











SYLLABUS	MAIN VOCABULARY	MAIN STRUCTURES	CLIL AND CIVILISATION
Let's Start!	Revision Unit	Revision Unit	
1	get up, go to school, have breakfast/lunch/dinner, finish school, do my homework, watch television, go to bed	Present simple action verbs  What time is it?  What time do you?	Clil: Food and nutrition Civilisation: Theme Parks
What time is it?	sound corner: g/j		
2 My favourite TV programmes	quiz show, science-fiction film, cartoon, detective film, romantic film, nature/ sports/ music programme, the News boring, interesting, amusing, moving sleeping, crying, laughing, reading, taking notes, recording	Present simple action verbs Present continuous  What time does it start? Why are you sleeping?	Clil: Environmental studies  Civilisation: Fantastic  Worlds
	Sound corner: i/ee		
3 When I grow up	journalist, computer technician, doctor, shop assistant, chef, dancer, vet, football player, photographer, mechanic, nurse  inside, outside, uniform, alone, team, travel  Sound corner: p/b	Present simple of all verbs  Interrogative pronouns  When I grow up, I want to be  Who is?	Clil: P.E.  Civilisation: Round, oval, large or small
4 In town	post office, greengrocer's, statue, swimming pool, library, park, church, bus stop, station  behind, opposite, next to, near, between  turn left, turn right, cross the road, go straight on  Sound corner: revision	Imperative  Prepositions of place  Ordinal numbers  Where is?  Go turn  It's the first building on the right.	Clil: Road safety Civilisation: The London Eye
5 Where are you from?	Countries and Nationality adjectives	Revision of all verb forms  Comparative adjectives Some/Any	Clil: Social skills  Civilisation: The English- Speaking World
My diary	New Year's Day, St. Valentine's Day, St St. George's Day, May Day, Mother's Da Guy Fawke's Night, Christmas Day, Boxin	ay, Notting Hill Carnival, Hallow	
Grammar Zone	Gli aggettivi qualificativi, i comparativi, ordinali, la data, verbo essere (to be), a il presente progressivo, l'imperativo, mo	avere (to have), can, il presente	
Theatrino Time	Excalibur		

Mariagrazia Bertarini • Martha Huber • Paolo lotti





#### Now I can 5

di Mariagrazia Bertarini, Martha Huber e Paolo lotti

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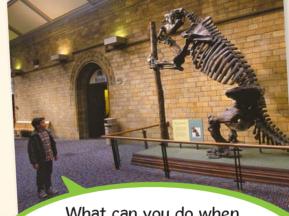
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## Let's start!





I like going on holiday with my parents because we always visit interesting places.



What can you do when you are on holiday? You can visit a museum. There are all kinds of museums: art, science, history... What's your favourite one?

> I like playing with my dog. His name is Sparky. I also like meeting my friends at the park. They like playing with Sparky, too.

I love snowboarding! It's very exciting and it's not very difficult!

#### Listen, act and read. (3)











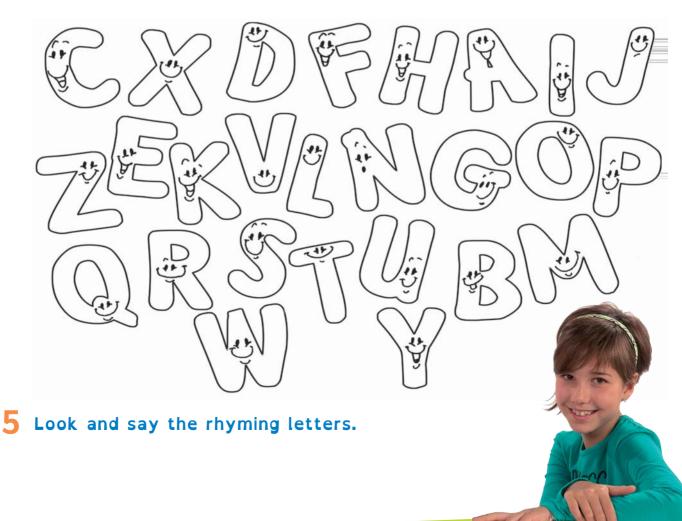


#### 3 Find the odd one out.

spiders	monsters	ghosts	snakes	kitchen	the dark
scary stories	comics	windy	wildlife books	love stories	mystery books
		27.00			
Maths	pet shop	English	History	Music	Art
	New York Control				
supermarket	baker's	bookshop	toy shop	sunny	clothes shop
thieves	cloudy	rainy	snowy	foggy	windy

### 4 Listen and colour the letters. 4





- 6 Read and match.
- What are you afraid of?
- What do you like reading?
- What's your favourite subject?
- What's your favourite day?
- 5 Where can you buy a new pair of jeans? 1 It's Geography.
- 6 What's the weather like today?

- A It's sunny.
- 11's Saturday.
- © I like reading scary stories.
- D I'm afraid of ghosts.
- [] In a clothes shop.



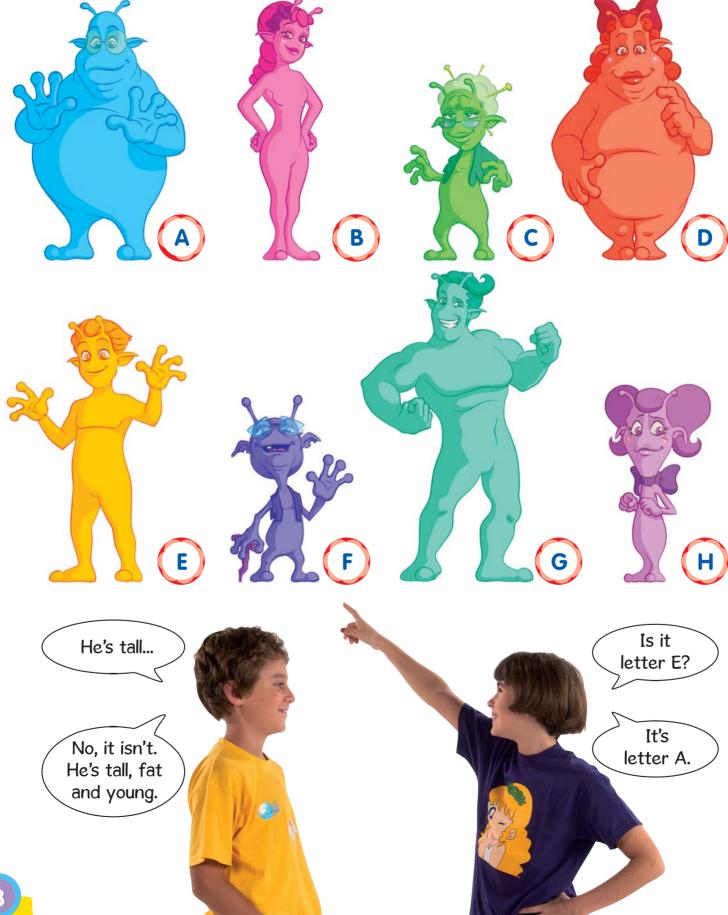


- Talk to a friend.
- What are you afraid of?
- What do you like reading?
- What's your favourite subject?
- What's your favourite day?
- 5 Where can you buy a cake?
- 6 What's the weather like today?

PLAY

8 Listen and play **The Who is Who Game**. 5





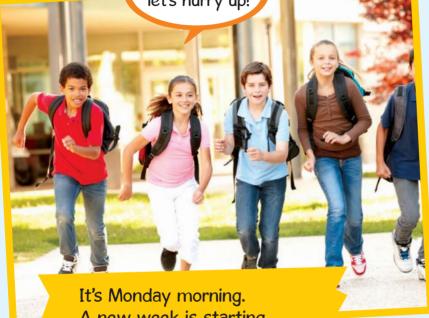
# What time is it?

Listen and read.



We're late, let's hurry up!

In the afternoon I usually do my homework. Then I go out and play with my friends.



A new week is starting... These children are going to school together.



On Sunday morning we have breakfast late. No school today! No homework! Hurray!



#### Listen, act and read.













Look, I've got a nice book: "Ghosts and Monsters".



















get up



have breakfast



go to school



finish school



have lunch



do my homework



have dinner



watch television



go to bed





I get up, I have breakfast.

I get up, I have breakfast, I go to school.



5 Listen and complete. Sing. 10

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday

I usually .....at seven o'clock,

then then

Saturday and Sunday

I ..... at nine o'clock

I .....

and then I play

until I

until I

6 Let's tune in! Look and listen.

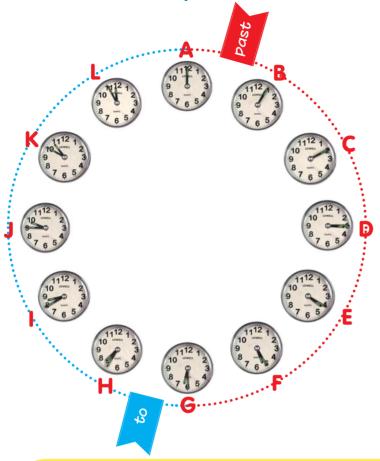


What time do you go to bed?



#### Look and complete. Listen and check [13]





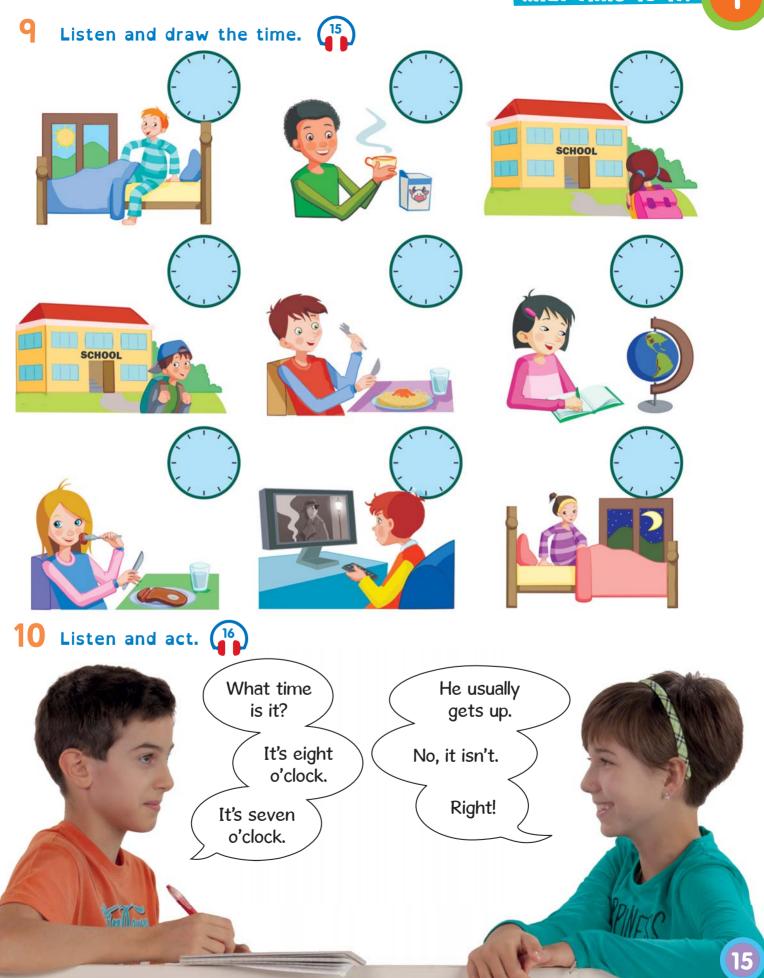
A	It's	twelve o'clock.
B	It's	five one.
		ten two.
_		a quarter three.
<b>3</b>	It's	twenty four.
<b>(3</b> )	It's	twenty-five five.
<b>G</b>	It's	half past
	It's	twenty-fiveeight.
0	It's	twenty
1	It's	a quarter
K	It's	ten
		five

It's eight o'clock. It's five past eight. It's a quarter past eight. It's half past eight. It's a quarter to nine. It's ten to nine.

#### 8 Listen and choose. $\binom{14}{4}$



- What time do you usually get up? I usually get up at 6:50 ☐ / 7:10 ☐, but on Saturdays and Sundays I get up at  $9:15 \square / 9:30 \square$ .
- What time do you usually have lunch? I usually have lunch at 12:30 ☐ / 1:30 ☐, but on Sundays I have lunch at  $12:45 \square / 13:15 \square$ .
- 3 What time do you usually go to bed? I usually go to bed at 8:30 □ / 9:30 □, but on Saturday evenings, I go to bed at  $10:15 \square / 9:45 \square$ .



## 1

#### 11 Talk to your friends and complete.

What time do you	Laura	 
get up?	7.00	
have breakfast?	7.20	
go to school?	7.40	
finish school?	12.45	
nave lunch?	1.15	
o your homework?	2.30	
ave dinner?	6.00	
vatch television?	6.30	
go to bed?	9.15	

### 12 Complete.

Laura gets up at seven o'clock.
She has breakfast at
She goes to school at
She finishes school at
She has lunch at .
She does her homework at
She has dinner at
She watches television at
She goes to bed at

### 13 Write about your friends in your notebook.

#### 14 Listen and complete. (17)





Hi, my name's John. I'm a football player. I always ..... at a quarter to seven. I also eat cereal, milk and fruit. At a quarter past eight I usually go to the stadium. I play football with my team. At half past one I ....... I love football!

Hello, my name's Claire. I'm a dancer. I usually at half past eight. For breakfast I fruit and yogurt. At ten o'clock I usually go to dance school. I dance with my teachers. At two o'clock I . . I love dancing!

#### 15 Read and tick.

- She usually gets up at...
  - a □ 6:45
  - b □ 8:30
  - c □ 7:30
- 2 He usually has lunch at...
  - a □ 12:30
  - b □ 1:30
  - c 2:00

- 3 He usually goes...
  - $a \square$  to the theatre.
  - **b**  $\square$  to the stadium.
  - $c \sqcap to the cinema.$
- 4 She loves...
  - $\mathbf{a} \ \square$  theatre.
  - b □ football.
  - c \[ \] dancing.

#### 16 Listen and number. $\binom{18}{1}$











mechanic

teacher

student

musician

#### 17 Listen and complete. $\binom{19}{2}$



1 She goes to school every day. Sometimes she starts lessons at a quarter past eight, sometimes at ten o'clock in the morning.

She's a ...... Her name's......

- 2 He goes to school every day. He always starts lessons at a quarter past eight. He's a ...... His name's......
- 3 He goes to work every day at seven o'clock in the morning. He loves cars. He's a .....

His name's.....

4 She goes to work at a quarter past eight in the evening. She loves music.

Her name's......



#### 18 Read and complete. Listen and check. $\binom{20}{2}$





Posted on: 18th October Hello, welcome to my BLOG! I usually spend my holidays in town, but this year I am at the It's great! I love playing the We at at We **9** at and then we have music lessons. At me have lunch. After lunch, we listen to or play on the At I have my lesson. In the evening we to bed at 💮 ...... Wow, I my holidays!



At music camp!



On the beach!



## NOW I CAN

#### Look and complete.













It's twenty past two.





It's half It's a quarter past seven. past one.



It's five to nine.



It's a quarter to five.

#### 2 Look and complete.



Nick gets up at ......



He .....



He





He																										
	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰	۰



#### Read and match. Complete.





Hello, I'm Martina. I go to work at a quarter past eight in the evening. I'm a





Hello, I'm Ben. I go to work at seven o'clock in the morning. I'm a





Hello, I'm Ricky. I always start lessons at a quarter past eight in the morning. I'm a





Hello, I'm Sarah. I sometimes start lessons at a quarter past nine in the morning. I'm a





### Listen and read. (21)



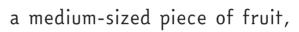
To get vitamins and minerals you must eat three servings of vegetables and two servings of fruit each day.













1/2 plate of vegetables,



one cup of cooked peas or beans.

> One serving of fruit and vegetables fits into the palm of your hand.

2 Make your green diary.

Colour one each time you eat a serving of fruit or vegetables.

Draw a X each time you do 5 minutes of physical activity.

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Ů.Ů Ů.Ö	0 0 0	٥, ٥ ٥ ٥	Ů.Ů Ů.Ů	0,0 00

Draw a X each time you try something new!

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Fruit					
Vegetables					
Physical Activity					

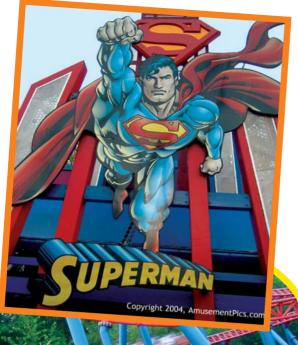
At the end of the week count your and X.

Ask your friends. Who is the winner in your class?

# Theme Parks







Near the waterpark area the **Super Hero section**. Superman is a very high roller coaster with tunnels, speed hills and terrific turns. say that it is .....

> Put your hands in the air and scream as you go down! Wow, it's fun!

of the best roller coasters in the world.







Garfield's blue jacket looks great!

2 Listen and circle.



3 Tongue twister. Listen and repeat. (25)



Green grey jelly.

## THIS IS ME

1 Write about you and read to the class.

It's important to eat three servings of vegetables and two servings of fruit each day.

On Mondays
I Mondays!

On Sundays	
I Sundays!	

2 Complete.

This is my	
	name's
(He/She)	's (years old)
(He/She)	's a
(He/She)	gets up at
(He/She)	has lunch at
(He/She)	has dinner at
(He/She)	goes to hed at



What's your favourite day?
What do you do?

#### Unit

# My favourite TV programmes

1 Listen and read. (26)



I like watching football on TV and I like playing it sometimes, too. Do you prefer watching a match on TV or playing with your friends?





I like cartoons with animals. Some children prefer them with robots. What about you?

Do you like sports, cartoons or nature

You can learn a lot about animals by watching nature programmes: where they live, what they eat, how they play.









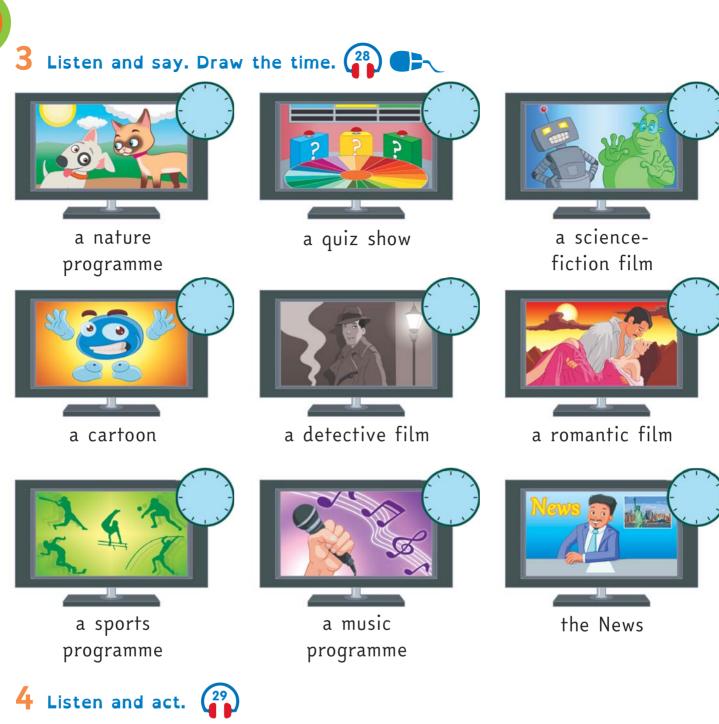














A detective film is starting.

A nature programme is starting.

#### 5 Listen and complete. Sing. (30)



My sister often watches and science-fiction films, but she never watches quiz shows or programmes.

My dad always watches and sports programmes, but he never watches

Sometimes I like watching

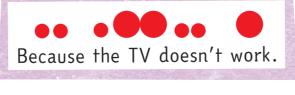
Oh, yes! Watching TV can be great fun, But I prefer lying in the sun.



6 Let's tune in! Look and listen.  $\binom{32}{1}$ 









#### Listen and say. (33)





sleeping



crying



laughing



reading



taking notes



recording





- What is she doing? She is laughing/sleeping. Why? Because the film is boring/amusing.
- What is he doing? He is recording/reading. Why? Because the show is interesting/boring.
- 3 What is he doing? He is listening/playing a videogame. Why? Because the news is boring/interesting.
- What is she doing? She is laughing/crying. Why? Because the film is moving/amusing.



boring



interesting



amusinq



moving

#### My favourite TV programmes



Sue

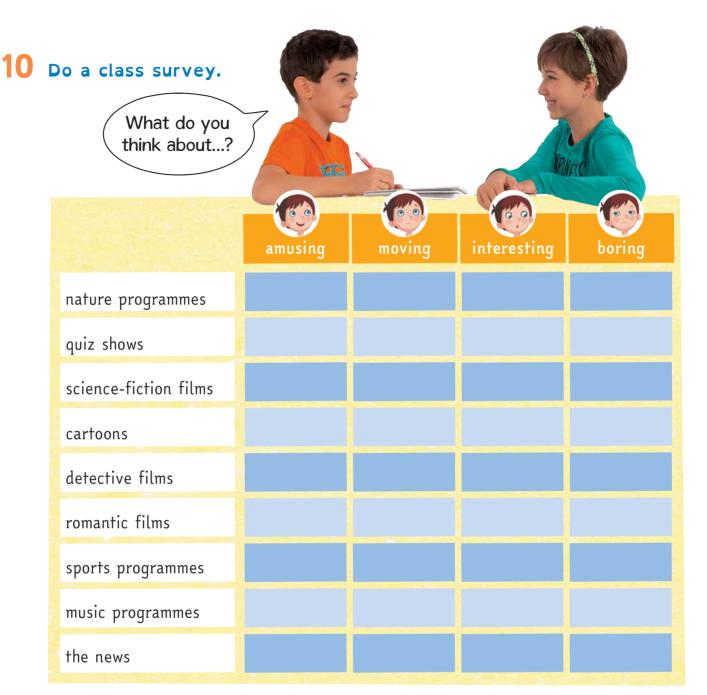
Lee

lan

Pat

Josh

Elly



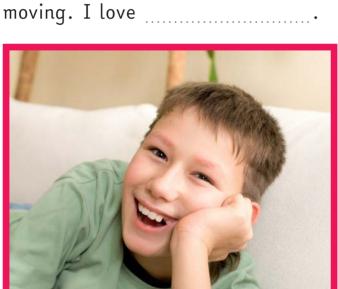
#### 11 Write about two friends.

U	usually watches
	because
2	doesn't watch
	because
3	usually watches
	because
4	doesn't watch
	herause

#### 12 Listen and complete. (36)



Hello, my name's Olly, I love basketball. I play basketball on ..... and on Saturdays. I usually watch sports programmes because they are ....., but today I'm ..... a romantic film. I'm crying because the film is





Hello, my name's <b>Matt</b> , I like
. I have two
dogs, a cat, a hamster and two
I usually watch
nature programmes on
afternoons they
are interesting, but today I'm
watching cartoons because they are
. I love cartoons.

#### 13 Tick.

- He usually watches...
  - a ☐ sports programmes.
  - **b** □ nature programmes.
  - c □ cartoons.
- 2 Today she is watching...
  - a □ a nature programme.
  - b □ a romantic film.
  - c □ a music programme.

- She is crying because...
  - a ☐ the film is boring.
  - **b** \( \text{ the sports programme is moving.}\)
  - c □ the film is moving.
- 4 He is laughing because...
  - a cartoons are amusing.
  - **b** nature programmes are amusing.
  - c romantic films are amusing.

#### 14 Look and play.

	Mon	Tues	Wed	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun
10:00 am	Sherlock Holmes	Famous singers	London today	Monsters & Co	Tennis champions	Sherlock Holmes	Romeo and Juliet
11:15 am	London today	The big quiz!	Tigers and lions	Aliens	Sherlock Holmes	The big quiz!	London today
3:30 pm	Romeo and Juliet	Aliens	London today	Sherlock Holmes	Tigers and lions	Monsters & Co	Tennis champions
4:45 pm	Tigers and lions	Tennis champions	Sherlock Holmes	Famous singers	London today	Aliens	The big quiz!
5.10 pm	Monsters & Co	London today	Tennis champions	Romeo and Juliet	The big quiz!	Famous singers	Tigers and lions



Yes, we can.

It starts at a quarter past eleven in the morning.

15 Read and complete. Listen and check.  $\binom{37}{4}$ 



## KING'S OAK Primary School













### NOW I CAN

#### Look and complete.





Nick's favourite TV programme is

It starts at \_\_\_\_\_ past\_\_\_\_

Jenny's favourite TV programme





Eddy's favourite

Molly

#### 2 Look, read and complete.



She usually watches the news, but today she's watching a science-fiction film.



He usually	detective
films, but today	



She usually	romantic
films, but today	



He usually	nature	5
programmes, but today		



#### Environmental studies

#### Listen and read. Look for the words you don't know in a dictionary. (38)

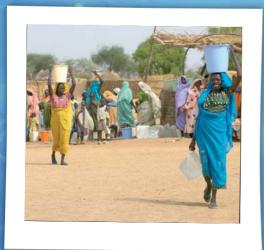




In many countries people must dig wells to find water.

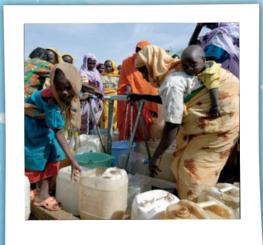


Water is life.





When the well is finished there is a feast for the whole village.



Women go to the well to fetch water.

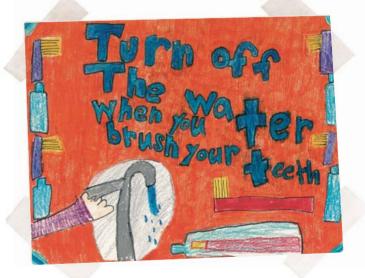
They carry heavy buckets of water on their heads. Then, they walk a long way to take the water home to their families.

2 Find three ways to save water.



3 Look at the examples. Then draw an ad about saving water.







## Fantastic Worlds

Listen and complete. (39)



In Kensington Gardens in London a bronze statue of Peter Pan. Peter Pan is a very popular English character. All know his story.

Write a title for each picture. Choose from:

The Indian princess.

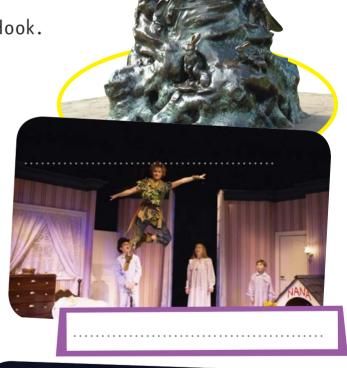
The lost children are prisoners.

Peter is fighting against Captain Hook.

Peter Pan in John's bedroom.









#### **ENGLISH WRITERS**

3 Look at four London book benches. Each bench represents a famous English book. Match the words and the pictures. Can you guess the

titles of the books?



wardrobe

Alice

jungle

Baloo

detective

lion

mirror

Doctor Watson







1 Listen and repeat. 40



Mr Bean is in a bin!

2 Listen and circle. 41





1 Tim team

4 this these

2 he's his

5 bean bin

3 ship sheep

6 teen tin

3 Tongue twister. Listen and repeat. (42)



This bin is a green tin.



### THIS IS ME

Complete and read to the class.

My favourite TV programme is
It's on channel every
It starts at
I
watch it, because it's

2 Write about a friend.

(name)likes watching
and
(He/She) prefers
(He/She) doesn't like or
•

3 Ask your friend.

What's your favourite TV programme?

On which channel is it?

What time does it start?



# When I grow up

### 1 Listen and read. $\binom{2}{2}$



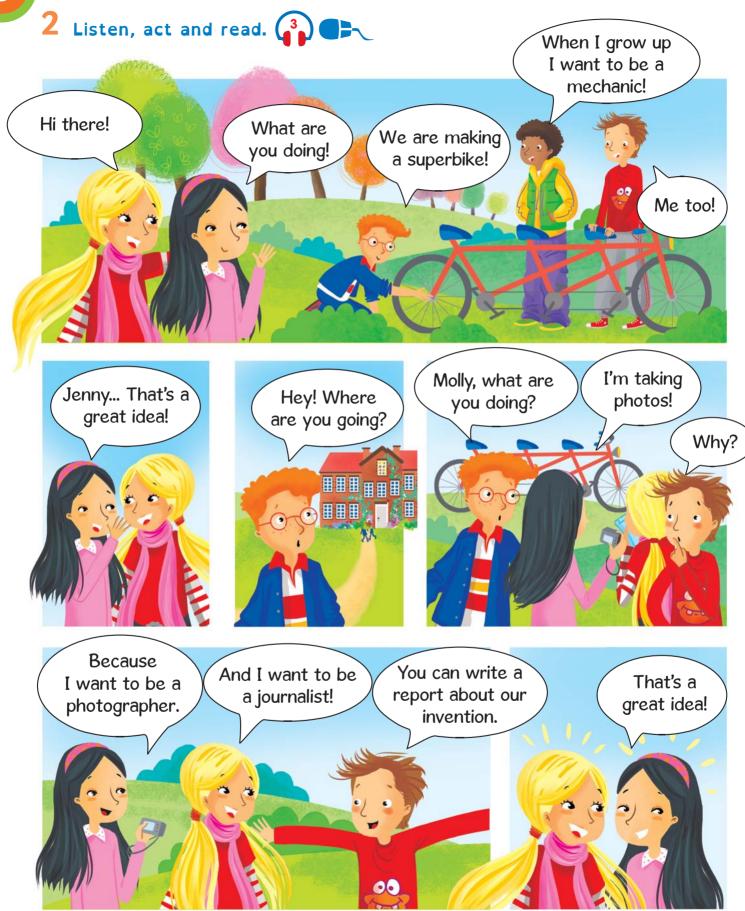
I like all sports, but I love tennis. When I grow up I want to be a tennis player.



I like cooking and watching cooking

















journalist

computer technician

doctor

shop assistant









teacher

chef

dancer

vet









football player

photographer

mechanic

nurse

#### 4 Listen and act. 5







### 5 Listen and complete. Do the chant.

When I grow up
I want to be a \_\_\_\_\_
because I want to help
lots and lots of pets.

I want to be a
"What do you want to buy?"
"Good morning, can I help you?"
"See you, goodbye!"

I want to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_, a dentist or a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

That's all about me.

What do you want to be?





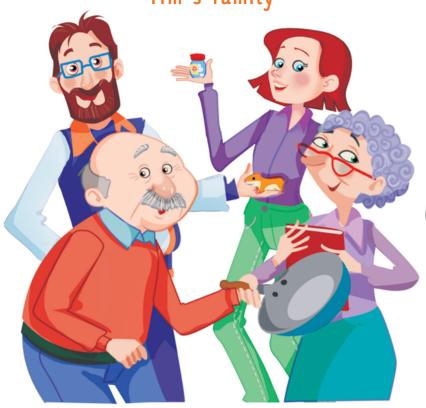




### Look and complete. Listen and check.



#### Tim's family



#### Mary's family



Tim's father is a	Mary's father is a

#### 8 Answer.

Who is a chef?	Tim's grandad.
Who is a doctor?	
Who is a dancer?	
Who is a teacher?	
Who is a mechanic?	
Who is a vet?	
Who is a nurse?	
Who is a photographer?	

.....



#### 10 Answer. Use Yes, he/she does - No, he/she doesn't.

- 1 Does Elly want to be a vet?
- 2 Does Josh want to be a chef?
- 3 Does Kate want to be a photographer?
- 4 Does Zack want to be a computer technician?
- 5 Does Pam want to be a mechanic?

11 What are your favourite jobs? I and write your list.	ook for the words in a dictionary
0	<b>5</b>
2	6
3	<b>7</b>
4	8
12 Read and act. Ask two girls and	two boys in your class.
Tom, what do you want to be?	When I grow up I want to be a mechanic.
Name	wants to be a
Tom	mechanic

12				
15	Listen	and	comp	lete.



Hello,	my	name'	S	Max.
My				is a

. is a gardener.

I love trees and ......

I love gardens and when I grow  $\mbox{\sc up}$ 

a gardener like my grandfather.



gardening.	
4	

Hi, my name's Alison.

Here I'm

My is a hairdresser.

I love long ....., short hair,

blond hair, red hair, dark hair.

I love combing my sister's hair

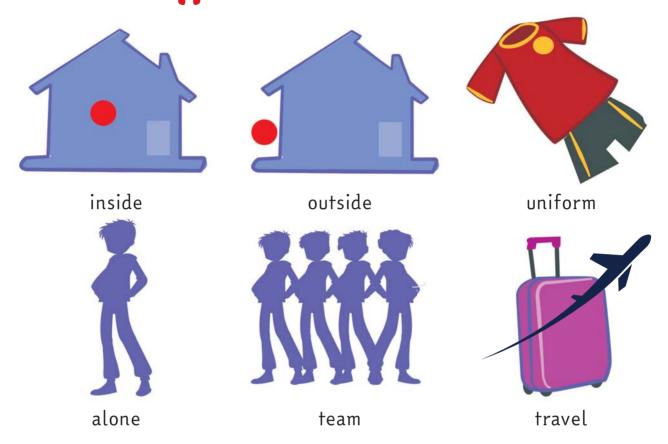
I want to be a hairdresser like my aunt.

#### 14 Tick.

- Her aunt is ...
  - a  $\square$  a gardener.
  - **b** □ a hairdresser.
  - c  $\square$  a teacher
- Me loves ...
  - a ☐ teaching.
  - b □ combing her sister's hair.
  - c qardening.

- 8 His grandad is ...
  - **a** □ a teacher.
  - **b** □ a hairdresser.
  - c □ a gardener.
- 4 She loves...
  - a □ teaching.
  - **b** □ combing her sister's hair.
  - c □ gardening.

#### 15 Listen and say. (12)



#### 16 Listen and guess. Complete. 13



Do you wear a uniform?	Yes, I do.
Do you work with your hands?	No, I don't.
Do you work at night?	Sometimes.
Do you work at weekends?	Yes, I do.
Do you work with animals?	No, I don't.
Do you work alone?	No, I don't.
Do you work outside?	Yes, I do.
Do you travel?	Yes, I do. Two weekends a month.

 $I^\prime m$  a .....

#### 17 Play the game with your friends.

#### 18 Read and complete. Listen and check. $\binom{14}{4}$





POSTED ON: 28TH JANUARY My name is Andy and I have a fantastic family. My grandfather works 🐧 at night. He works and he wears a He is a bed tester. My mother works \_\_\_\_\_ too but she doesn't wear a . She is a dog psychologist. My dad works . He wears a and he a lot. He is a waterslide tester. My grandmother works at weekends. She wears a . She works in a . She is a clown. When I grow up I want to be a clown like my granny.



### NOW I CAN

#### 1 Complete.



When he grows up,



.....













2 Circle the correct answer.



Do you wear a uniform?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you work with your hands?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you work at night?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you work at weekends?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you work with animals?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you work alone?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you work outside?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.

Do you travel?

Yes, I do.

No, I don't.





#### Listen and complete. (15)



Rope skipping is very popular at ....., but it is also a ....... In many countries there are teams and take

part in competitions.

Both and play on the same teams.

The teams have

like: the Perdue Jumping Bulldogs,

the Jumping Frogs,

the Kangaroo Kids.



To be a good jumper you need a good rope.

handle

rope

3 Match. Listen and check. (16)

The rope must be of the right size.

the handles must reach your shoulders. For single jumping:

For side-by-side jumping: the handles must reach your armpits.

For jumping with a partner: the handles must reach your armpits.



#### 4 Listen and complete. [7]



Hello, I'm Tom. I like ..... croquet. My is a champion and he's teaching me to play. Croquet is very popular in \_\_\_\_\_ federation areas. I got a beautiful set. In my croquet set there are balls, mallets, hoops, pegs and corner flags.



#### Complete.





outdoor set



• This is a picture of my worst hit.



And this is my best hit!



# Round, oval, large or small

Listen. Write the name of the sport.



Players wear a helmet, shoulder pads, hip pads, knee pads and gloves. The ball is oval. Each team has eleven players on the field at a time. When a player carries the ball over the goal line he scores a touchdown, worth 6 points.



The ball is round and the players can kick the ball with their feet or use their head, but they can't use their hands. Only the goalkeeper can catch the ball with his hands. To score, a player must make the ball go into the net. Each goal is worth 1 point.

Players usually wear a cap, but have no special protection. It is a bat and ball game. Each team has nine players on the field at a time. Each time a player comes back "home" a point is scored. The game is divided into 9 "innings".



#### 2 Read and match.



1 Listen and repeat.



Pebble and Bam Bam are two prehistoric babies.

2 Listen and circle. (20)





3 Tongue twister. Listen and repeat. (21)



Peggy's big pink piggy bank.



### THIS IS ME

1 Describe two members of your family and read to the class.
Use the words inside, outside, uniform, alone, team, travel

1	<b>V</b>	1	y																	•		•	• •								•		I :	S		ć	a				\	
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My is	a
He/She works	
	• • • •
	• • • •
	• • • •
	• • • •
	• • • •

What do you want to be when you grow up?
Why? Write.



# In town

1 Listen and read. (22)



We love playing in the park. Here we're playing tug of war! Do you play this game in your country?



We meet in the library every Thursday at 4.30 pm. We read books and talk about them. Is there a library where you live?

My friend and I go to the swimming pool twice a week. We love it! Is there a swimming pool where you live?

#### 2 Listen, act and read. (23)



Kids, we are in Brighton. Oh, I'm so happy! I want to show you a lot of things.



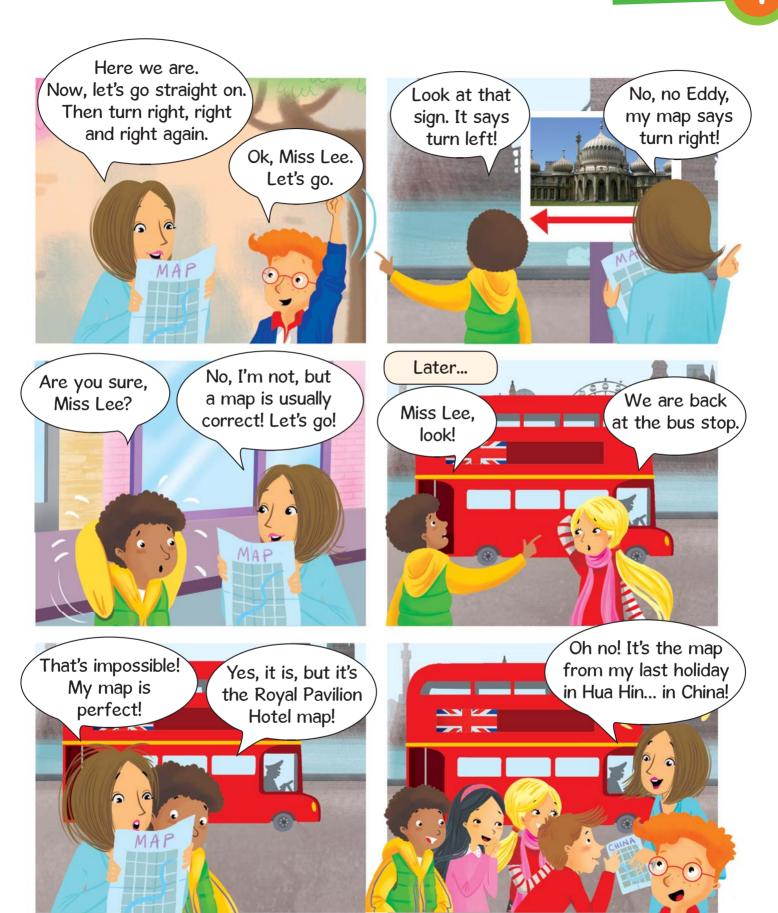
















post office



greengrocer's



statue



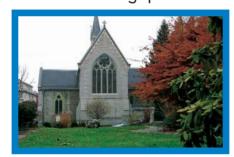
swimming pool



library



park



church



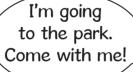
bus stop



station

Read and act.

I'm going to the park and to the station. Come with me!





I'm going to the park, to the station and to the library. Come with me!

#### 5 Listen and complete. Sing. (25)



Excuse me, where's the bus stop? It's opposite I can't read my map, it's getting a bit dark.

Excuse me, can you tell me where's the I can't read my map, it's getting very dark.

Go straight on, then turn right. Opposite the you'll find the school.

And next to the school you can find the park then just... hop! You're at the

6 Let's tune in! Look and listen.  $\binom{27}{1}$ 





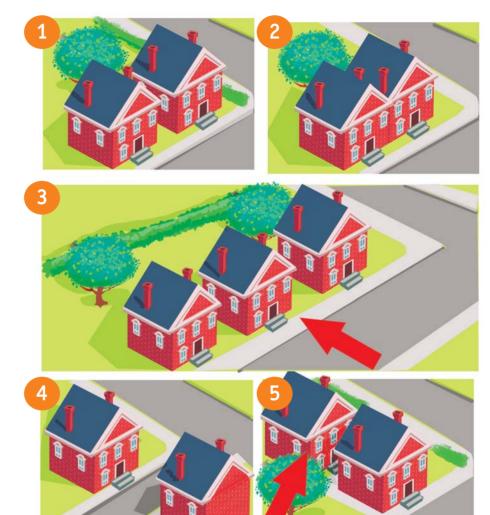




#### Listen and match. (28)



- behind
- opposite
- next to
- near
- between

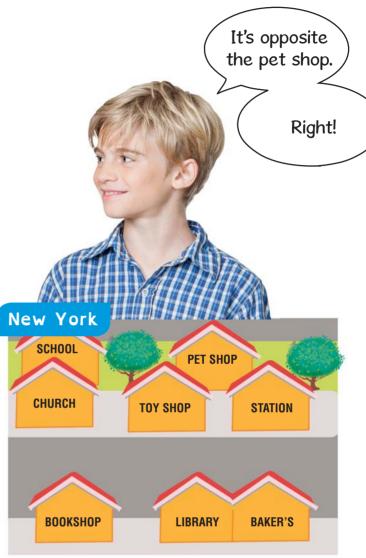


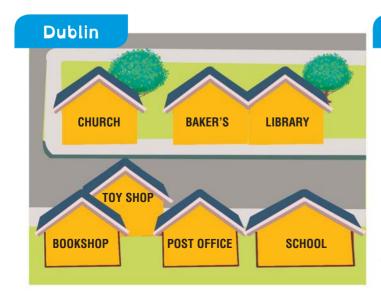
#### 8 Draw, say and write where you usually sit in the classroom.



#### 9 Read and play.









#### Listen and say. Write the numbers. $\binom{29}{3}$



1st • 2nd • 3rd • 4th • 5th • 6th • 7th • 8th • 9th • 10th

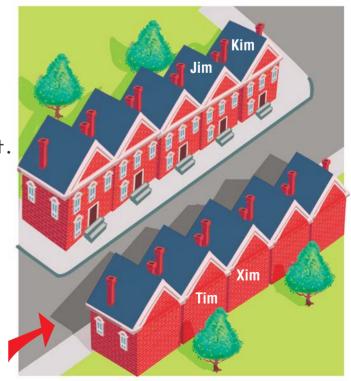
second														
fourth														
seventh														
third														
eighth														
first														
ninth														
sixth														
tenth														
fifth														

#### Complete.

- 1 The tenth month of the year
- 2 The second day of the week is
- 3 The second season of the year is
- 4 The seventh letter of the alphabet is .....
- 5 The third letter of your name is

#### Read and complete.

I live in Oak Lane. My house is the fourth building on the left. My name is ...... I live in Oak Lane. My house is the second building on the right. My name is ...... I live in Oak Lane. My house is the fifth building on the left. My name is ...... I live in Oak Lane. My house is the third building on the right. My name is ......



#### 12 Listen and complete. (30)



Hello, my name's Josh. I live in Cherry Street. My house is the building • It is a big blue house with a yellow door and orange windows. It is \_\_\_\_\_ a pet shop and a bookshop. my house





Hello, my name's Alice. I live in Apple Street. My house is the building . It is a small red house with a white door and white windows. my house there is a clothes shop. Opposite my house there is the library.

#### 13 Tick.

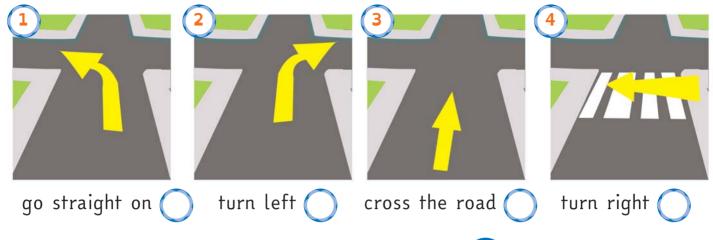
Her house is...

there is a park.

- a on the right.
- **b**  $\square$  on the left.
- c near the fountain.
- She lives in a...
  - $\mathbf{a} \square \mathsf{small} \mathsf{blue} \mathsf{house}$ .
  - b □ small red house.
  - c □ blue biq house.

- His house is...
  - a □ opposite the library
  - **b** near the bookshop.
  - c □ opposite a park.
- 4 He lives in a...
  - a ☐ small orange house.
  - **b** □ biq blue house.
  - c □ big yellow house.

14 Look and match.



15 Listen and play. Use the map on page 73. 31



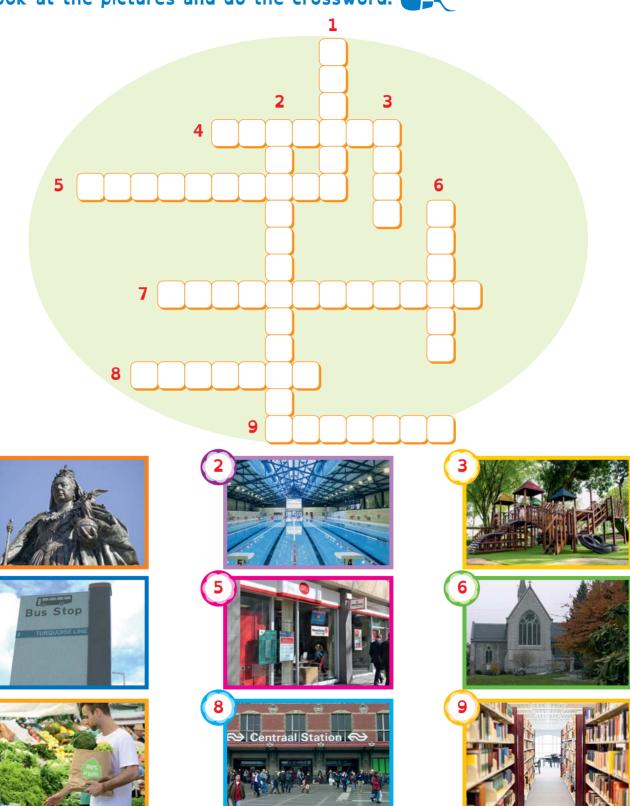
16 Write a dialogue with a friend. Use the map on page 73.

excuse me	

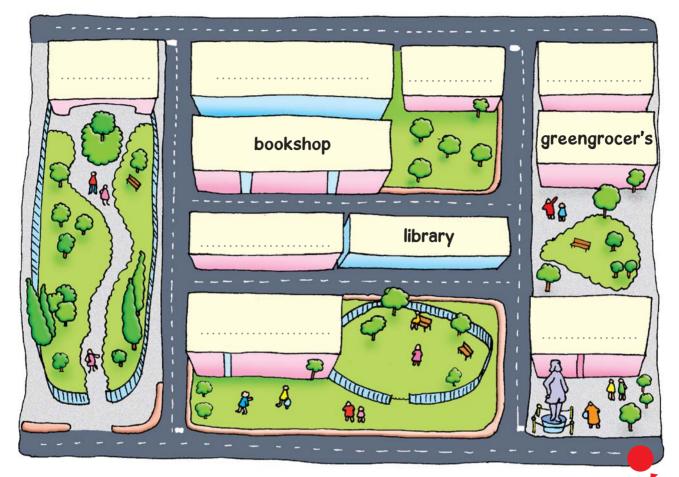


# NOW I CAN

1 Look at the pictures and do the crossword.



#### f 2 Read, then write the buildings and draw the route. lack f =



You are here.

- Go straight on to the statue, then turn right.
- On your right you find the church. Turn left. On your right you can see the library; next to the library there is the supermarket.
- Opposite the supermarket there is the swimming pool.
- Turn right, then go straight on.
- On your right there is the bookshop; next to the bookshop there is the school.
- Opposite the school there is a park.
- Turn right at the school. Go straight on. On your right there is a bus stop. Turn right.
- On your left there is the post office. Next to the post office there is the greengrocer's.



Listen and match. 32



Hi, I'm Josh.

This is my new bike.

Help me put these things in the right place, then I can ride my bike.





### 2 Answer.

Have you got a bike? What colour is it? Is it old or new? Is it big or small?









You must turn right.



You must turn left.



You must go straight on.



You can't turn right.



You can't turn left.



You can't go straight on.



Cycles only.



No cycles.





Pedestrian precinct.



Give way.



# The London Eye

Listen and complete. (34)









- I scream, you scream, we all scream for ice cream!
- Double bubble gum, bubbles double.
- An ape hates grape cakes.
- Crisp crusts crackle and crunch.
- Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers.
- Red lorry, yellow lorry, red lorry, yellow lorry.



# How many tongue twisters can you say?

# THIS IS ME

1 Complete and read to the class.

Go back to page 63.	
You want to meet your friends	
a†	
Write the directions	
for your friends.	

2 Answer.

1 How often do you ride your bike?2 Do you always wear your helmet?3 Are there many cycle tracks where you live?4 Do you always remember to stop, look and listen before you cross the road?

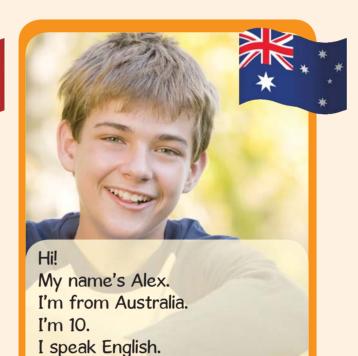


# where are you from?

1 Read.



Hello!
My name's Christine.
I'm from Canada.
I'm 11.
I speak English and French.





	 	• •					 			•	0 (	 		•	 	•				 	•		 				

#### Listen, act and read. (36)





He's my penfriend. He's older than me. he's twelve.



Where does he live? He lives in Australia. Let's read his email.



Molly, look! Your present is in the garden.



No, it isn't. Is it a snake? It's bigger than a snake!





It's the most beautiful present in the world!







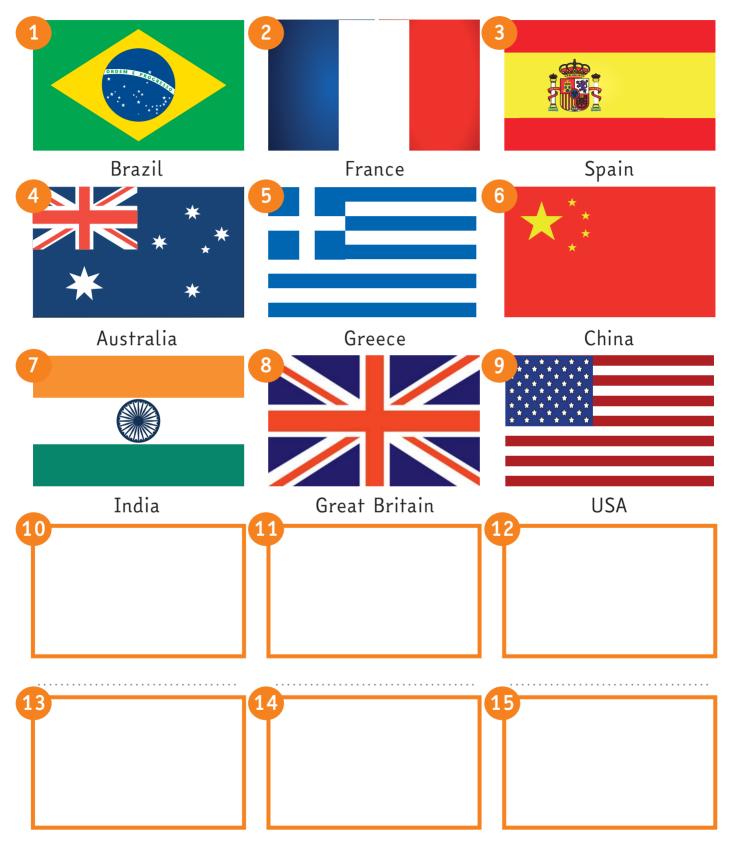
Write the end of the story in your notebook!

Listen and say. Then choose with your friends six more flags.

Draw them and write the names of the countries.







#### 4 Read and act.



# 5 Read and complete.

<ul> <li>The Brazilian flag is number</li> <li>The Chinese flag is number</li> <li>The American flag is number</li> <li>The Australian flag is number</li> <li>The Indian flag is number</li> </ul>
The Greek flag is number
The British flag is number
The Spanish flag is number
The French flag is number
• The flag is number
• The flag is number
• The flag is number
• The flag is number
• The flag is number
• The flag is number

#### Listen and write the names. Sing.





Lisa is fairly young Lisa is tall and slim She is Spanish.

Tom is fairly old Tom is small and fat He's British.

Paul is fairly young Paul is tall and fat He is American.

Mia is fairly old Mia is small and slim She is Brazilian.

Lisa, Tom, Paul, Mia...
They're all very different,
But they are all alike...
We are all very different,
We are all alike...

She is fairly young
She is tall and slim
She comes from Spain.

He is fairly old. He is small and fat He comes from Great Britain.

He is fairly young He is tall and fat He comes from the USA.

She is fairly old She is small and slim She comes from Brazil.



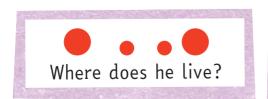
















# Listen and say.





old



older



the oldest



expensive



more expensive



the most expensive

#### Look, say and complete.



Number one is tall.

Number two is

Number three is



Number one is dangerous.

Number two is

Number three is



Number one is old.

Number two is

Number three is

## 10 Listen and act. 42



Tom: Hello, mum. Is there any pizza?

Mum: Hi Tom. Yes, there is some pizza

on the table.

Tom: Can I have some pizza?

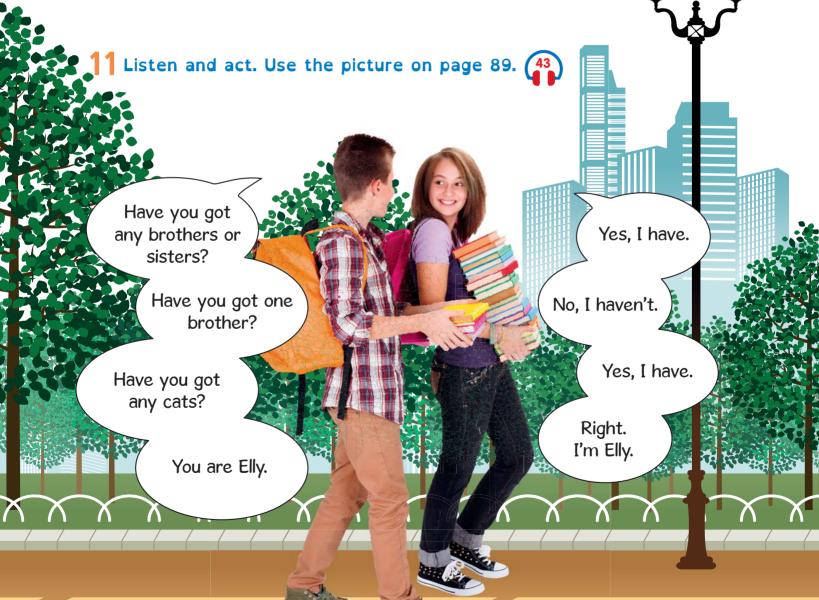
Mum: Yes, you can.

Tom: Mum, I can't see any pizza

on the table.

Mum: Oh, you're right, Tom.

Eat some fruit!















# NOW I CAN

You receive this from a pen friend. Read and answer.

Dear friend, My name's Brian. I live in San Diego, California.

I'm twelve. I live with my mother, my father, my sister and my brother.

My sister's name is Victoria. She's older than me.

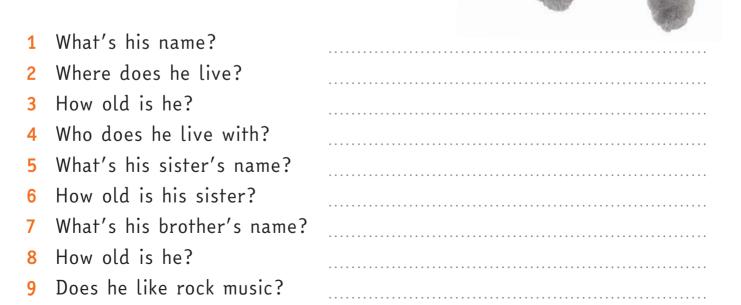
She's fourteen. My brother's name is Trevor. He's younger than me. He's eight.

I like pop music. And you? My favourite pet is a cat. Have you got any pets?

Send me an email soon.

Brian

10 What's his favourite pet?





I'm from I'm ....



I'm from I'm .....



# Social skills

Listen and read. 44



- Every child has rights.
- Every child has the right to protection from the government and from his or her family.
- Every child has the right to a name and a nationality.
- Every child has the right to nutrition, a house, medical services and play time.
- 5 Every mentally or socially disadvantaged child has the right to special education and medical services.
- o Every child has the right to a family.
- Every child has the right to education.
- 8 Every child has the right to protection and relief.

Every child has the right to protection from cruelty.

Children must not work.

10 Every child has the right to protection from discrimination.



# 2 Read the rights again and number the pictures.





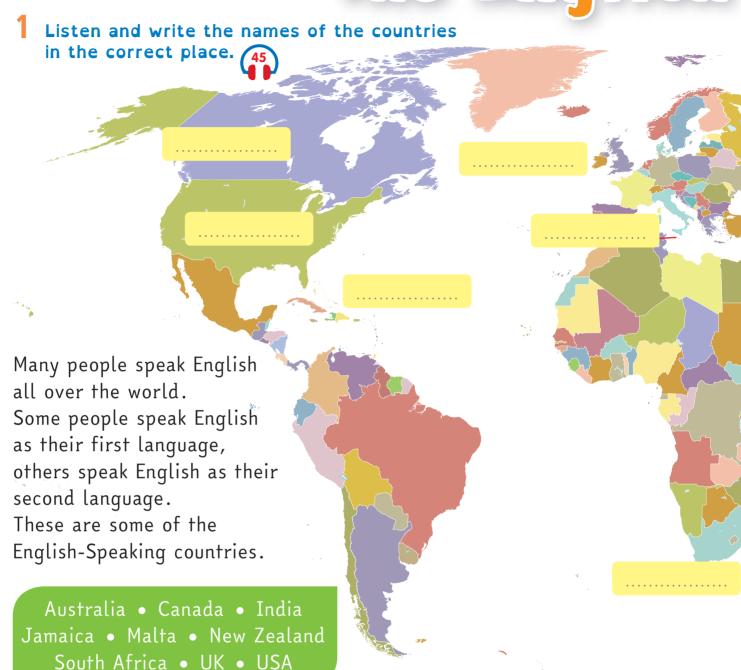








# The English

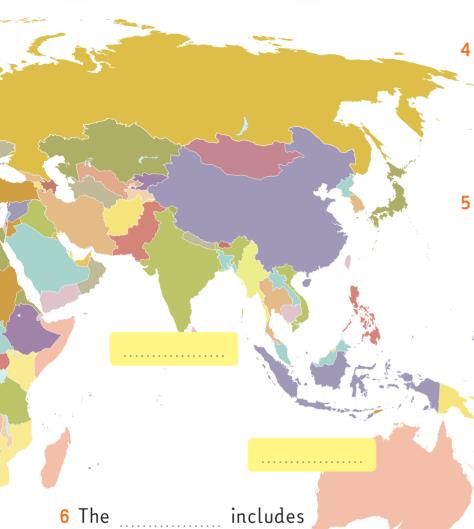


2 Complete. Then listen and check.  $\binom{46}{4}$ 



1 In \_\_\_\_\_ there's the Kruger National Park. Here you can see lions, elephants and lots of wildlife. is an island in the Caribbean Sea. The capital is Kingston. is a country, an island and a continent. The capital is Canberra.

# Speaking World



is a country
in North America. The capital
city is Ottawa. There are two
official languages: English
and French.

is an island in the Mediterranean Sea.
It has two official languages:
Maltese and English.
It is a very popular tourist

destination.

- 6 The includes
  England, Scotland,
  Wales and Northern
  Ireland. The capital is London.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ is a country in South Asia. The capital is New Delhi.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ is in the Pacific Ocean.

  The capital is Wellington. There are two main islands; the North Island and the South Island.
- 9 The capital of the \_\_\_\_\_\_ is Washington D.C. In the USA you can visit Disneyland, Hollywood, the Grand Canyon and lots more!





# THIS IS ME

1 Answer the questions. Read the answers to the class.

What's your name? How old are you? Where do you come from? Where do you live?
Who do you live with? What's your favourite food?
ina. o jest tarosine roba.
What's your favourite sport?
How often do you watch TV?
What's your favourite TV programme?
Do you read a lot?
How often do you play videogames?
What do you want to be when you grow up?

I'm
I'm
I'm from
I live
I live with my
My favourite food is
I also like eating ,
but I don't like
very much.
My favourite sport is
I
My favourite TV programme is
It's on (channel)
It's on (channel) (day /days)

2 Go to page 81 and complete: stick your photo, draw your flag and write about yourself.

# My diary

1 Read.

Hello! My name's Amelia. This is my diary. Have you got one, too?







January 1st is New Year's Day.

Some people make New Year

Resolutions. This year I want to tidy
my room every day! I hope it snows
tomorrow. I love making snowmen.



# **February**





St. Valentine's Day is on

14th February. People send
each other cards, flowers or
chocolates. Remember to send
a card to Peter!



#### March





1st March is St. David's Day.

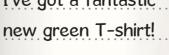
St. David is the patron saint of Wales.

In Ireland 17th March is

St. Patrick's Day.

There are parades and people wear shamrocks or something green.

I've got a fantastic





# **April**



1st April is April Fool's Day.

It's a day of fun and jokes!

23rd April is St. George's Day.

He's the patron saint of England.



# May



May Day bank holiday.

There's no school today!

It's Mother's Day.

Buy some flowers for mum!



#### June





In June we have Sports Day
at school. It's great fun. We go to
the school sports field and there
are skipping, running and jumping
races, tug of war and lots more!
I hope my team wins a race!



# July



In Britain schools often have a

Summer Fête. The children bring or
make things to sell. There are also
games, competitions and displays
of school work. It's a good way to

raise money for the school and for charity. Some popular things to sell are toys, books, plants... There is usually a cake stall where you can buy home-made cakes and biscuits. Yummy!



# August





Hooray! The school summer holidays start. In London there is the Notting Hill Carnival. It's a big street party. People wear beautiful costumes, play Caribbean music and dance in the streets. I love it!



# September





#### Back to school.

I'll see all my friends again!

I like September. It's the start of my favourite season, autumn.

I love the autumn colours!



#### October



Halloween is on 31st October.

It's a time for spooky ghosts and witches!!! Meet friends at 5p.m.
We love playing 'trick or treat?'



#### November



My cousin, Josh, lives in New York in the USA. He celebrates **Thanksgiving** in November. There's a big parade in the city. It's a special day to give thanks for the food we have.

At lunchtime he has turkey and then pumpkin pie. After lunch he usually watches an American football game on TV. In the UK **Guy Fawke's**Night is on 5th November.

### **December**





25th December is **Christmas Day**. We eat turkey and roast potatoes.

Then we have Christmas pudding and we pull crackers.

Olivia is my penfriend. She lives in

Sydney, Australia. She celebrates Christmas day on the beach!

Boxing Day is 26th December.

On the TV there are lots of football and rugby matches. My brother loves watching the sports programmes. But I love playing board games.

1		
ı	Read and tick true or false.	T F
1	St. Valentine's Day is in January.	
2	St. David is the patron saint of Wales.	
3	On St. Patrick's Day people wear the colour purple.	
4	April 2nd is April Fool's Day.	
5	The patron saint of England is St. George.	
6	Mother's Day is in May.	
7	In England the school summer holidays start in June.	
8	The Notting Hill Carnival is an Irish festival.	
9	At Halloween children say 'Trick or treat?'	
10	Thanksgiving is an American celebration.	
11	Christmas Day is on 26th December.	
12	On Boxing Day there are lots of music programmes on TV.	
13	Amelia wants to send a card to Paul for St. Valentine's Day.	
14	Sports Day at school is in June.	
15	Halloween is on 30th October.	
16	Amelia buys some chocolates for her mum on Mother's Day.	
17	Guy Fawke's Night is on 5th November.	
18	During a Summer Fête children sell things.	
19	School starts in October.	
20	Amelia loves making snowmen.	



# **Grammar Zone**

# gli aggettivi qualificativi

#### Regola generale

Gli aggettivi precedono sempre il nome a cui si riferiscono e sono invariabili (mantengono la stessa forma al maschile, al femminile, al singolare e al plurale).

Quando si usano più aggettivi, è necessario metterli in ordine e precisamente:

aggettivi di opinione - silly, beautiful, horrible, difficult...

aggettivi di grandezza - big, small, large, tall...

aggettivi di forma - square, round, flat, rectangular...

aggettivi di età - new, young, old...

aggettivi di colore - blue, pink, red, grey...

aggettivi di nazionalità (si scrivono sempre con la lettera maiuscola) - French,

American, Greek...

aggettivi di materiale - wooden, metal, cotton, paper...



A strong, tall, young, Italian player.
Un giocatore italiano forte, alto e giovane.
A beautiful, long, light blue, silk skirt.
Una gonna bella, lunga, azzurra e di seta.
A delicious, round, chocolate cake.
Una torta di cioccolato deliziosa e rotonda.



#### Regola generale

Il comparativo di minoranza si traduce con: less + aggettivo.

Il secondo termine di paragone è introdotto da than.

Volleyball is less popular than football. La pallavolo è meno popolare del calcio.

The film is less interesting than this book.

Il film è meno interessante di questo libro.





Il comparativo di uguaglianza si traduce con: as + aggettivo + as La forma negativa si traduce con: not as + aggettivo + as

Alex is as tall as Isabel. I'm not as fast as Mary. I'm as strong as you.

Alex è alto come Isabella. Non sono veloce come Mary. Io sono forte come te.

Il comparativo di maggioranza si traduce con: aggettivo + er (se l'aggettivo è corto) more + aggettivo (se l'aggettivo è lungo)

Il secondo termine di paragone è introdotto da than.

Paul is taller than Sandra. Paolo è più alto di Sandra. This bike is more expensive than the racket. Questa bici è più costosa di quella racchetta.



#### Regole di scrittura

Se l'aggettivo termina con una consonante preceduta da una sola vocale, si raddoppia la consonante.

big grande bigger più grande

Se l'aggettivo termina per y preceduta da una consonante, la y diventa i.

easy facile easier più facile

Se l'aggettivo termina per e si aggiunge solo r. nice bello, gentile nicer più bello, più gentile

#### Attenzione!

Alcuni comparativi sono irregolari:

badcattivoworsepeggioregoodbuonobettermigliorefarlontanofarther/furtherpiù lontano



# i pronomi interrogativi

#### Regola generale

I pronomi interrogativi italiani (chi, quale, quali, che cosa) si traducono con:

who chi? Nelle domande che riquardano persone;

which quale? quali? Nelle domande che riguardano persone, animali

o cose, quando la scelta è limitata tra pochi elementi;

what quale? quali? Nelle domande che riquardano persone, animali

o cose, quando la scelta è tra moltissimi elementi.

Who is it?
Who are you?
Which pizza do you prefer?
Which is your brother?
What's your telephone number?
What's your name?

Chi è? Chi sei? Quale pizza prferisci?

Qual è tuo fratello.

Qual è il tuo numero di telefono?

Come ti chiami?

# gli articoli partitivi

#### Regola generale

Gli articoli partitivi italiani (del, dello, della, dei, degli, delle) si traducono sempre con some, nella forma affermativa e con any, nella forma interrogativa e negativa.

I've got some bread. I haven't got any bread. I've got some water. I haven't got any water.

#### Attenzione!

Quando si offre o si chiede qualcosa, si usa sempre some.

Would you like some bread?

Would you like some water?

Can I have some bread?

Can I have some water?

#### i numeri ordinali

#### Regola generale

A eccezione dei primi tre, i numeri ordinali si formano aggiungendo -th al numero cardinale. Particolare attenzione va prestata alla scrittura per esteso dei primi dodici numeri, che si discostano dalla regola generale.

1st	first	primo	3th	thirteenth	tredicesimo
2nd	second	secondo	14th	fourteenth	quattordicesimo
3rd	third	terzo	15th	fifteenth	quindicesimo
4th	fourth	quarto	16th	sixteenth	sedicesimo
5th	fifth	quinto	17th	seventeenth	diciassettesimo
6th	sixth	sesto	18th	eighteenth	diciottesimo
7th	seventh	settimo	19th	nineteenth	diciannovesimo
8th	eighth	ottavo	20th	twentieth	ventesimo
9th	ninth	nono	21st	twenty-first	ventunesimo
10th	tenth	decimo	22nd	twenty-second	ventiduesimo
11th	eleventh	undicesimo	23rd	twenty-third	ventitreesimo
12th	twelfth	dodicesimo	24th	twenty-fourth	ventiquattresimo

#### Altre regole

La y finale dei numeri cardinali diventa -ie nei numeri ordinali.

thirty thirtieth forty

fortieth fifty fiftieth

In ogni decina, a partire dal 20, ai primi tre numeri si aggiunge -st, -nd, -rd. A partire dal quarto numero si aggiunge -th.

L'articolo determinativo the viene pronunciato anche quando non è scritto.

"Queen Elizabeth II" si legge "Queen Elizabeth the second".

### la data

La data si può scrivere in diversi modi, mettendo prima il mese o prima il giorno.

- In inglese si scrive prima il giorno, poi il mese e l'anno:
   12 October 1492
   12th October 1492
   12/10/1492
   the twelfth of October
   fourteen ninety-two
- In americano si scrive prima il mese poi il giorno e l'anno: October 12, 1492 October 12th 1492 10/12/1492 October the twelfth

fourteen ninety-two



### il verbo essere (to be)

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa			
I am I'm	I am not I'm not	Am I?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.			
You are You're	You are not You aren't	Are you?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.			
He/She/It is He′s/She′s/It′s	He/She/It is not He/She/It isn't	Is he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it is.	No, he/she/it isn't.			
We are We're	We are not We aren't	Are we?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.			
You are You're	You are not You aren't	Are you?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.			
They are They're	They are not They aren't	Are they?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.			

# il verbo avere (to have)

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa			
I have got I've got	I have not got I haven't got	Have I got?	Yes, I have.	No, I haven't.			
You have got You've got	You have not got You haven't got	Have you got?	Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.			
He/She/It has got He's/She's/It's got	He/She/It has not got He/She/It hasn't got	Has he/she/it got?	Yes, he/she/it has.	No, he/she/it hasn't.			
We have got We've got	We have not got We haven't got	Have we got?	Yes, we have.	No, we haven't.			
You have got You've got	You have not got You haven't got	Have you got?	Yes, you have.	No, you haven't.			
They have got They've got	They have not got They haven't got	Have they got?	Yes, they have.	No, they haven't.			

Quando have ha significati diversi da possedere nelle forme interrogativa e negativa vuole l'ausiliare do.

Es: Do you have Maths on Tuesdays? Yes, I do.



#### can

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I can	I can't	Can I?	Yes, I can.	No, I can't.
You can	You can't	Can you?	Yes, you can.	No, you can't.
He/She/It can	He/She/It can't	Can he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it can.	No, he/she/it can't.
We can	We can't	Can we?	Yes, we can.	No, we can't.
You can	You can't	Can you?	Yes, you can.	No, you can't.
They can	They can't	Can they?	Yes, they can.	No, they can't.

### il presente semplice (present simple)

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I play	I don't play	Do I play?	Yes, I do.	No, I don't.
You play	You don't play	Do you play?	Yes, you do.	No, you don't.
He/She/It plays	He/She/It doesn't play	Does he/she/it play?	Yes, he/she/it does.	No, he/she/it doesn't.
We play	We don't play	Do we play?	Yes, we do.	No, we don't.
You play	You don't play	Do you play?	Yes, you do.	No, you don't.
They play	They don't play	Do they play?	Yes, they do.	No, they don't.

#### Le due forme di presente

In Inglese esistono però due forme di presente: il presente semplice e il presente progressivo o forma in -ing.

Il presente semplice si usa per esprimere azioni abituali, di routine, per affermazioni di tipo generale o per esprimere fatti che sono sempre veri. Traduce l'espressione italiana: gioco, leggo, studio ecc. Il presente semplice è spesso accompagnato da avverbi di frequenza:

always every day
usually every week
often every month
sometimes every year



### il presente progressivo (-ing)

Il presente progressivo o forma in -ing si usa per esprimere azioni che avvengono nello stesso momento in cui se ne parla.

Traduce l'espressione italiana: sto giocando, sto leggendo, sto studiando, la forma in -ing è spesso accompagnata da espressioni come

today now at the moment

ll presente progressivo si costruisce con

il verbo essere + la forma in -inq del verbo principale.

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposta breve affermativa	Risposta breve negativa
I'm playing	I'm not playing	Am I playing?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.
You're playing	You aren't playing	Are you playing?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
He's/She's/It's playing	He/She/It isn't playing	Is he/she/it playing?	Yes, he/she/it is.	No, he/she/it isn't.
We're playing	We aren't playing	Are we playing?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
You're playing	You aren't playing	Are you playing?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
They're playing	They aren't playing	Are they playing?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.

#### Regole di scrittura

```
Se c'è più di una consonante si aggiunge direttamente -ing:
think + ing = thinking pensando;
se c'è più di una vocale, si aggiunge direttamente -ing:
read + ing = reading leggendo;
se c'è una vocale e una consonante, la consonante si raddoppia e
si aggiunge -ing:
hit + t + ing = hitting colpendo;
se ci sono una o più consonanti e la lettera e, si rimuove la e e si aggiunge
-ing:
take + ing = taking prendendo;
in quasi tutti gli altri casi si aggiunge direttamente -ing:
study + ing = studying studiando
see + ing = seeing vedendo.
```



### l'imperativo

#### Regola generale

La forma affermativa dell'imperativo è la forma base del verbo ovvero l'infinito senza il to.

```
to run = correre

to go = andare

Run! = corri / correte

Go! = vai /andate
```

La forma negativa dell'imperativo si costruisce con

Don't + forma base del verbo

Don't shout = non gridare / non gridate

Don't go that way = non andare / non andate da quella parte

Don't turn right = qira / qirate a destra

#### Altre regole

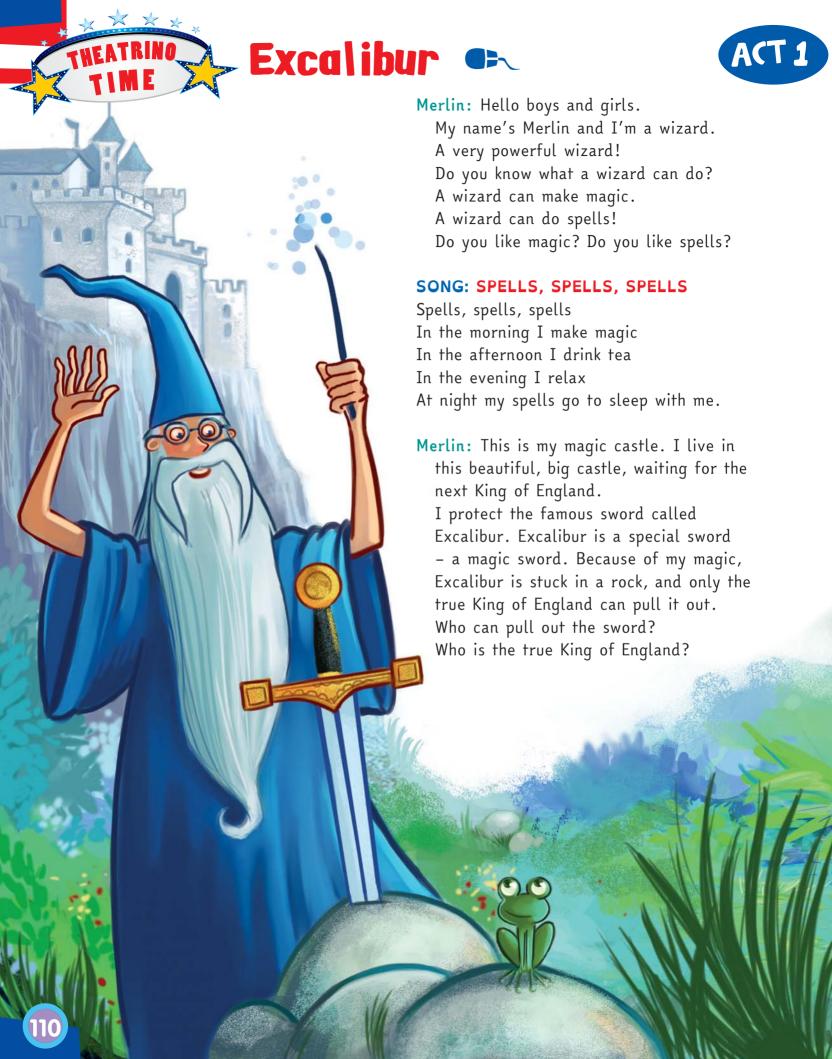
L'imperativo alla prima persona plurale si usa per proporre qualcosa e si costruisce con

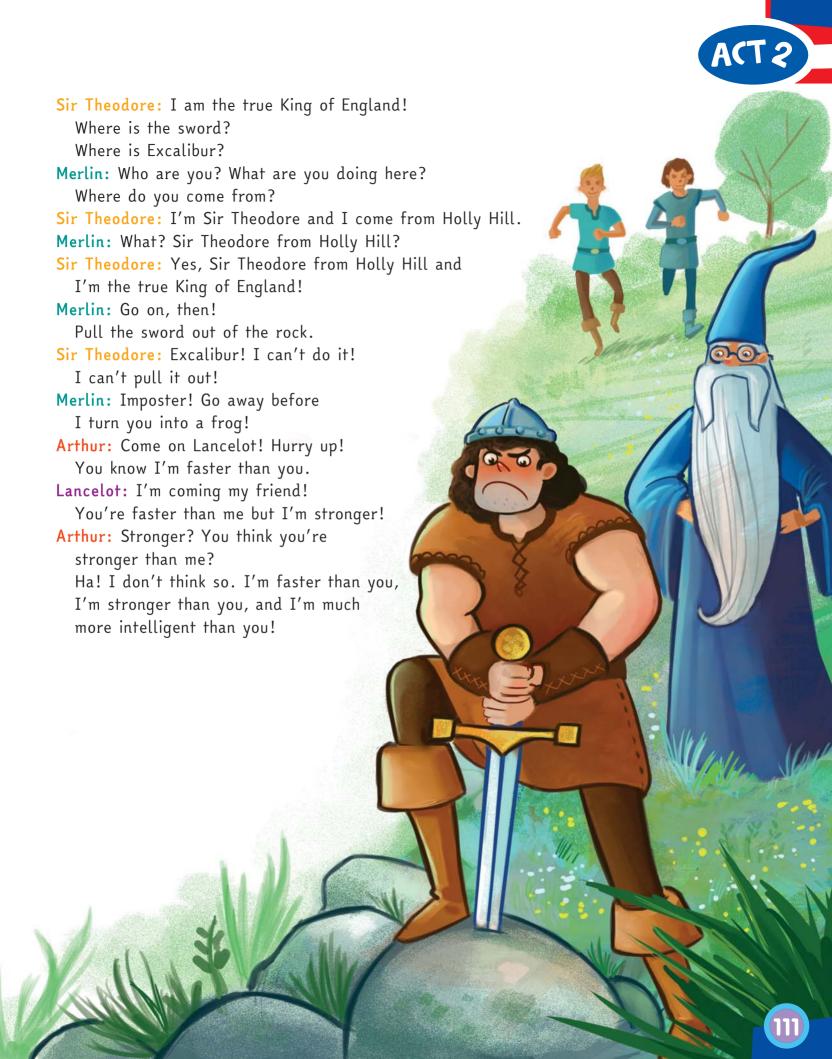
```
Let's play football! = Giochiamo a calcio!
Let's have a break! = Facciamo una pausa!
Let's go to the park = Andiamo al parco!
```

#### must

Il verbo must significa dovere e segue le stesse regole di can. You must do physical activity = Devi fare attività fisica.

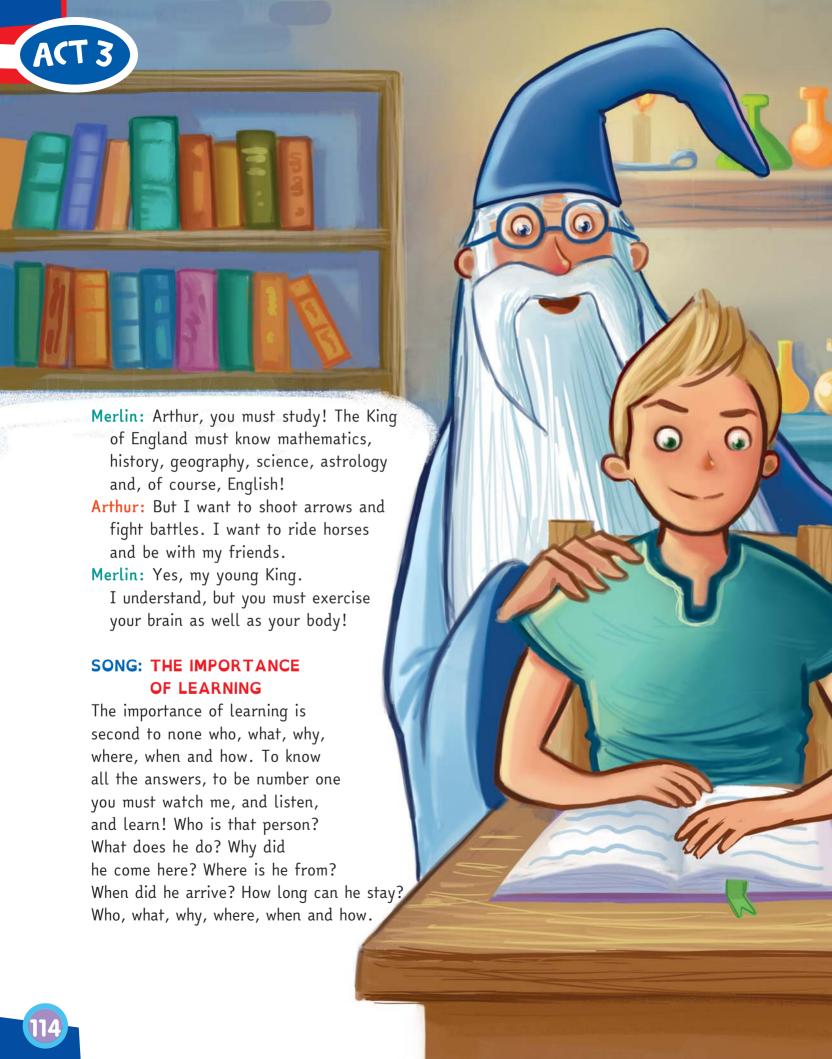


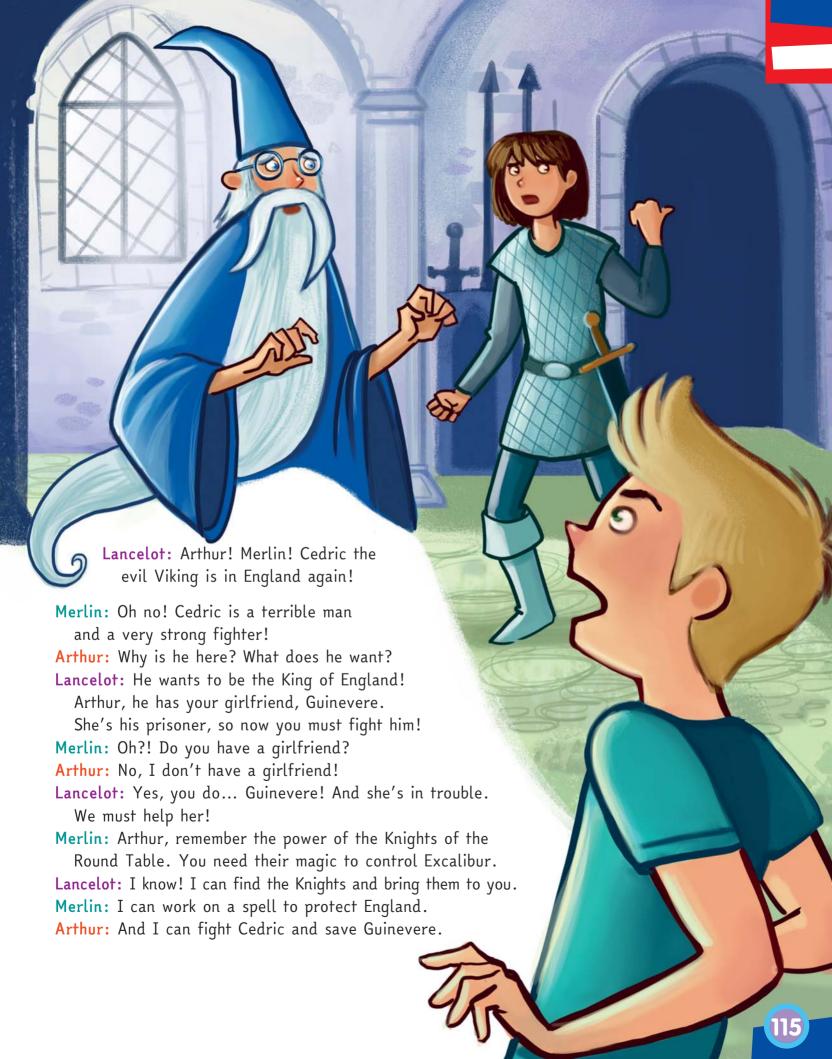


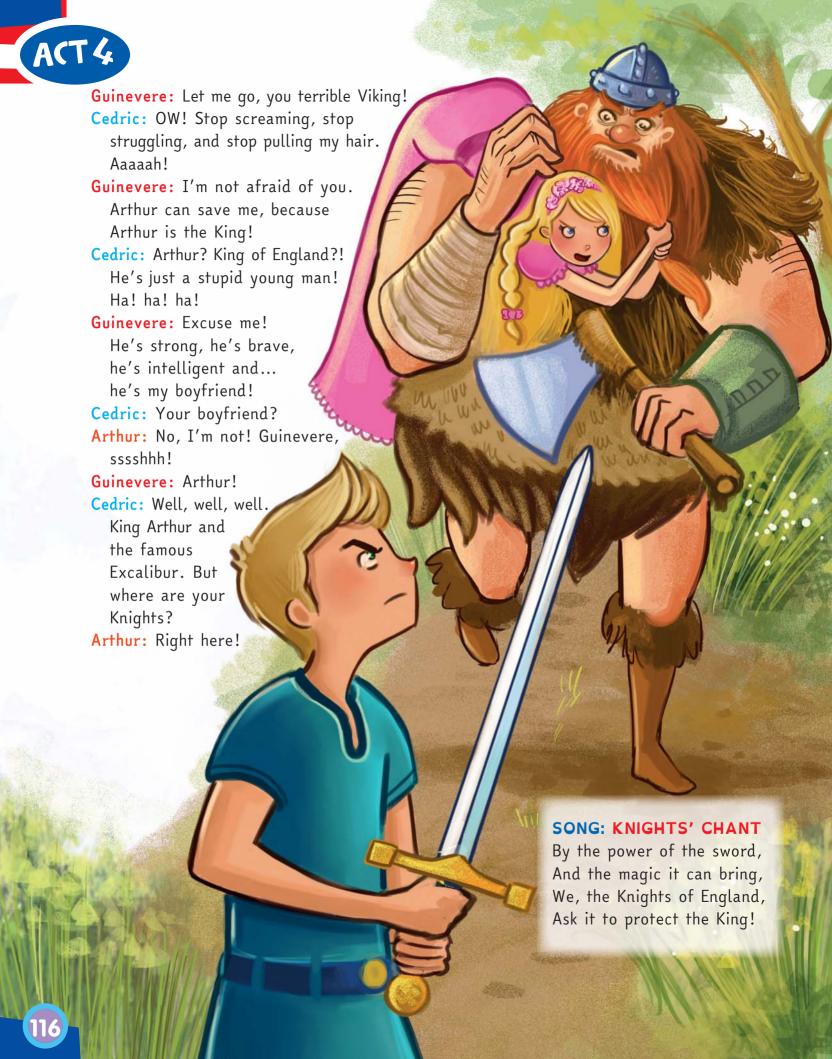
















### What time is it?

beans: fagioli
cup: tazza, ciotola

do my homework: fare i compiti

falls: cascate

finish school: finire la scuola

qet up: alzarsi

ghostbuster: acchiappafantasmi
go to bed: andare a letto
go to school: andare a scuola
have breakfast: fare colazione

have dinner: cenare have lunch: pranzare hurray: evviva

It's twelve o'clock: sono le dodici It's five past one: è l'una e cinque

It's five to eleven: sono le undici meno cinque

It's half past six: sono le sei e mezza

It's a quarter past three: sono le tre e un quarto It's a quarter to nine: sono le nove meno un quarto

let's hurry up: su, facciamo in fretta

mechanic: meccanico musician: musicista notebook: quaderno

plate: piatto
pools: piscine
rides: giri/corse
scream: gridare
serving: porzione
setting: scenario

shop assistant: commesso/a di un negozio

slides: scivoli
spend: trascorrere
student: studente
teacher: insegnante
team: squadra
together: insieme

until I go to bed: fino a che non vado a letto
watch television: quardare la televisione

What's the time?/What time is it?: Che ore sono?

### My favourite TV programmes

always: sempre
amusing: divertente

be a drip: essere uno sciocco

bench: panchina
bin: cestino
boring: noioso

buckets of water: secchi d'acqua

carefully: attentamente
cartoons: cartoni animati
channel: canale (tv)
cry: piangere

detective films: film gialli diq wells: scavare pozzi

drop: qoccia

fetch water: prendere l'acqua
interesting: interessante
it doesn't work: non funziona

It starts: inizia

laugh: ridere
moving: commovente

music programmes: programmi musicali
nature programmes: documentari sulla natura

never: mai
often: spesso

quiz shows: giochi a quiz

record: registrare

romantic films: film romantici

science-fiction films: film di fantascienza

sleep: dormire

sometimes: qualche volta

sports programmes: programmi sportivi

take home: portare a casa
take notes: prendere appunti
the news: il telegiornale
tin: barattolo di metallo

What do you think about ...: che cosa ne pensi di...





### 3

### When I grow up

alone: da solo
armpits: ascelle

at a time: in una volta sola

bat: bastone, mazza

bed tester: collaudatore di letti

best: migliore

computer technician: tecnico informatico

corner flags: bandierine

dentist: dentista
doctor: dottore

don't be afraid: non aver paura

field: campo

gardener: giardiniere goalkeeper: portiere hairdresser: parrucchiera

handle: manopola
hip pads: para anche
hoops: porte del croquet
I like to help: mi piace aiutare
I love combing: mi piace pettinare
I want to be: io voglio diventare
I'm taking photos: sto fotografando

inside: all'interno

journalist: giornalista

kick: calciare

knee pads: ginocchiere
Let's try it: proviamola

mallets: mazze
meet: incontrare

*net:* rete

nurse: infermiere/a
outside: all'esterno
painful: doloroso

pegs: pioli
rope: corda

shoulder pads: paraspalle

side by side: uno di fianco all'altro

travel: viaggiare
vet: veterinario

water slide tester: collaudatore di scivoli acquatici What do you want to be?: che cosa vuoi diventare?

What's the matter?: qual è il problema? When I grow up: quando sarò grande

Which bike?: quale bici? worth 6 points: vale 6 punti



#### In town

bell: campanello
between: tra

bus stop: fermata dell'autobus

church: chiesa

cross the road: attraversare la strada

cycles only: pista ciclabile

down there: laggiù

give way: dare la precedenza greengrocer's: fruttivendolo

helmet: casco
high: alto

I want to show you: voglio mostrarvi

length: lunghezza
view: vista, paesaggio
library: biblioteca
lucky: fortunato
near: vicino

next to: di fianco a

observation wheel: ruota panoramica

on the left: sulla sinistra
on the right: sulla destra
opposite: di fronte a

pedestrian precinct: area pedonale

post office: ufficio postale

rack: portapacchi

rear light: fanalino posteriore

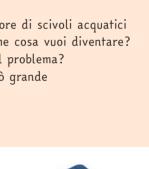
station: stazione statue: statua straight on: diritto swimming pool: piscina the highest: il più alto

trip: viaggio

tug of war: tiro alla fune turn left: girare a sinistra turn right: girare a destra

twice a weak: due volte alla settimana

we meet: ci incontriamo





### 5 Where are you from?

alike: uguali

bigger than: più grande di

countries: stati

cruelty: violenza, crudeltà

disadvantaged child: bambino con handicap

discrimination: discriminazione

fairly: abbastanza
he lives: abita

I'm from Australia: vengo dall'Australia

island: isola

it is going back: sta tornando indietro must not work: non devono lavorare

of the world: del mondo

parcel: pacchetto

people don't need: la gente non ha bisogno

present: regalo
relief: sollievo
rights: diritti
silly: sciocco

the most beautiful: il più bello

unusual: insolite

What a pity!: Che peccato!

Where are you from?: Da dove vieni? you can't find: non puoi trovare



### My diary

a good way: un buon modo

beach: spiaggia

cake stall: chiostro di dolci

charity: carità
fun: divertimento
goblins: folletti

home-made: fatti in casa

I'm going to tidy: ho intenzione di riordinare

jokes: scherzi

pumpkin pie: torta di zucca

race: qara

resolutions: propositi

shamrocks: trifogli

team: squadra

the children bring: i bambini portano to give thanks: per ringraziare to raise: per raccogliere to sell: da vendere




## What time is it? Unit







#### Read and match. Write the words.





It's five to ten.





It's a quarter to four.



В



It's ten past seven.



 $\frac{\mathsf{C}}{\mathsf{A}} \frac{\mathsf{A}}{\mathsf{B}} \frac{\mathsf{R}}{\mathsf{B}}$ 

C



It's twenty to five.

N



S



It's half past ten.

N



#### What time is it?

### **2** Write the sentences in order.

- 1 At half past twelve I have lunch at school.
- 2 I go to bed at a quarter to ten.
- 3 I have breakfast at half past seven.
- 4 At eight o'clock I go to school.
- 5 At a quarter past seven I have dinner.
- 6 I go home and I do my homework.
- 7 I don't watch television in the evening.
- 8 I get up at seven o'clock.
- 9 Hello, my name is Bob.
- 10 I finish school at three o'clock.







### **3** Complete the short answers.

- 1 Do you have breakfast at 8:00? Yes,
- 2 Does Sue go to school at 10:30?
  No,
- 3 Do they have lunch at 12:00?
  Yes,
- 4 Do we do our homework?
  Yes,
- 5 Does Mark have dinner at 9:10? No,
- 6 Do you get up at 6:00?
  No,

#### 4 Choose the correct verb.

- 1 I get/gets up at a quarter past seven.
- 2 Susan have/has breakfast at eight o'clock.
- 3 Do we goes/go to school at half past eight?
- 4 Mark and Tom have/has lunch at midday.
- 5 Paul finish/finishes school at a quarter to four.
- 6 Do/Does you do your homework?
- 7 They has/have dinner at ten to eight.
- 8 Ann doesn't/don't go to bed at eleven o'clock.





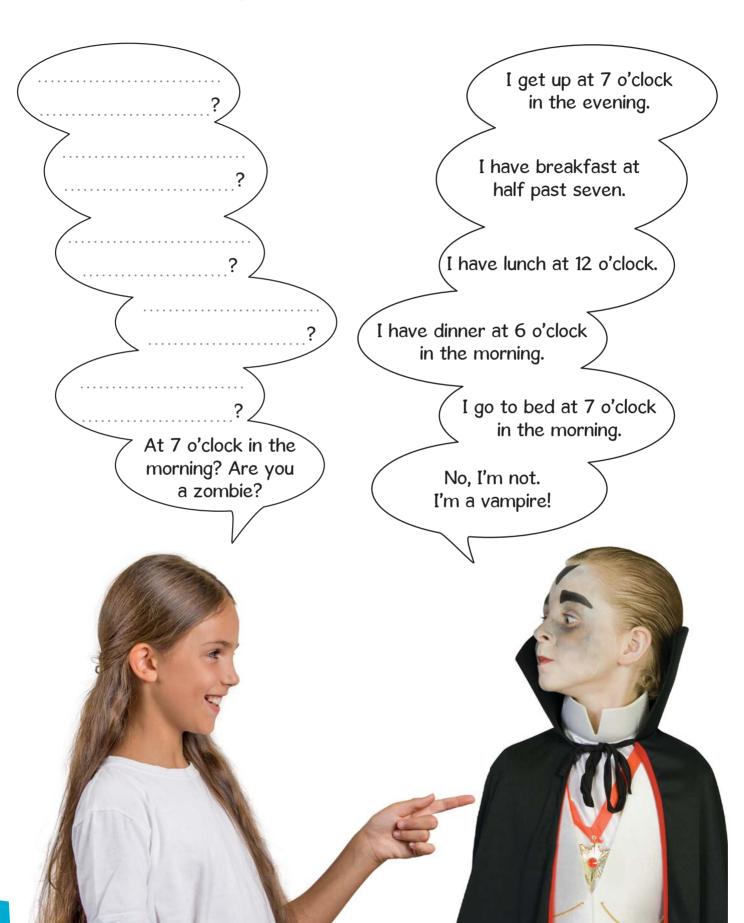
### 5 Write the negative form.

- 1 I get up.
- **2** Jenny goes to school.
- **3** Tom and Kevin go home.

- 4 Kevin does his homework.
- 5 You go to bed.
- 6 We have lunch at school.

.....

6 Complete the dialogue.



# My favourite TV programmes

### 1 Match and write.

slee	ding	sleeping
cry	ping	
laug	hing	
rea	ing notes	
recor	ding	
tak	ing	

### 2 Now write.







2 .....



3



4 .....



5 .....



6 .....

### My favourite TV programmes

### 3 Read and complete. Use detective films/science-fiction films.





### 4 Tell a friend about Tom and Rebecca.

Tom	Rebecca

### My favourite TV programmes

J	Complete the short answers.				
1	Are you crying? No,	5	Does she like the news? Yes,		
2	Do you like watching TV? Yes,	6	Can he watch TV in the evening No,		
3	Are cartoons amusing? Yes,	7	Do they like love stories? No,		
4	Are sports programmes moving? No,	8	Is he sleeping? Yes,		
6	Write the interrogative form.				
1	She is dancing.	4	The news is interesting.		
2	He can sing.	5	She gets up at 7 o'clock.		
3	They love playing football.	6	They are crying.		
7	Write. Put the words in order.				
1	usually/to/at/go/I/school/o'clock/eight				
2	film/watching/Susan/is/a detective/now				
3	Saturday/often/on/watch/quiz/programmes/They				
4	My/are/TV/watching/parents/tonight				
5	I'm/film/laughing/because/amusing/the/is				



### My favourite TV programmes

### 8 What kind of programmes are they?

1 Sherlock Holmes is a

2 The big quiz! is a

3 Aliens is a

4 The One Direction concert is a

5 Tigers and lions is a

6 London Today is a

7 Romeo and Juliet is a

8 Tennis champions is a

9 Monsters & Co. is a

#### 9 Look and answer.

1 When can you see Aliens?

2 What time does it start?

**3** What time does it finish?

What time does it thisii.

4 When can you see Tigers and lions?

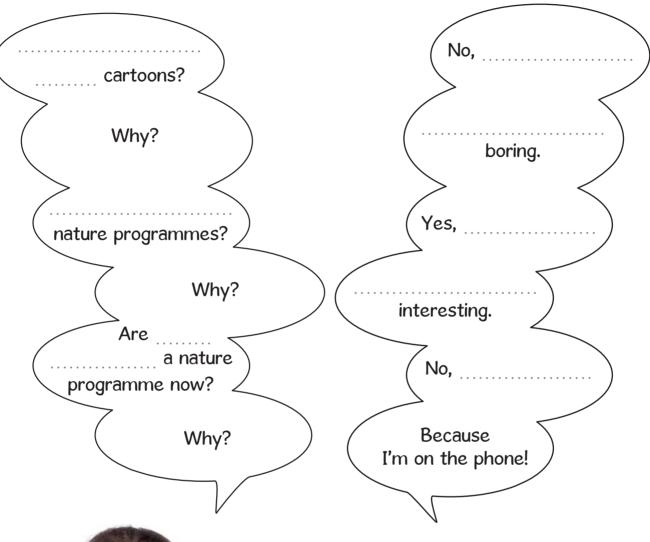
**5** What time does it start?

6 What time does it finish?

.....



### 10 Complete the dialogue.









# When I grow up



2 Read and complete.



I love animals.
I've got a horse and two dogs.
When I grow up,
I want to be a vet.

1	Giselle loves	
	She	
	When she	

2 Adam

He .....

When he



I love eating! I like reading cooking books. When I grow up, I want to be a chef.

I love th	e news.
I like writing	and using the
computer. Wh	nen I grow up,
I want to be	a journalist.



3	Madison
	She
	When she

### When I grow up

3	Write the interrogative form.		
1	You want to be a doctor.	5	They want to be dancers.
2	Susan wants to be a chef.	6	She likes animals.
3	He is a mechanic.	7	They are teachers.
4	3	8	He can sing.
4	Complete the short answers.		
1	Does he work outside? Yes,	4	Has Sue got animals? Yes,
2	Can she work alone?	5	Do they want to be mechanics? No,
3	Are they nurses? No,	6	Does he work at night? Yes,
5	Write. Put the words in order.		
1	want/an/to/be/explorer./I		
2	to/What/you/do/want/be?	• • • •	
3	be/wants/Sue/to/teacher./a		
4	to/want/does/Eddy/What/be?		
5	be/He/cook./to/a/wants		
6	you/Do/be/want/vet?/to/a	• • • •	

### 6 Read and answer.













1 Read and guess.

Here you can send letters.
It's the

Here you can see trains.
It's the

Here you can wait for the bus.
It's the

Here there are a lot of books. You can read and study.
It's the

















You can meet your friends and play.
It's the

Here you can buy fruit and vegetables. It's the

You can sing and pray. It's the

Here you can
swim in summer or
winter.
It's the

### In town

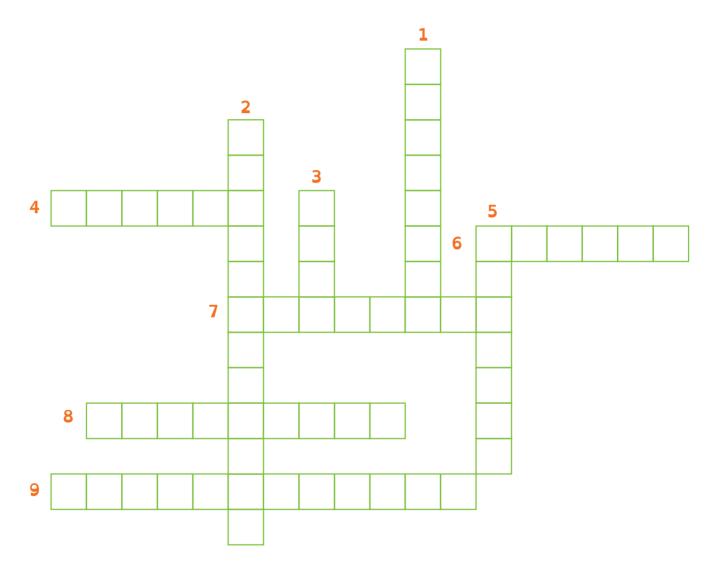
### 2 Do the crossword.













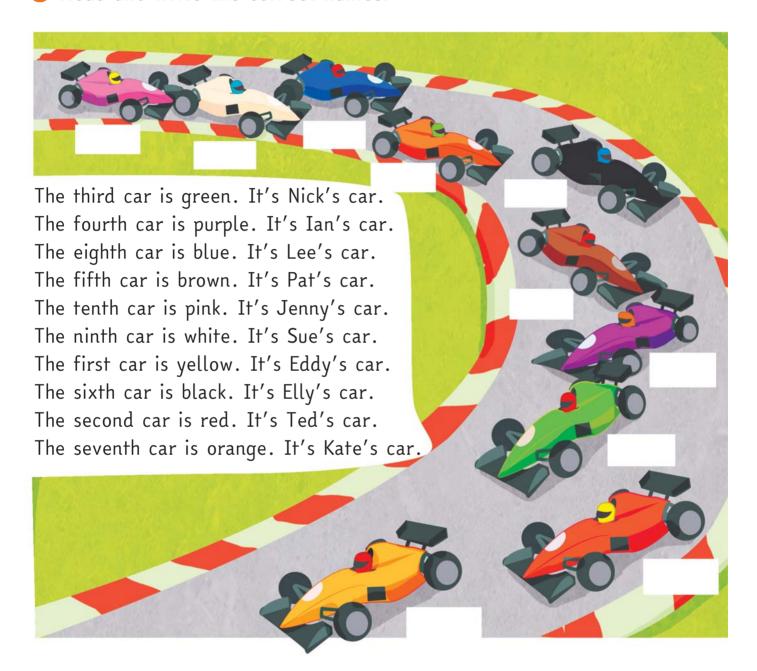








### 3 Read and write the correct names.



#### 4 Read and write the numbers.

24 <sup>th</sup>	 42 <sup>nd</sup>	
31 <sup>s†</sup>	 $92^{\text{nd}}$	
75 <sup>th</sup>	 $68^{\text{th}}$	
83 <sup>rd</sup>	 $13^{\text{th}}$	

5 Complete the dialogue in a clothes shop.

Excuse me madam,

And

the greengrocer's?

And

Jenny's house?

And

the swimming pool?

Excellent!

And ....

the supermarket?

Behind me?

The supermarket? Oh, it's

the greengrocer's.

It's

Jenny's house.

It's

the swimming pool.

It's ....

the supermarket.

It's behind you!

Yes, it is! Look!







Find and write eight words. Then complete the question. W Ν from? S Ν Н R Α G Μ Ν Y Ε Α G R Ε Ε C Ε R C Н Ν Ε Ε Z S R Н В Т Germany

#### 2 Read and tick true or false.

Hi, my name's Kyomi.

My sister Yoshico and I are Japanese, but we live in the USA.

My sister is ten years old and I'm twelve.

I have also two brothers, but they are younger. They are three and five.

- 1 Yoshico is Kyomi's sister.
- 2 Kyomi is Chinese.
- 3 Yoshico is twelve years old.
- 4 They have two younger brothers.

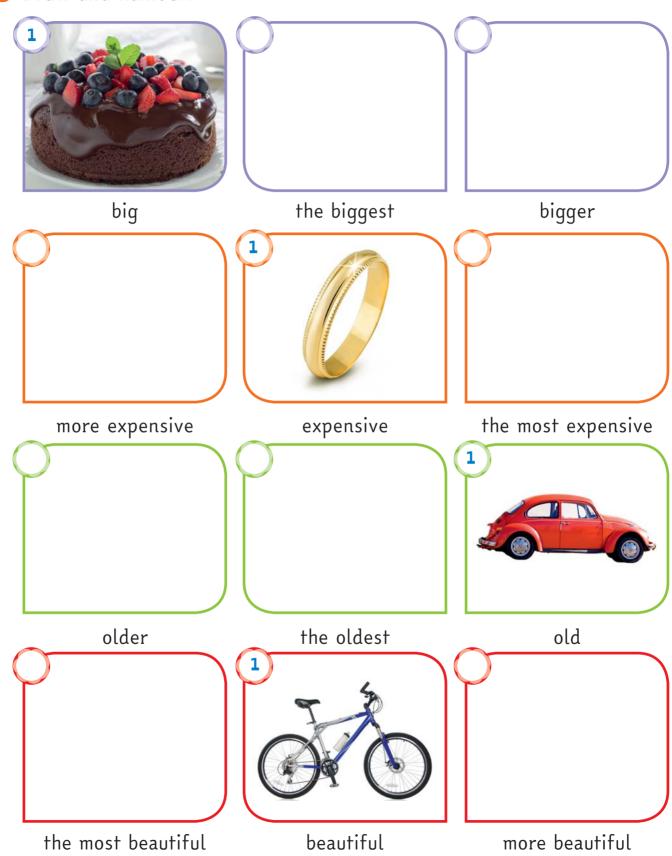
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J	
1	_
ı	

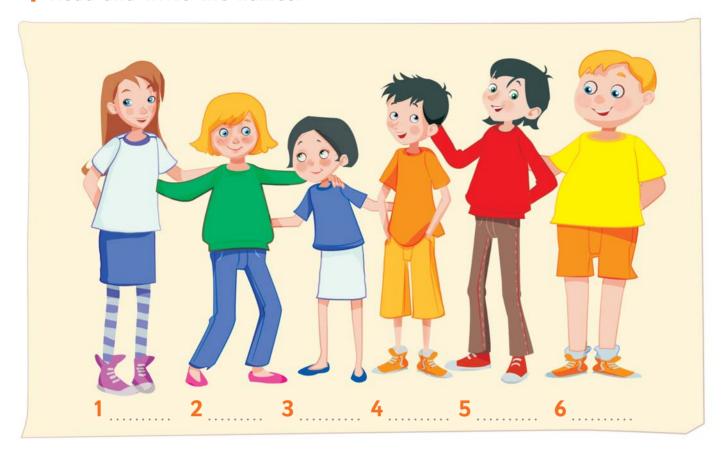


### Where are you from?

#### 3 Draw and number.



#### 4 Read and write the names.



He's wearing orange shorts and a yellow T-shirt; he's got short blond hair and he's the fattest boy: his name is David.

She's wearing a blue skirt and a white T-shirt; she's got long brown hair and she's the tallest girl: her name is Tina.

He's wearing brown trousers and a red jumper; he's got long black hair and he's thinner than Jimmy; his name is Miguel.

She's wearing a pair of jeans and a green jumper; she's taller than Angelina, but shorter than Tina: her name is Jessy.

He's wearing yellow shorts and an orange T-shirt; he's got short black hair and he's fatter than Miguel; his name is Jimmy.

She's wearing a white skirt and a blue T-shirt; she's got short black hair and she's the shortest girl: her name is Angelina.

## Where are you from?

J	Read and complete.		
1	I come from France.	4	My father comes from China.
	I'm		He's
2	Janet comes from the U.S.A.	5	Where are you from? India?
	She's		You are
3	Susan and Harrison come from	6	We are from Spain.
	England. They are		We are
6	Read and complete.		
1	Herman and Michael are German.	4	My grandfather is Brazilian.
	They are from		
2	Hideyoshi is Japanese.	5	Your aunt is Greek.
	He is from		
3	Elisa is Italian.	6	Kylie and Craig are Australian.
	She		
7	Write the questions.		
1	?	M	y name is Andrew.
2	?	ľ	m from Scotland.
3	?	Ye	es, I speak English.
4	?	ľ	m thirteen.
5	?	Ι	live in Edinburgh.
6	?	Ye	es, I've got two sisters.
7	?	M	y favourite food is fish and chips.

8 Complete
------------

- 1 tall/taller/the tallest
- 2 expensive/more expensive/the most expensive
- **3** big/\_\_\_\_\_/
- 4 interesting/
- 5 dangerous/
- 6 old/\_\_\_\_/



### 9 Complete. Use some/any.

- 1 Is there \_\_\_\_\_ bread in the cupboard?
- 2 There is fruit on the table.
- **3** Is there \_\_\_\_\_ fruit in the fridge?
- 4 Can I have pizza?
- **5** There are bottles of water.
- 6 There aren't \_\_\_\_ caps in your bag.



### 10 Write the negative form.

- 1 There is some fruit on the table.
- 2 Lilly has got some money.
- 3 There are two apples in my bag.
- 4 There is a book on the table.
- 5 There is some bread in the cupboard.
- 6 Jack can buy some fruit.



### Where are you from?

## 11 Read and complete.

Dear Penfriend,	
myis Deshan.	
I'm thirteen years and I live	e in a village
in India, Powhatan.	
My village small, but I like i	t much.
I live with father,	
my mother and my three brothers.	
My favourite is cricket.	
When I grow up I	
a cricketer.	
What's your sport?	
Write to me.	
Desha	an

### 12 Tell a friend about Deshan.

His n	.ame's	 		
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13 Write a letter to Deshan.