the piano.  His dog can jump.  Josh can use a computer.  Your grandma can play hockey.  You can sing.	
6	Rendi interrogative le seguent	ti frasi.
1	We can play tennis.	
	Susan can play the piano.	
3	His dog can jump.	
4	Josh can use a computer.	
5	Your grandma can play hockey.	
6	You can sing.	

#### **School time**

### 7 Leggi.

Hello, my name's Kate.

I have a fantastic family.

My mum can play tennis.

My dad and my grandad

can play basketball.

My brother can play hockey.

My sister can play volleyball.

I can't play tennis or basketball.

I can't play hockey or volleyball,

but my family loves me!

I don't like sports, I like books

and I love the school library.

I can read books in English. I'M GREAT!



- **1** Her...
- ☐ dad and her grandad can't play basketball.
- ☐ dad can play basketball, but her grandad can't.
- ☐ dad and her grandad can play basketball.
- 2 Her...
- □ brother and her sister can play hockey.
- ☐ brother can play hockey.
- □ brother can't play hockey.
- 3 Kate...
- ☐ likes books.
- ☐ doesn't like books.
- ☐ likes tennis.



## 9 Dopo aver svolto le attività di pagina 140, completa il dialogo.

Can you play tennis?

hockey?

basketball?

volleyball?

What can you do?

Really? I love books. You are great!



No, I can't, but my mum ...

I can read books!

Thank you!





# Safari park

4						
	Volgi	al	plurale	delle	seguenti	parole.

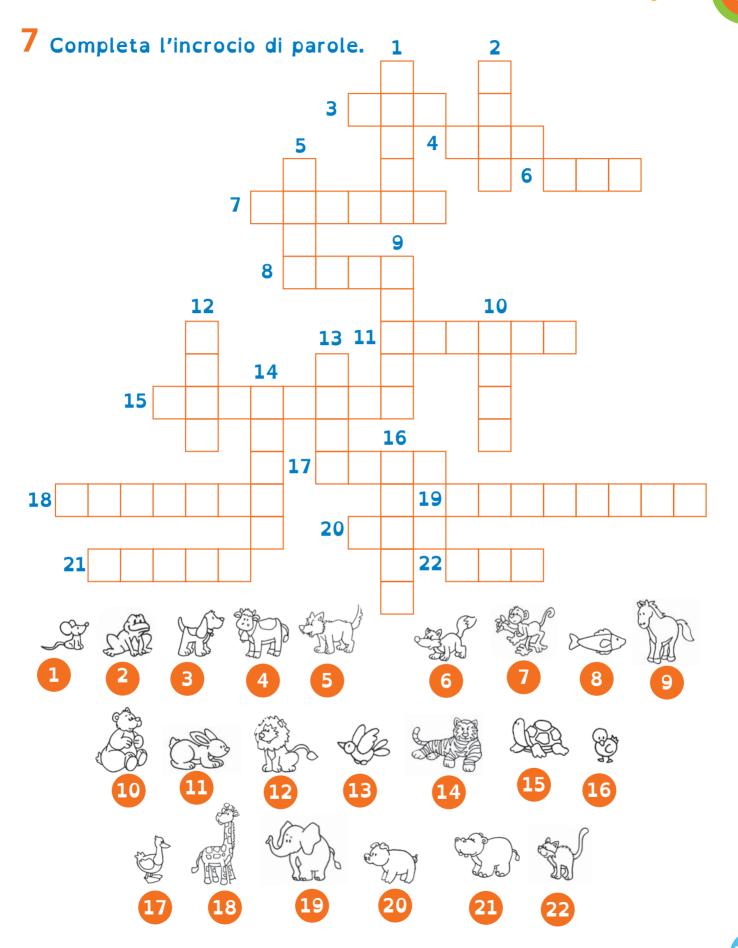
1	videogame	<b>7</b> dog	
2	apple	<b>8</b> boy	
3	tomato	9 foot	
4	lady	<b>10</b> baby	
5	thief	<b>11</b> cat	
6	sandwich	<b>12</b> bus	

## 2 Volgi al plurale.

Hi, mum.
I'm in the jungle.
I can see a crocodile.
It is green and brown.
It is very long.
It has got a big mouth and a long tooth.
It likes meat.
It can run and swim.
It is terrible!



HI, MUM	 	



# NOW I CAN... SPEAK ENGLISH!

l am	I ha

																							)	1	<b>V</b>	7														
٠		•	•	٠		•		•	٠				•	•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		 		٠	٠	•		•	•			•	
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